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Berlin-Moscow Clash In Balkans

Nazi Intrigues Fail: Soviet Blocks Path

BRITISH SUPPORT TO BULGARIAN DEMAND

Hitler Plan To Secure Hungary's Claim In Rumania

ROME, July 26.

M. FILOFF, the Bulgarian Premier, and M. M. Povoof, Foreign Minister, left Sofia by air for Salzburg.

BRITAIN SUPPORTS

BULGARIAN CLAIM

Competent Bulgarian circles state that Bulgaria has been informed through diplomatic channels that Britain would view favourably an amicable settlement of the Bulgarian claims to Southern Dobruja, says a Sofia message.

It is added that this does not represent a change of principle on Britain's part.

The same authority says that the expression of the British attitude has become possible only after the marked swing of the Rumanian Government towards the Axis and the rejection of the British guarantees.

'HIT-LIN' CLASH IN THE BALKANS

While the German Legation in Ankara was assuring enquirers that Herr von Papen had gone to Berlin merely to report to Herr Hitler and would be back in Ankara in a few days, political circles in Ankara are speculating with interest concerning what Herr von Papen will tell the Fuehrer to-day.

Despite intensive intrigue and propaganda the German political position in the Balkans appears to be increasingly precarious and the fact that yesterday's signature of the German-Turkish Trade Treaty was unobtrusively carried out by subordinate officials instead of being solemnly signed days ago by Herr von Papen and M. Sarajoglu respectively as the Germans had planned, is another significant sign.

One of the primary factors in German difficulties is the rivalry between Germany and Russia in the Balkans. Interests of the Soviet appear to clash with those of the Nazis at almost every point, both strategically and economically.

In recent months the Russians, according to foreign diplomats here, have greatly extended their influence both in Rumania and Yugoslavia and are now hoping that Bulgaria will serve as an effective barrier to prevent a German thrust to the Black Sea. It (Continued on Page 4, Col. 6.)

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

SIMLA, July 26.

A further open general licence under the Import Trade Control is announced under which general permission is given for the importation from any country, until further notice goods, which 'inter alia' are bona fide samples or advertising matter supplied free of charge, (2) are supplied free of charge in replacement of goods previously imported which have been found to be defective or otherwise unfit for use, (3) are exempt from duty on importation by or on behalf of Consular Officers.

The open general licence, under the Import Trade Control giving general permission for the import of cotton raw from Egypt

NAZI LIE COMMUNIQUE

EVIDENCE OF THE HEAVY LOSSES INFLECTED IN GERMANY BY THE R. A. F. IS GIVEN IN A SWEDISH NEWSPAPER BY A SWEDISH SAILOR WHO ARRIVED IN SWEDEN FROM A BALTIC PORT OF GERMANY.

The sailor says: "Air-raid alarms have been quite common in the port for the last three weeks. German War Communiques lie when they declare that the British bombs do little damage. I don't know whether the Germans score any hits in England, but I saw myself that British bombers do not lag behind in dive bombing. They know their job."

"In one Baltic port a British bomber came so swiftly that no air-raid alarm could be given. The plane repeatedly dived and released bombs, and scored many direct hits one after the other. The plane destroyed many aircraft on the ground and next morning he saw an aircraft factory in ruins."

Another Swedish newspaper reports from Berlin that most part of the population of Western Germany has been spending the nights for the last three weeks in air-raid shelters.

U. S. Blow To Japan And The Axis

CHUNGKING, July 26.

Chinese circles hail the news about licensing petrol and scrap iron as not only a serious blow to Japan's operations in China, but also as a sign that the United States is taking a more positive stand in the Far East.

REACTION IN JAPAN

TOKIO, July 26.

President Roosevelt's action adding petroleum and scrap metal to the list of licensable commodities was described by a Japanese Foreign Office spokesman as "a very important matter which will cause great reaction in Japan."

Official Japanese circles declare that as the American Law in question was enacted for the purpose of conserving war materials in the United States it is incomprehensible that oil and scrap iron which are abundant in the United States should be included in the list.—Reuter.

BLOW TO AXIS AND JAPAN

A Washington message says:—President Roosevelt has added petroleum and petroleum products, scrap iron and other scrap metal to the commodities for which special licences may be required.

The President's Secretary said that the action does not mean an embargo being placed on these products, but the authority is being provided to control shipments from the United States.

The press, however, accepts the proclamation as tantamount to an embargo except where the destination might be specifically approved by the Government.

Hitherto there has been no official comment on the extension of the export licence system, but it has caused no surprise here unless it is that the action had been so long postponed.

President Roosevelt was expected to put oil and scrap-metal on the list as soon as the Export Licensing Bill became law. Today's extension definitely works against Italy, Germany and Japan.

It is regarded here as significant that oil shipments to Spain were stopped just after the announcement that the British blockade was likely to operate there and while the Japanese are continuing to be "tough" in Shanghai.—Reuter.

and Anglo-Egyptian Sudan is now cancelled. This cancellation will take effect from shipments made on or after September.—A. P.

AVENOL QUILTS LEAGUE

LONDON, July 26.

It is learned that M. Joseph Avenol has notified the British Government of his intention to resign the post of Secretary-General of the League of Nations.—Reuter.

NAZI TORPEDO; BOATS BEAT RE- TREAT AT APPEARANCE OF BRITISH NAVAL FORCES

LONDON, July 26.

An Admiralty 'communique' states that the German 'communique' claiming to have sunk eleven ships totalling 43,000 tons and severely damaged a further 12,000 tons of shipping in an air attack on a convoy yesterday in the English Channel is grossly exaggerated.

The facts are that a convoy consisting of 21 small coastal vessels escorted by trawlers was heavily attacked by successive waves, each of about 30 German aircraft. Five small vessels were sunk with a total tonnage of 5104. Further, five small vessels totalling 5,133 tons were damaged and one of these—a 554 ton coaster—had to be beached.

Shortly after these air attacks, nine enemy motor torpedo-boats were sighted proceeding to attack the convoy. Two of our destroyers and two motor torpedo-boats at once proceeded to intercept and engage the enemy forces.

The enemy motor torpedo-boats retired behind a smoke screen immediately on sighting our forces. They were chased and engaged for about fifteen minutes.

The damage inflicted on enemy was not observed owing to the smoke.

While returning from this chase our destroyers were twice heavily attacked by German dive bombers. Both ships sustained some damage and in one, H. M. S. "Boreas" (Lt. Commander N. W. Tomkinson), there were casualties.

It was during the air fighting consequent upon enemy attacks on the convoy and on our destroyers that a large proportion of the enemy aircraft already announced by the Air Ministry as destroyed yesterday, was shot down.

TRAWLER LOST

The 'communique' announces that the trawler "Fleming" was lost in action between two of our trawlers and four German dive bombers.

The trawlers "Fleming" and "Berberis" were in company when German aircraft appeared, two attacking each trawler. The

"Fleming" sustained a hit amid-ship and sank.

The "Berberis" opened hot and accurate fire with anti-aircraft gun. One of her first shells scored a direct hit on one German bomber.

It is thought that the shell must have hit the German bomb racks; hence the aircraft flew in pieces midair and the only wreckage picked up was the aircraft's rubber-boat and a few fragments of wood. There was no sign of the crew.

Another shell from the "Berberis" severely damaged another German aircraft and it is considered unlikely that it was able to regain its base.

The trawler "Corena" was in the vicinity and picked up the survivors of the "Fleming."

There were no casualties in the other two trawlers.

(Report of Furious Air Battle On Page 7)

LABOUR LEADERS REJECT C. P. GOVT.'S OFFER

NAGPUR, July 26.

THE LATEST OFFER MADE BY THE PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT FURTHER TO NEGOTIATE FOR A SETTLEMENT OF THE TEXTILE DISPUTE OVER THE QUESTION OF DEARNESS ALLOWANCE, WHICH IS NOW CONFINED TO MODEL MILLS WORKERS ONLY, HAS BEEN REJECTED BY LABOUR LEADERS WHO HAVE DECIDED TO PURSUE THE PROGRAMME OF SATYAGRAHA PROPOSED BY THE TEXTILE UNION EARLIER.

The programme was accordingly launched this morning when batches of two persons were posted at different places, including the gates at the residence of Sir Maneckji Dadabhai, Managing Director of the Model Mills.

The Satyagrahis are so far peaceful. They are carrying Red flags and raising slogans.

A resolution passed by the Satyagraha Committee states that women volunteers will also participate in the Satyagraha which will be continued until the workers' demand is met.

The programme was explained by Mrs. Ruiker, Chairman of the Satyagraha Committee, addressing

Delhi Decision Difficulties

Question Of Interpretation Delays Final Draft For A.I.C.C.

ULTIMATUM TALKS SCOUTED

POONA, July 26.

"COMPLICATIONS yet"—these two words falling from the lips of a Congress leader indicate the reasons which stood in the way of the Working Committee releasing its main resolution, which is to be placed before the A.-I.C.C. at its meeting at 3 p. m. to-morrow.

Delhi Decision: Its Meaning

It appears that since various interpretations are being put on the Delhi resolution, the final form in which it would be put before the A.-I. C. C. will not be agreed upon. However, it is generally believed that the text of the resolution will not be very materially different from the Delhi terms, though it is being urged that its final form should not admit of more than one interpretation.

No Ultimatum

There is little possibility of inserting a clause regarding time-limit for the British Government's decision or declaration, because, in the words of a Congress leader, the Congress does not usually fit in its decisions with other people's time-table.

The question before the Congress High Command is: whether any change may be made in the resolution to incorporate certain viewpoints expounded by Congress leaders after the Delhi meeting.

However, two resolutions are expected to be released to-morrow at noon—

A brief resolution seeking the All-India Congress Committee's endorsement of the Delhi resolution and also the Wardha statement on the subject of non-violence is expected to be placed before the All-India Congress Committee to-morrow when it meets at 2 p. m.

Final decision has not yet been taken on the subject as discussions have not concluded but general opinion in the Committee appears to favour this course so as to allow the maximum possible scope for the A.-I. C. C. to discuss both the Wardha statement as also the Delhi resolution.—A. P.

Compulsory Levies And Coercion Are Illegal

Business For A.I.C.C. Not Yet Settled: Congress Executive To Continue Discussion To-day, Says Maulana Azad

POONA, July 26.

The Congress Working Committee gave further consideration to the agenda for the All-India Congress Committee at its afternoon sitting to-day.

The President informed the Press that the discussion had not concluded and that he was, therefore, unable to say anything more than what he had already told the Press and that the Committee is meeting again to-morrow morning.

COMPULSORY LEVIES AND COERCION

POONA, July 26.

The Congress Working Committee has issued the following resolution:—

"The Working Committee has received reports from many parts of the country that compulsion is being applied on a considerable scale on the part of subordinate officials for the purpose of realising contributions for war purposes.

Collections ordered to be made by officials from peasants and wage-earners are bound to result in considerable harassment, coercion and distress. Compulsory levies are not only against the existing law of the land as well as Emergency Laws, but are also opposed to the declared policy of responsible officers of the Government.

All compulsory levies and coercion in the collection of funds should be immediately stopped, and where such compulsion is applied people should refuse to submit to it."

The above is a resolution of the Working Committee and will not, therefore, come before the All-India Congress Committee.

INDIGNATION AT BRUTAL MURDER

The following is the text of another resolution issued to the Press:—

"This Committee express their deep sorrow and indignation at the brutal murder of Hesararam S. Farnanji, M.L.A., member of A.-I. C. C., who was shot dead while he was engaged in the task of inquiring into the alleged murder of Assudamal, a Congressman of Sind, and offer their condolences to the family of the deceased.

This Committee also note with deep sorrow the circumstances under which Sardar Autar Singh, Member A.-I. C. C., was fatally stabbed in Jujranwallah and offer their condolences to his family.—A. P.

Let Halifax Be Irwin Again!

Failure As Statesman:
Outspoken Comments
On Broadcast

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, July 26. After criticising Viscount Halifax's failure to make a statement in his broadcast on July 22 in reply to Herr Hitler's "Peace Offer" which could have been made by a statesman capable of outlining a democratic plan for saving the world, the "Tribune" says:

"If it is absolutely necessary that Viscount Halifax should have an important Government post, then he should be sent to India to replace Lord Linlithgow."

"Tribune" adds: "As Lord Irwin Viscount Halifax has been highly successful in negotiations with Indian nationalists, Viscount Halifax would get on admirably with Mahatma Gandhi as they both delight in long cloudy religious discussions and as Mahatma Gandhi is ten times as artful as Viscount Halifax. He (Mahatma Gandhi) would do him down completely in negotiations which would be to the great advantage of both Britain and India."

Characteristically British

"Glasgow Forward" says: "Nobody doubts Viscount Halifax's sincerity when he talks this way, but we must remember that a vast majority of the population in the British Empire does not subscribe to Christianity. When Viscount Halifax talks about our fighting for Christianity, it makes no impression whatsoever in India and such speeches are usually dismissed throughout Europe as typical of British hypocrisy."

STOP PRESS

SOVIET THREAT TO RUMANIA

BUCHAREST, July 26.

A Kiev broadcast message referring to "frontier measures" occasioned some pre-occupation to Rumanian Government circles.

A Soviet spokesman declared that many thousands of refugees arriving daily from Rumania were complaining of the tyrannical nature of the Rumanian regime.

The spokesman said that their treatment had better be improved or the Soviet Government would be obliged to take frontier measures.—Reuter.

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are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—Box No. (—), "The Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

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Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

1. PERSONAL ADLETS

Only Well-to-do Persons need Apply: An Astrologer with a large private practice is prepared to give accurate Astrological Readings to a few select persons. Apply in first instance to:—"Enigma", P. O. Box 652, G. P. O., Bombay. (3041)

Parsi youth well to do desires to correspond with both sexes of any caste. Apply Box No. 13475, "Bombay Chronicle".

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42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a rapid, accurate Stenotypist for 2 hours daily from 11 to 1 P.M. South Indian preferred. Apply with salary required Post Box 3060, Bombay. 3. (13456)

Wanted Hindu Lady Tutorress B.A., B.T., for taking full charge 4 children all under 10 years. Vegetarian Board-Lodging Rs. 50/- per month. Apply with qualification Box No. 13448, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted an L.C.P. & S. with special experience in Bacteriology. Apply to:—The Chief Medical Officer, Calico Mills Hospital, Ahmedabad. (13476)

Wanted 6 Doctors, 8 Elec. & Mech. Engineers, 5 Lawyers, 8 Overseers & 6 Graduates, apply No. 13471, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted trained women graduate and Drawing Teachers. State special subjects, experience, service terms, President, Education Society, Broach. (13472)

Wanted—Matrics, Non-Matrics for sub-offices establishments in Bombay Presidency. Apply to Indo Finance and Transportation Corporation, Delhi. (13472)

Wanted—Matriculates and Graduates for clerical and higher appointments in branch offices throughout India. Apply with stamp. The Garcons Syndicate, Ajmeri Gate, Delhi. (13470)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted an experienced Maratha salesman to a Chemist shop compounding preferred. Apply Box No. 13467, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—A B.A., B.T., with English and Sanskrit as an Assistant Teacher in Shri Fatehsinhji High School. Post permanent and pensionable. Pay Rs. 60. One with physical training will be preferred. Apply with copies of testimonials, stating (1) age, (2) caste, (3) place of residence and (4) experience to the Chhota Udupur State Service Bureau, Chhota Udupur. (3044)

Wanted Laboratory Chemists for Sugar Factory in Decan for the Coming Season. Holders of B.Sc. Degree or higher ones in Chemistry and having at least one year's experience in Sugar Factory Laboratory Working need apply, stating qualifications, experience, Age and Pay desired. Holders of Diploma of H. B. Inst. of Sugar Technology will have preference. Apply to Box No. 3045, "Bombay Chronicle".

62. TO BE LET

Attractive Airy Five Rooms Blocks Overlooking City, Newly Renovated, available to all at Rs. 50/- p.m. At "Summit" Forjett Hill Road, Bombay. Apply Bhaliya or Phone 20927. (3037)

63. TO BE SUBLET

To sublet office portion in Apollo St. with Phone light furniture use. Write sharp. No. 13476 "Bombay Chronicle". Phone 27532.

68. FLATS TO LET

Open airy topfloor flats at Swastik House, opposite Pathe Cinema, reduced rents. Apply Bhaliya on premises. (13468)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Hydrocele, Hernia, Elephantiasis treated radically. External application reduces size and pain at once. No operation. Many sufferers benefited. Rs. 2. Kaviraj Shastri, Kanchrapara, Bengal. (13453)

MOTOR DRIVING TUITION

People wishing to learn motor-driving in fortnight. Individual systematic instructions. Experienced teacher. Charges moderate. Apply Box No. 13469, "Bombay Chronicle".

245. ASTROLOGERS.

If you are Worried or desire Success, Consult Prof. Nazir. God gifted and world renowned Spiritualist, Palmist and Astrologer at Bombay Mutual Building, Room 56, Hornby Road, Bombay. (13405)

Wonderful Foretelling with amazing accuracy. Over 1,00,000 clients. Testimonials highest. One year future and Character Reading Re. 1. 5 years Rs. 2-8. State birth details or writing time. Pioneer Astrological Bureau, Vizianagram City, B.N. (13458)

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

20,000 Rupees already advanced on Personal Bonds alone! Certificates and proofs for your inspection! Loans arranged on all Mortgages and Promissory Notes! Bombay Loans Finance Corporation, 269, Hornby Road, opposite Lloyd's Bank. Phone: 20016. (13477)

Loans will be arranged for local and Gazetted Government and Bank Officers either on mortgages of properties, furniture, shops or on personal bonds. Write to Box No. 13474, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a Loan Rs. 10,000 on immovable property in mofussil worth Rs. 25,000 "INTEREST" 5 per cent. per annum. Payable monthly in Bombay. Invested amount redeemable after three years. Write to Pawar S. R. Anand Bhuvan Princess Street, Bombay. (13479)

356. BUSINESSES FOR SALE.

Flourishing South Indian type non-vegetarian lunch home with permanent clientele in Fort—Only genuine buyers need apply Box 13466, "Bombay Chronicle".

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

In handwriting cases consult Charles Hardless, senior, India's First Handwriting Expert Address Meerut. (13447)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
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Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

Mr. J. RANG RAO has abruptly left the Services of my clients from to-day. My clients will not be responsible for any dealings of, or debts incurred by, him, on their behalf hereafter.

AMBALAL P. PARIKH.

Advocate for Messrs. Vensimal Bassarmal & Bros.
22nd day of July, 1940. 13478

G. I. P. RAILWAY

CHANGES IN RATES & FARES

In order that the Public may be advised when changes in rates and fares are introduced on the G. I. P. Railway, an announcement will be inserted in this paper from time to time notifying the issue of G. I. P. Rates Circulars, which contain all changes in rates and fares both in local and in through booking with other Railways. 3027

NOTICE

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

AN EXAMINATION for recruitment of temporary Routine Grade Clerks will be held at Delhi, Meerut, Lahore, Rawalpindi and Poona on 5th September, 1940. Applications in candidates' own handwriting (supported by copies of University Matriculation Certificate and Certificate of character), should be submitted to only one of the following officers by the 12th August, 1940, the latest:—

1. The Military Accountant General, New Delhi.
2. The Controller of Military Accounts, Eastern Command, Meerut.
3. The Controller of Military Accounts and Pensions, Lahore Cantt.
4. The Controller of Military Accounts, Northern Command, Rawalpindi.
5. The Controller of Military Accounts, Southern Command, Poona.

2. CONDITIONS: (1) Minimum educational qualification—Matriculation examination or its equivalent. (2) Age—Between 18 and 28 years on 1st September, 1940. (3) Scale of pay—Rs. 36-2-60-2-73 plus local allowance at Rs. 10/- p.m. at stations where admissible to permanent Routine Grade Clerks. SUBJECTS FOR EXAMINATION: (a) English composition and a few questions on general knowledge; (b) Simple arithmetic.

3. Accepted candidate will have to remit in advance Rs. 2/- as examination fee which is not refundable. (3039)

BOMBAY-SIND PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

Wanted Assistant Director of Public Health in Charge, Public Health Laboratory, Poona. Pay:—Rs. 400-30-700-35-1050. Age:—Not more than 35 years on 1st October 1940. Qualifications:—Candidates should be registered with the Bombay Medical Council, and have one of the qualifications recognised by the Bombay Medical Council and a diploma in Public Health of a British University or of a College of Physicians and Surgeons in Great Britain. Full details should be obtained from the Secretary to the Commission, P. W. D. Secretariat, Bombay. Last date for receipt of applications on printed prescribed form (which will be supplied on receipt of an addressed envelope with two-anna postage stamp and one rupee, only) in cash or a crossed Indian Postal Order in favour of the "Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission": 24th August, 1940. 3033

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

An ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on MONDAY, the 5th August, 1940, at 3 p.m. (Bombay Time) for the consideration of the following business:—

1. (a) Letter from the Secretary, Bombay Port Trust—Intimating that Mr. Meyer Nissim has tendered resignation of his seat as a Representative of the Corporation on the Port Trust Board; and (b) election of a representative of the Corporation on the Board.
2. (a) Letter from the Honorary Secretary, King George V Memorial, regarding the appointment of two representatives of the Corporation on the Managing Committee of the King George V Memorial; and (b) election of two representatives on the Committee.
3. (a) Letter from the Municipal Secretary—Reporting the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Meyer Nissim from the Corporation; and (b) election of a member on the Committee.
4. Election of a member on the Tramways and Telephone Committee vice Mr. Ratilal T. Thakkar, resigned.
5. Interpellations.

6-12. Letters from the authorities of the (6) Gujarati Hindu Street Mandal; (7) Girgaum Vyayam Shala; (8) King George V Memorial; (9) Bhagini Samaj Seva Mandal; (10) Dadar Bhagini Samaj; (11) Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute; and (12) Anjuman-Nizamul Muslimeen, Bombay—Thanking the Corporation for giving grants-in-aid of their respective institutions.

13-18. Letters from the authorities of the (13) Prabhadevi Vyayam Mandal; (14) Hindmata Seva Mandal; (15) Abhinava Vyayam Mandal; (16) Digambar Vyayam Shala; (17) Hindu Deen Daya Sangh; and (18) Muslim Ambulance Society—Forwarding copies of the Annual Reports, etc., of their respective institutions.

19. Letter from the Secretary, Hindi Bhashi Association—Requesting the Municipality to take over the Princess Street Free Hindi English School.

20. Letter from the General Secretary, Bombay Municipal Kamgar Sangh—Forwarding certain Resolutions passed at the Annual General Meeting of the Sangh, etc.

21. Letter from Mrs. S. Nikambe—Applying for a grant-in-aid of Married Ladies' School conducted by her.

22. Letters from Mrs. S. Nikambe—Offering to conduct a class for the teaching of English to school-girls.

23. Letter from Mr. Dwarkanath Gopinath Parekar—Regarding the inadequacy of teaching staff at the Municipal Marathi Boys' and Girls' Schools at Parel Village.

24. Letter from Mr. K. Abdul Azeez—Suggesting that no grant be paid to the Night School conducted in the building of the Municipal Nizamul Muslim School. RESOLUTIONS OF THE STANDING COMMITTEE—

25. Regarding the feasibility of including the requirements of the K. E. M. Hospital in the tenders for the supply of diets to the other Municipal Hospitals, etc.

26. Forwarding a list of letters from the ex-Municipal Auditors and the Municipal Chief Auditor pending disposal by the Committee.

27. Regarding the creation of a temporary post of an Inspector in the Water Works Department, for filling in the post of the Chief Officer, Fire Brigade, etc.

28. Regarding the work of improving the playground at 2nd Peerkhan Street, etc.

29. Recommending an additional grant in connection with the work of printing the Voters' List, etc.

31. Regarding the question of allowing private practice to Medical Officers in Municipal Service.

32. Recommending a grant for payment of the Corporation's grant-in-aid of the Depressed Classes Mission Society for India.

33. Recommending extra leave to certain employees of the Water Works Department.

34. Regarding appropriation of funds for laying a water main in a lane adjoining Carroll Bridge, Parel.

35. Regarding verification of stores in charge of the Chief Store-keeper.

36. Regarding a proposal to give permission to the B. E. S. & T. Co. to run overhead cables for supplying electric energy to Worli Village.

37. Recommending transfers of Budget grants.

RESOLUTIONS OF THE IMPROVEMENTS COMMITTEE—

38. Regarding commutation of ground rent, etc., in respect of certain plots at Gamdevi Estate.

39. Regarding the assignment of certain plots at Colaba Reclamation Estate.

RESOLUTIONS OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEES—

40. Regarding the development of Worli Hill, Scheme 58.

41. Regarding Pitometer survey of trunk and distributory water mains in the City.

42. Further consideration of the question regarding the construction of Service Reservoirs at Worli and Rowli Hills.

43. (a) Regarding complaints about the nuisance caused by the working of the New Era Paint Works at Byculla; and (b) a letter from Mr. J. E. Saklatwalla on the subject.

44. Regarding measures for preventing quack oculists from carrying on practice in the City.

45. Regarding the question of increasing Ward Dispensaries in the City.

46. Regarding Rules of Procedure for making appointments by the Corporation to posts of officers vesting in them.

Public Notices

of Worli Hill, Scheme 58.

47. Regarding the amendment of the Municipal Act for requiring the owners of premises where roof-gutters are located to make them accessible for inspection, etc.

48. Regarding the question of having control over the fares of the Bus Service in the City.

49. Regarding the Alternate Message Rate System of Telephone Charges for residential Lines.

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE'S LETTERS—

50. Forwarding a quarterly list of unanswvred references from the Corporation.

51. Reporting on the competence of the Schools Committee to grant maximum salary of his grade to a Drawing Teacher.

52. Forwarding the Revised and Recast Budget of the School Fund for the year 1940-41.

53. Requesting sanction to the granting of the old 1st year trained teacher's grade to a particular teacher.

LETTERS FROM THE COMMISSIONER—

54. Forwarding the Monthly Analytical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies.

55-58. Reporting on applications for gratuity, etc., from certain retired Municipal employees.

57. Regarding change of user, etc., of a plot at Wodehouse Road Estate.

58. Forwarding quarterly statement of motor vehicles taxed and exempted.

59. Reporting on the question of giving a Special Compassionate Allowance to a Ward Attendant in the Maratha Hospital.

60. Regarding grant of a lease in perpetuity in respect of a plot at Nalgaum Estate.

61. Regarding the construction of a storage tank and a pump room on the compulsory open space of a plot at Mandvi Koliwada Estate.

62. Forwarding a list showing the breeding places of Malaria carrying mosquitoes detected in June, 1940.

63. Forwarding quarterly statement showing the quantity of water brought into the City from the various lakes, etc.

64. Regarding condonation of breach of a covenant in respect of certain plots at Mandvi Koliwada Estate, etc.

65. Regarding the condonation of breach of a building rule in respect of a plot at Sydenham Road Estate.

66. Letter from Mrs. Kusumben P. Patel—Thanking the Corporation for their sympathy in her bereavement on account of the death of her husband, the late Dr. P. T. Patel.

67. Letter from Mr. R. A. Gole—Forwarding his note on the administration of the Schools Committee, etc.

68. Letter from the Municipal Secretary—Reporting the names of certain Councillors who have ceased to be members of the Retrenchment and Reforms Enquiry Committee.

69. Further consideration of the Nineteenth Report of the Medical Relief, etc., Committee regarding the question of creating a post of Medical Superintendent, Tuberculosis, etc.

70. Confirmation of the Special Committees' Proceedings.

71. Schools Committee's letters—Forwarding printed copies of the Committee's Proceedings.

72. From Mr. P. N. Kajle—For securing from the G.I.P. Railway authorities the lease of a site in the compound of the Byculla Railway Station for converting it into a garden.

73-74. From Dr. Jos. Alban D'Souza, seconded by Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas—For (73) taking steps to determine the incidence of Tubercular disease in the City; and (74) instituting in the K. E. M. Hospital a post-graduate Diploma Course in Tuberculosis.

75. From Mr. M. K. Killedar, seconded by Mr. Fateh Mohamed Haji Ramzan—For expressing the Corporation's regret at the death of Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin.

76-77. From Mr. Suleman M. A. Darvesh—For requesting (76) the B. E. S. & T. Co., Ltd., to provide railing round refuge islands at Tramway Stopping Stations; and (77) the Commissioner of Police

Public Notices

to provide spot lights at places where Policemen on Traffic Duty are posted, etc.

78. From Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta—Regarding the feasibility of adopting the method of Local Option with a view to the enforcement of prohibition in the City.

79. From Mr. R. K. Achrekar—For opening a recreation ground at the foot of the Arthur Road Bridge.

80. From Mr. V. B. Worlikar, seconded by Mr. V. M. Nagwekar—For requesting the B. B. & C. I. Railway authorities to construct a bridge in lieu of the existing wicket gate at the level crossing near the Mahim Station.

81-83. From Mr. R. B. Raut—For (81) expediting the reconstruction, etc., of the Elphinstone Road Municipal Market; (82) red envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender, specification, etc., will be issued on payment of Rupees Five each to any one deputed to receive them by the City Engineer, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK, City Engineer.

City Engineer's Department (Works Branch) Municipal Offices, Bombay 26th July, 1940. (3048)

ADVERTISEMENT.

INDIAN POSTS AND TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

EXAMINATION FOR ENTRANCE TO CERTAIN SUBORDINATE SERVICES OF THE INDIAN POSTS AND TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

A competitive examination for recruitment to certain subordinate services of the Indian P. & T. and Telegraphs Department in the Bombay Circle will be held on the 23rd October, 1940. The examination is open to candidates of both sexes of all communities who are not less than 18 and more than 21 years of age on the date of the examination, have passed the Matriculation or an equivalent examination and have their domicile in the Bombay Presidency. Particulars relating to the examination with a copy of the prescribed form of application and the recruitment rules will be supplied by the office of the Post Master General, Bombay, on receipt of the fee of one rupee which should be sent ONLY by a crossed Indian Postal Order payable to the Postmaster General, Bombay, at the Bombay General Post Office. Applications in the prescribed form only will be entertained and they must be received in the office of the Postmaster General, Bombay, by the 15th SEPTEMBER, 1940, at the latest. Applications received after that date will be ignored. 3016

FOR SALE.

COTTON GINNING FACTORIES.

THE JAMNADAS NURSEY GINNING & PRESSING CO. LTD. (In liquidation)

SEALED OFFERS are invited by the undersigned for the purchase jointly or separately of the following ginning factories in GUJARAT.

Offers are required to send in their sealed offers to the undersigned so as to reach him by MONDAY, the 5th August, 1940.

The Official Liquidator is not bound to accept the highest or any offer and the offer if accepted will be subject to the sanction of the Bombay High Court. Offers will have to pay 25 per cent. of the price offered immediately on acceptance and the balance of 75 per cent shall be paid within one month from the date of sanction by the High Court.

For further particulars please apply to the undersigned or to the agent Jamnadas Nursey Ginning and Pressing Co. Ltd., (in liq.) at the respective factories. The factories are open for inspection.

KALEDIA. (G. B. S. Rlys.) One Ginning Factory.

TANAKHLA. (G. B. S. Rlys.) One Ginning Factory.

Dated this 22nd day of July, 1940.

B. K. DESAI, Official Liquidator.

Maneckjee Wadia Bldg., 125, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

Legal Notices

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that FUMABEN wife of Umedbhai Jhaverbhai Patel, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Hamam House, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

The Schedule of the Property:—ALL that piece or parcel of Perpetual Fanzandari land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at 2nd Bholwada in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 102-7/9 square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 383, New No. 2283, Old Survey No. 33, New Survey No. 574 and Cadastral Survey No. 2445 of the Bhuleswar Division and in the books of the Assessor and Collector of the Municipal Rates and Taxes under C. Ward No. 5368, formerly Street Nos. 84-88 and now under Street No. 24 and bounded on or towards the East formerly by the property of Bai Mahalaxmi, wife of Pitamberdas Ganeshdas and now by the property of Gordhandas Harjiwan and others, on or towards the West formerly by the property of Gordhandas Narsidas and now by the property of the late Mr. Hurlivan Vanmalidas, on or towards the North by Sweepers passage and beyond that partly by the property of Bai Kamla wife of Somnath Rupjidas and partly by the property of Lakhmidas Jethabhai and others and on or towards the South by the 2nd Bholwada Street.

Dated this 24th day of July, 1940.

AMIN DESAI & NANAVATI, Purchaser's Attorneys. 3040

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ARDESHIR FRAMJI SUNAVALA, the Sole Executor of the last Will and Godlike thereof of Framji Jamssetjee Kathoke deceased has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client free from all incumbrances. All persons having any claim against or to the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, possession, mortgage, sale, exchange, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay within fourteen days from the date of publication hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fornas Free-hold land or ground (now deemed) together with the bungalow structures and buildings standing thereon situate, lying and being at Dadar Road, in the City Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1961 sq. yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue along with the vacant piece of land admeasuring 1363 sq. yards and now belonging to Shapoorji Pallonji and another under Old Nos. 502, 503 and 489, New Nos. 12511 and 12497, New Survey No. C/2001 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 73 of Dadar Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 'F' Ward No. 32(4) and Street No. 116 and bounded as follows: That is to say, on or towards the East by the said Dadar Road, on or towards the West by the said vacant piece of land, admeasuring 1363 sq. yards or thereabouts now belonging to Shapoorji Pallonji and another under bearing Cadastral Survey No. 173 of Dadar Division, on or towards the North by Dadar-Cross Road and beyond that by property bearing Cadastral Survey No. 77 and on or towards the South by property bearing Cadastral Survey No. 72.

Dated this 26th day of July, 1940.
Messrs. MAZAGONWALLA & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(3046)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that AWAD BIN HASAN BIN MOHYAN alias SULTAN PASH, of Hyderabad (Deccan) Mohammedan inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client free from all incumbrances.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, possession, mortgage, sale, exchange, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay within fourteen days from the date of publication hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY. All that piece or parcel of land and ground now lying and being together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being on the West side of Bank Street Cross Lane at its Junction with Marine Street in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 711. 4/9 Sq. Yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Rent Roll No. 1422, Last Rent Roll No. 4846, Laughton's Survey No. 9545, Cadastral Survey No. 210 of Fort Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 'A' Ward No. 1293 (1-2), Street Nos. 34-38 and 1-5 and bounded as follows: That is to say, on or towards the East by Bank Street Cross Lane, on or towards the West by a Sweepers passage, on or towards the North by Marine Street and beyond that by the property of Salbhoy Teybi and on or towards the South by the property of Tulidas Khataw and which said premises are in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendor.

Dated this 26th day of July, 1940.
Messrs. MAZAGONWALLA & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

3047

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.,
Government Auctioneers

IMPORTANT TO FILM PRODUCERS. AUCTION SALE OF RECORDING MACHINE AND MOVIE CAMERA. Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Haridas & Co., Attorneys for Shri Badshamlyan, the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the Concerned Mortgagees, sell by Public Auction at No. 72, Meadows Street, Fort, on SATURDAY, the 3rd August, 1940 at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.)—1 Adir Jankinson Recording Machine complete with its accessories—1 Bell and Howell Movie Camera with lenses and Accessories. Terms:—25 per cent Deposit. GANDHI & CO.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT GHATKOPAR.

Under instructions from Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for Joshi Vallabhdas Kallianji the 1st defendant and with the consent of Messrs. Bhaishanker Kanga and Girdharlal, Attorneys for Joshi Haridas Bhimji and Joshi Mathuradas Kallianji, the Plaintiff and the 2nd defendant respectively in Suit No. 1181 of 1937 (Joshi Haridas Bhimji vs Joshi Vallabhdas Kallianji and anr.) and pursuant to the consent decree dated 21st November, 1938 made in the said suit, Messrs. Bennett and Co. will sell by public auction on the premises TO-MORROW (SUNDAY), the 28th July, 1940 at 9 a.m. (S. T.) the undermentioned property.

All that piece of Gauthan land with dwelling house on it situate partly at Ghatkopar and partly at Kiroi Sub-District of Eandara and Taluka Salsette admeasuring about 752 sq. yds. and bounded as follows—on the East by the property of Mohunji Valji, on the West by Chembur Road, on the North by private road of Haji Abdullah Haji Sumar and on the South by Plot B allotted to Goudas Jeram.

For particulars and conditions of sale apply to the above mentioned Solicitors or the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. (S. T.) at Babulal Mansion, Chowpatty Sea Face, Near Vianelli's Restaurant of complete Bungalow furniture, Piano, Milner Safe, Typewriter Machine, Singer Machine, Gramophone, Chesterfield sets, Portable typewriter, etc.

M. MODY & CO.
Auctioneers,
132, Meadows Street, Fort.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT
Suit No. 342
Kastoorchand Bhagol ... Plff.
v/s.
S. J. Nanawati ... Deft.

Auction sale of valuable jewelry in the above suit. To-morrow on SUNDAY, the 28th inst. at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) at "Malabar View", Chowpatty Sea Face, Opp. Tilak Statue comprising Diamond, Emerald, Ruby and Pearl ornaments of Necklaces, Bracelets, Ear-rings, Bangles, Roserings, Marquis, single diamond rings, Kudas, full sets, Ravifull Bangles, Sari-pin etc. Catalogues are ready and Jewellery on view from 3 to 7 p.m.

M. MODY & CO.

N. Y. K. LINE

BOMBAY-JAPAN VIA PORTS
Steamers. Arrive. Leave. Leave.
Bombay. Bombay. Colombo.
PRANG MARU 10 July 28 July
ONOE MARU 18 July 2 Aug.
*HAKUSAN MARU 27 July 29 July 1 Aug.
A. TURUGA MARU 28 July 29 July
*GINYO MARU 2 Aug. 15 Aug. 19 Aug.
*HARUNA MARU 5 Aug. 8 Aug. 9 Aug.
*ANYO MARU 19 Aug. 3 Sept. 6 Sept.

COLOMBO-BOMBAY LIVERPOOL VIA DUBAN, CAPE TOWN AND LISBON.
Steamers. Leave. Arrive. Leave.
Colombo. Bombay. Bombay.
*HAKOSAKI MARU 25 July 28 July 29 July
*HUSIMI MARU 21 Aug.

*Passenger Steamer. *From Europe. A. For Aden.
Other Passenger Services are—
Hongkong & Peking via Japan & Honolulu.
Japan-Seattle via Vancouver, Japan-Australia.
Japan-South America (West Coast).
NIPPON Yusen KAISYA
United India Bldg., Sir Piroozsha Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.

3047

Phone: 2204. Telegrams: "Yusen."

BANDRA TALKIES

Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
From July 27th. to 30th.
Nelson Eddy — Donna Massey
in Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's
BALALAIKA

Where there is wine, women and song.
Sunday July 28th at 10-30 a.m.
RAMON NAVARRO
in M. G. M.'s
BEN HUR...
now in sound.
(At Reduced Rates).

FATHER

Wants to make AMENDS.
For his Misdeeds.

SON

Says "NAY"
Daughter-in-law says "YES"
See the solution of this
INTERESTING TRIANGLE

SINDHU'S MAIDEN
Social Thriller
A Tale of To Day

AJ-ki-DUNIA

Directed by G. P. POWAR
Featuring
ASHLATA, TRILOK KAPUR,
JIVAN, VATSALA KUMTAKAR,
GULAB & S. NAZIR
SHOWING FROM YESTERDAY
AT
SUPER TALKIES
Fri. Sat. & Sun. Matinee
AT 1-45 p.m.
Daily 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
ZANANA SHOW ON WEDNESDAY
AT 1 p.m.

5

FIFTH Great Week!
MELODIOUS MUSIC
WITH A ROMANTIC MELODRAMA

Associated Productions Ltd.'s
Maiden Musical Hit
"ANDHI"
(TEMPER)
Starring:—P. MULLIC, MOLINA,
K. C. DEY, etc.
ALSO
LATEST WAR NEWS
in Hindi
KRISHNA
TIME: 4-45, 7-15 and 10 P.M.
SATURDAY & SUNDAY AT 2 P.M.

IMPORTANT

Not An invitation but
INFORMATION

for Cine-pleasure-Seekers!

CIRCO'S
'Royal'—Jewel No. 13

"ANURADHA"

"ANURADHA"

Circo's University-Classical

for BOTH SEXES

"ANURADHA"

ULTRA-MODERN COMEDY

Featuring the favourite

of thousands

MAYA BANERJEE

Supported by a star-cast

GALA PREMIERE

on 'Tilak-day'

NEXT THURSDAY

AT THE

MAJESTIC

NEW YORK COTTON
FIVE POINTS DOWN

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK
COTTON PRICES
OCTOBER 1940

New York, July 26
Previous closing 9.48
To-day's opening 9.49
Difference +0.01
To-day's closing 9.43
Difference -0.06
BROCHER EXPECTATION
Broch July/August Rs. 185
Broch April/May Rs. 200

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1940
Liverpool, July 26
Previous closing 7.24
To-day's opening 7.27
Difference +0.03
To-day's closing 7.18
Difference -0.09

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 26
The New York cotton was moderately active on better overseas cables but the demand soon tapered off owing to lack of fresh incentives. Trading in October began at 9.49 i.e. one point higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on scattered trade and local support but on subsidence of further enquiry October eased to 9.47.
The following were opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange—
July Old (9.42/9) 9.49/48
July Old (9.28/28) 9.34/34
March 9.08/09 9.13/13

LONDON COMMODITIES

SEEDS London, July 26
Castorseed July/August £17 3/4 £17 3/4
Linseed Bombay Calcutta July/August £18 5/8 £18 5/8
Linseed La Plata July/August £15 £15
Groundnut Comoranda July £15 5/8 £15 5/8

JUTES

Dundee August £23 £23
Lightning August £20 £20
RUBBER
Spot (12 3/8d value) 12 3/8d paid and value 12d paid and value
Forward October December (12d paid and value) 12d paid and value
Tin (266 3/4 buyers, 266 sellers, Steady)
Aluminum (266 3/4 buyers, 266 sellers, Barely steady)
Copper (262 1/2 buyers, 262 sellers, Steady)
Land Foreign Cash £25 £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (123 sh.) 123 sh.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/2 to 1 1/2 per cent) 1 1/2 to 1 1/2 per cent
4 months (1 1/2 to 1 1/2 per cent) 1 1/2 to 1 1/2 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent
1 year (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay, July 26
There was no trading during the night session.

Weather Report

POONA, July 26
The following is the maximum and minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at the stations during the 24 hours ending 8 a.m., to-day:—

STATIONS	Maximum	Minimum	Fall 24 hours	Total since Jan 1	Departure from normal
Chittagong	89 79	— 39.2	+0.1	—	—
Calcutta	92 80	— 17.6	-4.8	—	—
Cuttack	90 78	— 0.5	+17.3	—	—
Ranchi	81 72	— 0.4	5.9	+1.4	—
Fatma	90 78	— 0.1	14.9	-3.0	—
Gorakhpur	90 79	— 12.6	-3.7	—	—
Bombay	89 78	— 15.1	-1.6	—	—
Allahabad	91 78	— 1.1	7.7	-2.0	—
Cawnpore	95 79	— 4.5	-8.0	—	—
Lucknow	92 77	— 1.1	9.3	-5.0	—
Jaansi	97 76	— 1.0	2.9	-3.9	—
Agri	102 79	— 3.2	-6.8	—	—
Allahabad	86 80	— 0.9	16.3	+0.1	—
Dehra Dun	86 78	— 4.2	-2.3	—	—
Delhi	95 78	— 2.0	-4.7	-4.0	—
Meerut	97 77	— 0.2	16.8	+7.3	—
Ludhiana	93 80	— 12.0	+3.5	—	—
Lahore	93 78	— 4.3	-2.0	—	—
Sialkot	93 78	— 11.3	+2.3	—	—
Rawalpindi	97 76	— 9.8	+1.3	—	—
Lypalpur	92 81	— 1.3	-2.4	—	—
Rawal	92 81	— 1.3	-2.4	—	—
Srinagar	83 64	— 2.9	+0.4	—	—
Dehra Ismail Khan	100 81	— 1.3	-0.1	—	—
Rajkot	94 75	— 1.9	+2.6	—	—
Khandwa	89 77	— 1.9	+5.6	—	—
Jubbulpore	89 78	— 0.8	19.1	+2.8	—
Bombay	88 76	— 0.4	44.6	+4.4	—
Madras	84 74	— 1.9	19.1	+3.6	—
Calcutta	87 77	— 1.1	7.7	-2.0	—
Sholapur	85 70	— 0.5	4.9	-3.5	—
Hyderabad (Dr.)	81 71	— 1.2	9.5	-0.6	—
Bangalore	77 65	— 5.0	-0.2	—	—
Calicut	77 66	— 0.1	8.0	+2.6	—
Calicut	86 74	— 3.6	+4.9	—	—
Madras	89 79	— 4.8	-0.3	—	—
Shillong	77 62	— 0.1	25.4	-3.7	—
Simsa	59 60	— 0.3	20.4	-0.2	—
Pandharhat	76 69	— 0.2	46.2	+15.8	—
Kodakanal	64 53	— 0.7	+0.4	—	—
Colombo	87 75	— 1.2	10.4	-2.0	—
Jacobabad	104 84	— 0.1	-0.9	—	—
Hyderabad (Sind)	98 81	— 1.6	-1.2	—	—
Karachi	88 82	— 2.5	-0.7	—	—
Jaipur	89 78	— 8.3	-0.4	—	—
Ajmer	93 79	— 5.8	-1.5	—	—
Deesa	93 77	— 10.2	+0.6	—	—
Rajkot	83 72	— 9.3	-4.2	—	—
Ahmedabad	94 79	— 5.3	-0.6	—	—
Bhopal	89 75	— 22.2	—	—	—
Akola	89 79	— 15.8	+3.4	—	—
Anand	87 78	— 25.0	+10.8	—	—
Indore	86 74	— 21.3	+7.0	—	—
Marmagao	83 73	— 5.5	54.1	-2.3	—
Malgaon	89 72	— 6.1	-2.3	—	—
Musoorie	69 59	— 38.3	+8.0	—	—
Mahabaleswar	64 60	— 3.5	113.5	-16.4	—
Baroda	93 77	— 10.3	—	—	—
Belgaum	77 67	— 12.8	+2.8	—	—
Murree	73 59	— 19.2	+5.6	—	—
Cherrapunji	72 64	— 0.1	150.5	-32.5	—
Bijsapur	84 71	— 4.4	-0.5	—	—
Dalhousie	72 62	— 0.2	15.2	-3.7	—
Khandala	—	—	27.8	—	—
Mount Abu	74 64	— 7.3	-12.9	—	—
Ootacamund	88 73	— 14.7	-0.3	—	—
Jodhpur	72 62	— 0.2	15.2	-3.7	—

T indicates rainfall from 1 to 4 cents.

Monsoon Active In

Konkan & Malabar

POONA, July 26.
Monsoon has been active in Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, East Central Provinces, Konkan and Malabar. Local rain has also occurred in Bengal, West Central Provinces, Hyderabad, Madras Deccan and North Madras. Principal amounts of rainfall: Marmagao 4 inches; Honavar, Mahabaleswar, Khandala, Bangalore 3; Raingiri 2; Dahanu, Mercara 1 1/2; Burdwan, Chaudhali, Lucknow, Bareilly, Kanker, Multan, Belgaum, Hyderabad, Kurnool 1; Naya Dunga, Jubbulpore, Pendra, Raipur 3/4 of an inch—A. P.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES
T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York, July 26
Previous closing 3.83
To-day's opening 3.86
Difference +0.03
T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London, July 26
Previous closing 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
T. T. LONDON ON PARIS
London, July 26
T. T. LONDON ON PARIS
New York, July 26
The following are the opening quotations:
General Motors (dol 43 1/2) dol 43 7/8
Anascondo Copper Mining (dol 18 5/8) dol 18 5/8
U. S. Steel Common (dol 50) dol 50 7/8
U. S. Steel Preferred (unquoted) unquoted
LONDON SILVER CABLE
The following cable was received from London:—
Bears covered. Offerings small. Market quiet.

LONDON SILVER

Spot (22 3/4d) 22 3/4d +3/16
Forward (22d) 22 1/16d +1/16

LONDON GOLD

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£38-0) £38-0
LONDON EXCHANGE
LONDON Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 which is 1/16d higher.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (41 1/2) 41 1/2
Paris on Bombay (unquoted) unquoted
New York on Bombay (30.32) 30.32
New York on Milan (unquoted) unquoted
London on Shanghai (0.3 11/16 to 0.4 1/16) 0.3 11/16 to 0.4 1/16
London on Kobe (1.2 9/16 to 1.3 1/16) 1.2 9/16 to 1.3 1/16

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/2 to 1 1/2 per cent) 1 1/2 to 1 1/2 per cent
4 months (1 1/2 to 1 1/2 per cent) 1 1/2 to 1 1/2 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent
1 year (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay, July 26
There was no trading during the night session.

JUTE

Anglo Dutch Rubber (14-9) 15-0
Gula Kelampungan (13-9) 13-9
Rubber Plant (22-3) 22-9

MINING SHARES

Nandyug (22-6) 22-6
Burma Corporation (5-3) 7-3
Rio Tinto (25 1/2) 25 1/2
East Rand Properties (33-9) 33-1 1/2
Rand Mines (25 3/4) 25 3/4

MINE SHARES

Crown (212 1/2) 212 1/2
Associated Portland Cement (48-9) 50-0
Trinidad Leasehold (56-3) 56-3
Sub Nigel (27 3/4) 27 3/4
Spring Mines Split Shares (18-1 1/2) 18-9
Union Corporation (25 1/2) 25 5/8



LET US GIVE YOU A HAND

INDIA

EQUITABLE

INSURANCE CO.

BONUS SINCE INCEPTION

Head Office—CALCUTTA

BRANCH OFFICE: MHERWAN BUILDING, SIR PHEROJSHAH MEHTA ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vadi 8, 1940
Muslim: Jamad-ul-Akhar 21, 1359
Parsi: Bahman 26, 1359
High tide: 4.36; 10.22
Low tide: 10.03; 23.20
Sunrise: 5h. 14m.
Sunset: 7h. 16m.

TEACHERS' TRAINING ACADEMY
Under the auspices of the above Academy, Prof. C. R. Shah, M.A. will give a lecture on the Teaching of English to-day (Saturday) at 3 p.m. in the G. T. High School.

YOUTHS' PARLIAMENT
That "Woman is a Great Obstacle to Man's Progress" will be the subject of a public debate in the Youth Lodge, Blawatsky Lodge, to-day (Saturday) at 6.15 p.m. Mr. Maneklal H. Vakil will preside.

BOMBAY MATHEMATICAL COLLOQUIUM
Rev. Fr. Rafael, S.J., D.Sc. will deliver the inaugural address on "Mathematics, Pure and Applied: A Paradox" at 4.30 p.m. at the R. I. S. to-day (Saturday).

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Rulers of the Sea." To-day at 3.30 and 6 p.m. To-morrow and Monday at 3.30 and 10 p.m.

REX—"Black Friday." Daily at 4, 6.30 and 10 p.m.

METRO—"Northwest Passage." Daily at 3.30, 6.30 and 10 p.m.

EXCELSIOR—"Till We Meet Again." Daily at 4, 6.30 and 10 p.m.

NEW EMPIRE—"Too Many Husbands." Daily at 4, 6.30 and 10 p.m.

SUPER—"A.K.I. Dunia." Daily at 4.30, 7.15 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1.45 p.m.

PATHE—"Woman." Daily at 3.30, 6.30 and 10 p.m.

ROY—"Saubhagya." Daily at 4, 7 and 9.45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1.30 p.m.

WEST END—"Lapanda." Daily at 4, 7 and 9.45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1.30 p.m.

KRISHNA—"Ankhi." Daily at 4.45, 7.15 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1.30 p.m.

CHITRA—"Civil Marriage." Daily at 4, 6.45 and 9.45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1.15 p.m.

CENTRAL—"Dyaneshwar." Daily at 4, 7 and 9.45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1.30 p.m.

BOMBAY TENANTS' ASSOCIATION
The meeting of the Managing Board of the Association will be held in "D" Ward Office (C/o Mr. S. C. Joshi, Advocate, G. P. Road) to-day (Saturday) at 5.30 p.m. (S.T.).

BOMBAY OBSTETRIC AND GYNAECOLOGICAL SOCIETY
A condolence meeting of the members of the Society will be held at 7.30 p.m. to-day (Saturday) at the Society's Hall, The Subjee, to express sympathy at the sad demise of Dr. Mrs. D'Monte.

BORRA YOUTH LEAGUE
Under the auspices of the above League, there will be a debate to-day (Saturday) at 2.30 p.m. at the League's Hall, The Subjee, will be "Private Property is Indispensable."

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE
The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class will meet to-day (Saturday) at the League's Head Office, Sandhurst Road. Two lectures will be delivered the first by Mr. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A., on "The Worker in Indian Industry" from 5 to 6 p.m. (S.T.), and the second by Dr. K. R. Masani on "Mental Hygiene" from 6 to 7 p.m. (S.T.).

VIVEKANANDA'S MESSAGE TO YOUNG INDIA
Swami Sambuddhananda, President of Sri Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will deliver a public lecture on "Swami Vivekananda's Message to Young India" at Sri Jagannathan Hall of Sheth Varjivandas Madhavadas Kapadia Boarding School, Matunga (G. I. P.) to-day (Saturday) at 8.45 p.m.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION
"With immediate effect exchange of telegrams between French Government and French possessions or between French Embassies, Legations and Consulates General is permitted. But no private telegrams are permitted except between French India possessions and Madagascar or French Indo-China. Private telegrams are now permitted between British overseas territories (including India) and French overseas possessions subject to censor restrictions."
"E.F.M. service is available to and from Canada from 29th July, 1940."

NATIONAL VOLUNTEERS CORPS
There will be a flag salutation at Ghoga Street to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.). All the volunteers in full uniforms are requested to be present at 'A' Ward Congress Office at 7 a.m.

FREE SCIENCE LECTURES
Under the joint auspices of the Royal Institute of Science and the B. P. Adult Education Association, Mr. D. Majumdar will open the Gujarati series by his inaugural lecture on "Gramophone Records" to-day (Saturday) at the Royal Institute of Science, Mayo Road, Ground Floor, Room No. 2 at 4 p.m.

TALK ON LITERACY
Under the auspices of the General Education Institute of Education, Dardar, Bombay, Mr. K. T. Mantri will deliver a talk on "Literacy" to-day (Saturday) at 4.30 p.m. (S.T.) at Chabildas High School Hall.

INDIAN WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY
9 candidates appeared for the Examination for the Degree of Proficient in Arts (P.A.) out of whom 7 passed; 3 in Second Class, 4 in Third Class. Result is 77 per cent. The roll number is given in bracket.

SECOND CLASS
Bharwada Babuben M. (2); Bhatt Sadgown V. (3); Parmekar Sumati S. (6).

THIRD CLASS
Adarkar Sulabha N. (1); Desai Vasumati S. (4); Mehta Virbala T. (6); Munshi Mrs. dula Maganlal (7).

COMMERCE MEMBER GIVES INTERVIEW TO DR. HEW TO DIC
The Hon. Dewan Bahadur Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, Member, Viceroy's Executive Council, granted an interview on Thursday to Dr. V. R. Heeramanek, Proprietor of the Windsor Industrial Corporation, in connection with the industry for the production of Bichromate of Potash which he is manufacturing in his own factory at Lamington Road, Bombay, by the new process which he has invented.

'A' WARD DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE
Under the auspices of the 'A' Ward Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held at Ghoga Street, Fort, Bombay, to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m., when a procession of the Congress Members including Volunteers starting from the 'A' Ward Office, Bora Bazar Street, Fort, at 7.30 a.m. will terminate at the meeting place.

PORT KHADI BHANDAR CLOSED FOR STOCK-TAKING
The All-India Spinners' Association, Khadi Bhandar Branch No. 2, Ready Money Mission, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay, will remain closed on 27th and 28th instant for annual stock-takings.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS
The Joint Secretary, B. N. G. writes:—All the members of the Bombay National Guards should come in full uniforms to the Robert Money High School on Sunday, the 28th instant at 7 a.m. to attend the monthly flag salutation of B. P. C. C.

A meeting of the Central Committee of Volunteers will be held on Sunday, the 28th instant at 8.30 a.m. at the Anglo-Ayurvedic Hospital near Congress House. All the representatives of various volunteer organizations are also requested to be present.

GHATKOPAR SATYAGRAHA COMMITTEE
Pursuant to the resolution passed in their meeting on the 19th instant, the Managing Committee of the Ghatkopar Taluka Congress Committee have transformed themselves into a Satyagraha Committee which is now composed of the following members: Sri. Ratilal Bhandarkar, President; Smt. Kamalaben Sanghvi, Vice-President; Smt. Jayantilal K. Vaidhyan, Secretary; Pralhad Keshavlal Patel, Treasurer; Balabhai Bhogilal Shah; Damodar Balkrishna Vora; Haridas Moolji Uddeshi.

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC
The weekly concert of the school will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5.30 p.m. at the School Hall, 287 Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay 4.



Shrimati Laxmibehn Rewashankar Jani, a prominent worker of Shirohi Rajya Praja Mandal, who has recently gone to Wardha Mahila Ashram to get practical training in constructive work.

Flag Salutation At Congress House

The monthly flag salutation ceremony, under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House when Sri. Nagindas T. Master, Vice-President of the B. P. C. C. will unfurl the National Flag.

INDIAN MUSIC CIRCLE
The monthly concert will be held at Laxmi Bag, New Bhatwadi, Sandhurst Road, Bombay to-morrow (Sunday) the 28th instant at 4 p.m. (S.T.) when Miss Padmavati Shrivastava will entertain the members with vocal music.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS
Lady Lumley visited the Prince of Wales Seamen's Institute.
The Governor of Bombay and Lady Lumley attended by Mr. J. B. Irwin, Secretary to the Governor, Lt.-Colonel L. C. Palk, Military Secretary, Captain H. P. J. Bennett and Captain A. St. J. Shuttleworth. Aides-de-camp left Bombay for Ganeshkhind and arrived Ganeshkhind the same evening.
The Hon. the Chief Justice of Bombay and Lady Beaumont, Major-General the Hon. T. P. P. and Mrs. Butler, Mr. A. G. Gray, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Richmond and Mr. J. L. Butterfield arrived at Government House, Ganeshkhind.

PROGRESSIVE GROUP
Mr. Verrier Rivin will speak on "The Future of Aborigines in India" on Monday, the 29th instant, at 6.30 p.m. (S.T.) at Greens. Mr. Manu Subedar will preside.

NATIONS' LEAGUE OF PEN-FRIENDS & THE YOUNG FOLKS' BROTHERHOOD
The annual general meeting of the branch will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. in the Forbe's Sabha Gujarati Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay. The agenda includes the (1) Musical evening; (2) Election of the members of the Managing Committee; (3) Anything else that the president may allow.

BHATIA STUDENTS' UNION
Rev. Fr. Leonard Schiff, author of "Present Condition of India" will meet the members and the guests of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood and Bhatia Students' Union, to-day (Saturday) at 6.15 p.m. at the office of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood, 38, Harvey Road, Chowpatty.

NATIONAL HONOUR DAY IN MYSORE
Sri. K. T. Bhasiyam, President, Mysore Congress, has issued the following appeal to all Congressmen in connection with the observance of the Day of National Honour on the 1st August 1940.
"At the meetings to be held on the 1st August, 1940, to protest against the observation of the Chief Justice of the Mysore High Court against the people of this country, speeches should be thoroughly restrained and dignified."

BOMBAY JEWELRY'S WAR REPORT
With a view to take an active part in the war efforts of the Government, a representative meeting was recently held of all sections of the Bombay Jewish Community, when a strong committee was elected to take the necessary steps to render all possible assistance to the Government in the successful prosecution of the war against Nazism.

An interesting feature of the meeting was the spontaneous desire to make financial contributions and a sum exceeding Rs. 15,000 was donated.
The following were elected members of the Executive Committee: Chairman, Dr. E. Moses; H. Treasures, Mr. M. E. Hasel and Mr. I. S. Macmillan; Secretary, Mr. Joe I. Sargan; Members, Mrs. H. Gougey, Mrs. F. Hyam, Mrs. K. Perry, Mr. Solomon Judah and Mr. A. H. Rosenfeld.

ALLEGED BEER & TODDY MANUFACTURER ACQUITTED
The case in which Mr. S. J. Plumer, Proprietor of Plumer & Co. having factory at 381 Arthur Road, Bombay was arrested and charged under the Abkari Act on suspicion of manufacturing toddy and beer in his factory, was placed before the learned Presidency Magistrate at Mazagaon Court, when the police applied for withdrawal of the case and Mr. Plumer was acquitted.

Shreemati Radhadevi Goenka of Akola will preside over the Anti-Purdah Conference to be held in Calcutta on August 24 and 25 under the auspices of the Marwari community of Calcutta.

B. P. C. C. Programme For Tilak Anniversary

CONGRESS PRESIDENT TO SPEAK AT AZAD MAIDAN MEETING

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee have issued the following statement in regard to the Tilak Anniversary celebrations of this year:

The 20th death anniversary of Lokmanya Bal Gangadhar Tilak falls this year on Thursday, August 1, and the B. P. C. C. has decided to observe it in a most fitting manner. This year the Tilak Anniversary has got the added importance in view of the fact that Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, President of the Indian National Congress, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will be present in Bombay on this day and will take part in the functions of the Day.

SUPPORT TO PROHIBITION
On this day last year was launched the Prohibition Programme of the Congress Government and this has further enhanced the importance of the Day. There will be special demonstrations on this day in favour of the Prohibition policy and programme of the Congress.

We earnestly appeal to the Citizens of Bombay to co-operate with the B.P.C.C. in making the programme of the Day a great success.

BUSINESS HOLIDAY
It is very gratifying to note that the important commercial associations like the Indian Merchants' Chamber, the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association, the Bombay Yarn and Silk Merchants' Association, the Bombay Grain Dealers' Association, the Swadeshi Market Board, the Mucamad Association and others have intimated their decision of keeping the business suspended for the day. This will enable thousands of employees working in these business associations to take part in the functions of the Day.

Programme

7 a.m. (S.T.):—Procession assembles in the compound of the Congress House.

7.30 a.m. (S.T.):—Procession starts from the Congress House by the following route:—Vithalbhai Patel Road, Lamington Road, Round Royal Opera, Sandhurst Bridge to Tilak Statue at Chowpatty.

The procession will be led by Shri Bhulabhai J. Desai, President of the B.P.C.C.

8 a.m. (S.T.):—Procession terminates at Chowpatty. Flag Salutation at the foot of the Tilak Statue. Shri Bhulabhai J. Desai, will unfurl the Flag.

8.15 a.m. (S.T.):—Garlanding of the Statue of Tilak.

6 p.m. (S.T.):—Mass meeting at Azad Maidan at which Maulana Abul Kalam Azad will speak on the present political situation. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will also address the meeting.

8.30 p.m. (S.T.):—Public meeting at Napoo Maidan, Matunga, for special prohibition propaganda. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad will preside at this meeting and Shri B. G. Kher, Shri K. M. Munshi and other prominent public men will address.

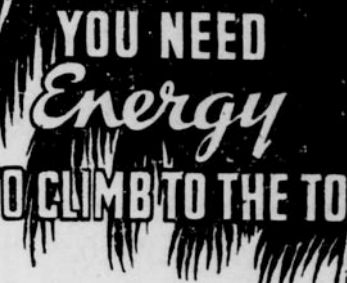
STATES WORKERS' CONVENTION

The Secretary, All-India States' People's Conference, writes:—It was previously announced that the Maharashtra P. C. C. had fixed up the Sonar Dharmashala at Poona as delegates' camp for the workers attending the Convention. The M. P. C. C. has been obliged to make a little change in the arrangements. The delegates for the States' Convention will now be lodged in "Kasur Devi Dharmashala", Kasur, Peth, and all the delegates are requested to go to Kasur, Peth, Dharmashala. Volunteers will be posted at the station to guide the visitors.

Movement Of Famine Traffic On B. B. & C. I. Rly.

The immense and successful efforts made by the B. B. & C. I. Railway to bring assistance to the famine stricken areas during the past eight months are perhaps not generally appreciated. In handling this exceptional fodder traffic in addition to an unusually heavy traffic in other commodities, the resources of the railway have been taxed to the utmost. But it is to the staff of the railway that the greatest credit should go. The shunting staff in the marshalling yards particularly have done magnificent work under exceptionally trying conditions. Many of the yards have been over-taxed with the volume of traffic moving, and in this event it is only by the most skilful planning and redoubled effort that wagons can be kept on the move.

The Dhar Durbar has contributed Rs. 50,000 towards War Purposes Fund, and servants of the State and the public have so far contributed Rs. 4,000 towards Red Cross and other funds.



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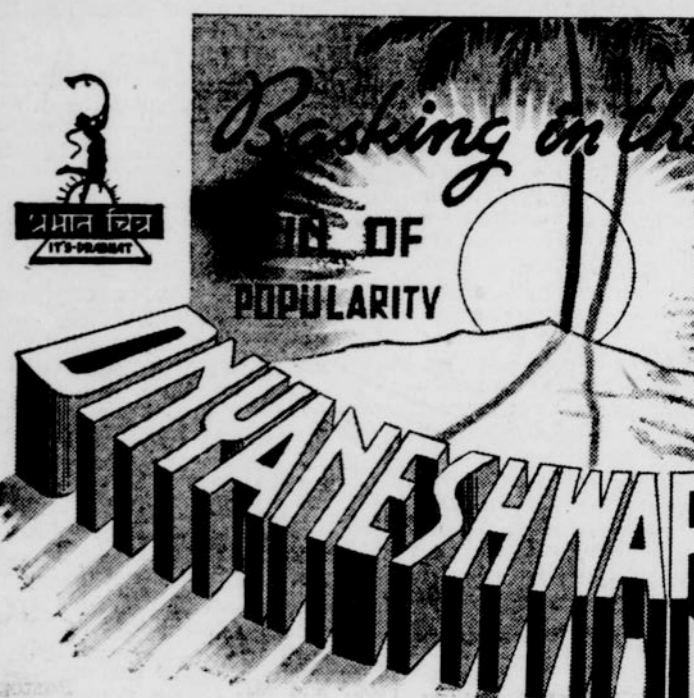
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V. H. Desai, P. F. Pithawala, Shah Nawaz, Poornima Desai, Suresh, Jagannath

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Accorded, last night, an enthusiastic Reception to the year's brilliant Social screen play—

NAVYUG'S Maiden Presentation

LAPANDAV (HIDE-AND-SEEK)

Starring:
The famous pair of "Ardhangi"

MEENAXEE & WINAYAK VANMALA, B.A., B.T.

The sensational "Navyug" Discovery and

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY, SATURDAY, JULY 27, 1940.

TASKS AHEAD

The Congress President's explanation of the Working Committee's resolution regarding non-violence is a timely refutation of the charge that the committee has departed from the traditional non-violent policy of the Congress. He has made it clear that there is "no departure whatever in the present position of the Congress from what it was before the Wardha meeting" and that "at no stage had the Congress declared that it would pursue the policy of non-violence in the matter of meeting external aggression and internal disorder." As a matter of fact Congress Governments have requisitioned the army in dealing with internal disorders and nobody has complained that the Governments were guilty of violating Congress policy. Indeed, it is those who wish to extend the scope of non-violence in the Congress that seek to make a radical departure from the traditional policy. This cannot be constitutionally done without the approval of a plenary session of the Congress.

Grave Risks

And so far as it is suggested that a Congress Government should abjure the use of arms in dealing with internal disorder or external aggression, no Government can legitimately do so without a clear mandate from the electorate. As we have pointed out before, it is one thing for a few who have a religious faith in non-violence to accept voluntarily risks inevitable from its sudden unrestricted use; and it is quite a different thing for these persons, with the best of motives, to thrust those risks on the public who have been clamouring for years past for an efficient national army. We are not discussing here the relative merits of non-violence and organised force on which Government is based all the world over. Our point at present is that whatever may be the merits of non-violence in the long run, it has grave risks in the initial stage and it ought not to be accepted as general administrative policy without the consent of the public.

No Ultimatum

This controversy about extending the scope of non-violence,

however inevitable in the course of negotiations with Britain, should not be allowed to sidetrack even for a moment the main issue of the struggle for independence. As ten months have gone by in the name of negotiations the suggestion is made by some that as the offer made by the Congress has not evoked any response from the British Government, a definite time limit should be put on that offer and that, if within this time limit no action is taken by the British Government to meet the Congress demand, the Delhi offer should be withdrawn and the Congress should follow its own programme. We do not think the suggestion deserves serious consideration. It is true that the present position of uncertainty and passive waiting on the part of many, euphemistically called preparation for an intensive struggle, cannot go on indefinitely without demoralising the people, and probably this very passivity on the part of the people and Gandhiji's insistence that there should be no aggressive mass civil disobedience during the war have made the British Government so indifferent towards India that Mr. Amery, who a few weeks ago hoped to make soon a full statement on India now says he has no statement to make. Mr. Amery also says that the situation in India is not so serious as is believed by some Members of Parliament. Nevertheless, the Congress cannot indulge in ultimatums; for it does not determine the pace of its activities in accordance with the time table of the British Government. It depends on its own strength and its demands are definite and unchangeable. It does not wish to start civil disobedience in order merely to rouse the British Government to a proper sense of the gravity of the Indian situation. On the contrary we agree with Gandhiji that so long as Britain is in danger India should not start any aggressive mass campaign of civil disobedience. However, the Working Committee should devise schemes of constructive work which will bring Congress workers in fruitful contact with the masses and will help in their proper organization for any mass action in the future.

Social Reform

The 84th anniversary of the passing of the Hindu Widow Remarriage Act was celebrated in the City on Thursday with a public meeting, when the progress made in the re-marriage of widows during all these years was reviewed and various suggestions were made to quicken its pace. We must confess that so far progress has been painfully slow, thanks mainly to the extreme conservatism of the Hindus in all social matters, to the defects in the Act itself and to inadequate propaganda by reformers. Mr. Justice H. V. Divatia, who presided over the meeting, suggested some improvements in the Act, particularly with regard to the widow's rights of inheritance. While it is true that the Act needs to be considerably improved, mere law will not avail much unless public opinion is strong in support of the widow's rights, including the right of re-marriage. To this end social reform institutions like the Bombay Presidency Social Reform Association, under whose auspices the anniversary meeting was convened, need to

be more active than they have been for several years past. It is unnecessary to revive the old controversy about the comparative importance of social reform and political reform. In the first place, it is not easy to divorce the one completely from the other. Secondly, not all workers are so occupied in political work as not to find some time for social service. Social reform is still less popular than political reform. For that very reason some of those persons who possess discrimination should concentrate their best efforts on social reform. The Bombay Social Reform Association has done much for social reform in the past and is still capable of doing a great deal more. We do not say this in a disparaging spirit. We rather suggest how much this old institution can still do and how much needs to be done. We would suggest that the Association may convene a social conference to consider ways and means of better organising social reform activities. A conference often creates enthusiasm a good part of which may with effort be made permanent.

Palestine For Italy!

The hyena is, we learn, casting its covetous eyes on Palestine. It is interesting in so far as its constitution, along with other Axis declarations about Europe and Africa, an exposition for the benefit of the world of the meaning and implications of the Axis conception of the "New Order". Palestine will be, thus, included in the Italian Empire with a plan of administration similar to that of Albania. This confession of Italian ambition is useful because it tells not only the Arabs

of Palestine—and Syria—but also other interested Powers, including Russia, what would happen in the Near and Middle East if the Axis had its way. As to the Arabs, of Palestine, they did not, and will not, accept the theory of a Jewish National Home. Nor do they accept the British Mandate over them. But they reject all this because they want to be free and independent in their own country. And they are not going to exchange one slavery for another and a worse one.

The "Manchester Guardian's" former Paris correspondent writes:—

What is Germany's attitude towards France and what are her intentions as far as France is concerned? Is she proposing to destroy France? Is she prepared to tolerate the Petain Government as an obedient satellite? Or is she thinking of replacing the Petain Government by "a more dynamic" Nazi regime more closely modelled on the Berlin "Ideology" and abandoning all claims to autonomy and to "relative independence"?

It is probable that the Germans have not quite decided yet, for so much still depends on the progress of their war on England. But a study of their broadcasts on France during the last fortnight is nonetheless illuminating.

The matter and manner of these broadcasts are very considerably in accordance with the audience to which they are addressed. There is a striking difference between the comments on France in the German home broadcasts, in the French broadcasts given from the German-controlled stations of Rennes and Radio Paris in French-occupied territory, and the foreign language talks given by German stations for the benefit of neutrals and the Scandinavians.

To Neutrals

Thus the German broadcast in Danish recently dwelt on the probability of a "solid" Franco-German peace before the end of the war with England.

In a broadcast to Rumania the German wireless drew idyllic pictures of the friendly atmosphere in Paris which it claimed was rapidly returning to normal.

Home Broadcasts

Very different is the tone of

Our Readers' Views

A. I. C. C. Meeting

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Congress should have known by this time, Britain's intentions towards India. Those have been expressed in plain terms, more than once, by authoritative persons in Great Britain. And yet, there seems to be a habit on the part of Congress leaders, to continue to ask Great Britain to give to India, what Great Britain has repeatedly expressed her inability to "give". Congressmen, in this regard, seem to envelope themselves in a cloak of self-delusion and seem to ignore Great Britain's broad hint that Swaraj is not a thing that can be "given" by it. To fail to understand the full implication of this hint, implies moral cowardice or stupidity.

There is no element of self-respect in repeatedly asking for a particular answer that will not be given. To do so is to waste one's time. I have no quarrel with the present attitude of Great Britain, for two reasons. At the present moment, her hands are otherwise full. And secondly, it lies with India herself to bring her dream of Swaraj, into reality. It is wrong to shut one's eyes to either of these facts. It is unfair to ask Great Britain, at this moment, "to give" to India, anything. It is a positive disservice to her to seek to distract her from her present pre-occupation or even to argue with her. If Congress is unable or unwilling to help Great Britain, it should stand aside and not embarrass her with supplications and gratuitous advice in the supposed interest of Great Britain. Great Britain is quite able to look after herself.

What Congress can and should do to strengthen India i.e. work so that she may be imbued with those qualities that are the foundation of self-government and which she today sadly lacks in. If Congressmen, and particularly members of the Working Committee and of the A.I.C.C., will squarely face facts, it will be realised that there is a very wide field waiting to be ploughed, of which only the fringe has so far been touched by Congress. Congress history during the last half a dozen years, and more particularly during the last few months has consisted mostly of verbal appeals and resolutions on paper. Congress could very well have taken a leaf from Britain's book and exercised in her own field, the same intensity of ground

German home broadcasts. These continually sneer at the French and emphasise the distrust which Germany must continue to feel for them. Thus recently, Deutschlandsender described Paris as "an almost deserted city whose inhabitants wandered around on the road somewhere between the Loire and the Pyrenees". The same station likes to dwell on one of the favourite themes of "Meln Kampf": "the French are a Negroid and racially impure people who have committed a crime against white Europe".

Saarbrücken stations have been dwelling on anti-French atrocity stories and on the alleged ill-treatment by the French of German prisoners of war and on the hatred of the people for Germany. It also speaks contemptuously of the lack of discipline in the French Army.

"This is only an armistice and there is no room for any false sentimentality."

"France must reap the harvest she has sown."

At the same time, these German home broadcasts like to speak of German welfare work in occupied France which they say is greatly superior to what the French ever did. They also talk of the fine behaviour of German troops in Paris and an alleged statement by the Archbishop of Rouen is quoted to support this.

The Vichy Government is treated with contempt and sometimes with anger. Until recently at least the Germans continued to say that they could have no confidence whatever in "the old gang"—meaning presumably M. Laval. Although "The Relazione Internazionale" recently dismissed M. Laval's "Latin block" theories as "sheer Utopia," the Germans apparently feel some

distrust of the Italian bias of some men of the Petain Government and prefer pro-Germans like M. Marquet and M. Deat (whose enlightening article in "L'Oeuvre" was quoted in "Manchester Guardian").

For France

Much more subtle and curious are some of the broadcasts in French from German stations in occupied France. Here a great deal of anti-Vichy propaganda is found. Thus Rennes P.T.T. told the French that they are having a new constitution inflicted on them; "the people of France have not been consulted." The old constitution, though old-fashioned was still of some value to many people. Will the French people accept these political manoeuvres for saving their country?

The same station dwells on the theme that "Europe is too small to be divided into small nations" and one of its most astonishing broadcasts was that addressed on July 13 to the French working class who were told how the Hitler regime had abolished unemployment in Germany and had upset the minimum wage. They are also given a glowing account of the "Kraft Durch Freude" holiday organisation. It is quite possible that the Germans are keeping in reserve a number of French demagogues like Doriot, with whose help they may try to replace the Petain regime by a purely Nazi regime—with its "socialist" aspect held out as a bait to the bewildered French workers.

Anti-British Propaganda

It is curious how, at the same time, anti-British propaganda flows from German stations to France intended to appeal to the

national instinct of the French working class:

"The British intervention in France was the most painful page in our (French) national history." Mr. Churchill's proposal to the Reynaud Government of a Union of British and French Empires was indignantly treated by Rennes P.T.T. as "an outrage on France's ten centuries of history." "We French shall take our revenge on England one day." Another talk said that Germany was "completing Napoleon's work of destroying the British Empire."

Significantly enough the same station said that England was not only the enemy of France, she is essentially "undemocratic."

In short the German game of dividing France is continuing. Having lured Petain's men into submission, the Germans are now preaching disloyalty to the Petain Government among the people of France, particularly Paris, and are tempting them, and especially the French working class, with pleasant pictures of "Kraft Durch Freude" and other "democratic" advantages of national socialism with emphasis on the second word. How insincere it all is may be seen from the savage anti-French home broadcasts.

Little need be said of the wireless stations in unoccupied France. Their news bulletins are almost entirely based on the official German news agency. The talks are strongly anti-French, but if anything pro-American is said the Vichy Ministers soon hear of it. Thus M. Baudoin's statement to the Associated Press that the new French constitution resembles that of the United States instantly produced the German wireless retort: "Is M. Baudoin trying to show he is not a totalitarian? Is he currying favour with the yankees in the hope that they will help France?"

Frankly Speaking

"Great News" Confirmed

Lord Beaverbrook's announcement of the "Great news" from America has been confirmed by Mr. Morgenthau. The U. S. A. has pledged "every facility" like construction of new factories at Britain's cost, to enable the British Government to acquire an additional 3000 aircraft every month from America. The British want this delivery to take place during 1941 and 1942 and we hope it will. The German air raids have so far failed to affect production in Britain. But even supposing for a moment that it were seriously interfered with America, Australia and Canada will enable Britain to secure mastery of the skies early rather than late in 1941. The period of difficulty for Britain is thus the next few months. By the way "the British," remarked Mr. Morgenthau, "seem to have plenty of money." They have. But they have only recently realised the necessity of spending it.

Welcome Embargo

"A grave view" may be taken by both sides of the serious incidents during the week-end between United States sailors and the Japanese at Tsingtao. But the negotiations that are proceeding well, we think, conclude in a satisfactory settlement because, if for no other reason than this that neither side is willing to precipitate a grave crisis. More interesting from the international point of view is the embargo—placed by President Roosevelt upon shipments of petroleum, petroleum products, scrap iron and other scrap metals. This embargo which, it is claimed, works definitely against Germany, Italy and Japan, is welcome though much belated. But let us hope it will prove to be a case of better late than never.

Sadistic Brutality

The inhuman outrage against the French ship "Meknes" can only be explained by two things.—first sadistic blood lust in those who were responsible for it and second their eagerness to win the approbation of their Government

for achieving the destruction of "a large merchant ship". The details of the tragedy, as given by the Admiralty, show that the ill-fated ship was carrying French repatriates to the France of Marshal Petain and that its identity as a French ship could not possibly be mistaken even in the night. Yet so far from being permitted to proceed unmolested it was refused even ordinary mercy. And had it not been for British rescuers every Frenchman on board would have been drowned as a result of the German motor boat's brutality. One wonders what Marshal Petain and M. Baudoin think of this outrage. Probably nothing. As to the French people let us hope efforts to inform them fully of it will be successful.

Just Protests

It appears from the protests sent to the Premier of Sind by Mr. K. M. Munshi and some others that the local Government have decided to stop grants to Gujarati and Marathi schools. As Mr. Munshi points out, the decision is a departure from the sound policy of all Provincial Governments to aid schools which cater to substantial sections of the people through their own language. That policy is not merely a concession to different languages. It is also a sound educational policy and helps all the students concerned. Moreover, in these days of communal distrust a wise Government should take special steps to conciliate minority communities, religious or linguistic.

University Election

Mr. K. T. Shah, whose term as a member of the Senate of Bombay University expires shortly, is standing for re-election. Mr. Shah has been representing the Graduates' Constituency in the Senate for many years with conspicuous success, uncompromising independence and untiring energy. There are few members of the Senate, who take their work as seriously or who devote themselves to it so earnestly as Mr. Shah has been doing. We trust Mr. Shah will be returned

Tête-à-Tête

WITHOUT COMMENT

Then come two resolutions of Mr. M. N. Roy (the United Provinces). One states that "India's participation in the struggle for world freedom need not be conditional upon any declaration on the part of the British Government", and urges that "the people of India should actively participate in the struggle against Fascism in every way available for them."

—Press Report.

Says the "Manchester Guardian": "Currents of opinion in India are moving from widely separated points to the same conclusion that Hitlerism is the enemy...." And having moved they break up on the rock of governmental indifference.

"Mr. Amery's sympathy for Indian aspirations" remarks the same paper, "is well-known...." Mr. Amery probably agrees. In fact, he seems to hold that his sympathy is so well-known that it doesn't need any tangible expression.

The United States has stopped suspicious exports of petroleum to Spain.

This report must have greatly amused the Germans and Italians. Rip Van Winkle's awakening coincides with Rumania's arrangements to supply all her oil to the Axis.

By the way, Reuter's Washington report says:—"It is regarded here as significant that oil shipments to Spain were stopped just after the announcement that the British blockade was likely to operate there...."

Is this a bit of unconscious humour by Reuter, lest the ignorant might attribute any altruistic motive to the White House?

Shanghai, July 26. Serious incidents between the United States sailors and the Japanese occurred at Tsingtao during the week-end.

Is it a measure of their seriousness that they were reported almost a week after?

Reports of a Russian ultimatum to Finland have been denied by Helsinki, says a cable.

They are, however, neither denied nor affirmed by Moscow.

The Italian Government is reported to be seeking to induce the Vatican to demand a "Catholic Holy Land".

Trying to get rid of the Holy Father from Rome?

The Rumanian Government's drive against French officials is interpreted as Rumania's intention to expropriate French petroleum interests.

Our congratulations to Marshal Petain—which he will accept since the oil will go to Germany, the liberator of France.

HALF-RUPEE COINS

Silver Content To Be Reduced

—Headlines. We don't mind so long as we can borrow them.

"Do you believe in ghosts?" "No, sir! I woke up one night and saw one in my room. I asked him what he wanted and he said nothing." Next morning I found he had stolen my trousers. Since then I don't believe in ghosts at all. They aren't reliable."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Hobos are like flannel shirts—they always shrink from washing.

His Satanic majesty doesn't waste any of his time on a hypocrite.

The best sermon is the one that goes over your head and hits the other fellow.

After a strenuous struggle to acquire fame, many a man finds himself infamous.

The average man is willing to forgive an enemy—after he gets square with him.

Cities are full of eminent lawyers but there is still plenty of room in the pre-eminent class.

to the Senate without a contest or, if a contest is held, the graduates will see to it that he succeeds in it.

Scores Of Planes In Furious Duels

Nazi Raids On Shipping On South-East Coast

Attacks On Convoys Beaten Off: Enemy Loses 23 Aircraft

LONDON, July 25.

HUNDREDS of British and German planes fought furious battles over the Channel to-day when an air war flared up with new fierceness. Fighting lasted for a long time and at times the sky seemed filled with battling planes.

Anti-aircraft guns were in action along the south-east coast almost incessantly and many bombs were dropped.

It is believed that at least two enemy planes were shot down in flames into the sea by British fighters during a raid on a convoy by over 50 dive bombers escorted by an equal number of fighters. The dive-bombers attacked three times.

Biggest Battle Of The Day

The biggest day of raids on the south-east coast began with an attack on shipping in the Channel by 80 enemy planes which flew over the coast at noon. Several bombs were also dropped inland on the cliffs by the raiders which were driven off by gunfire from the ground and fighters. Little damage was caused and no ships were hit.

The day's biggest battle was fought later when 50 dive-bombers attacked a convoy of over 20 small cargo vessels. It is believed that two German planes were shot down over the sea in a bitter combat which followed the raid.

First warning of the dive bombers' approach was given by the roar of anti-aircraft guns. The bombers were seen flying on a straight course from the direction of the French coast at a high altitude stepped up in tier upon tier with fighters above them.

SCORES OF BRITISH FIGHTERS STREAKED ACROSS THE SKY TOWARDS THEM OFF AND WERE INSTANTLY ENGAGED BY GERMAN FIGHTERS WHILE THE DIVE-BOMBERS CIRCLED LOW SEEKING FOR A POSITION FROM WHICH TO HURTLE DOWN IN AN ATTACK ON THE CONVOY.

"Flaming Onions" Dot Around Enemy

As they dived watchers on the shore could see bombs fall from racks. There were 27 attackers in the first wave and this was followed by another attack by a second wave of 27 which swept down in an almost perpendicular dive. Shells burst all around the Germans as they attacked.

A German squadron leader showing greater daring than any other of the attackers soared down over the middle of a ship in convoy and flattened out until his machine appeared to set astride the next when he released his bomber.

The raiders climbed steeply back and quickly repeated the attack. Then "flaming onions" dotted the sky around them and they fled.

Fighters closed in on them while they tried to reach cover of clouds and after the crackle of machine had begun, five two fell in flames into the sea. An hour later the bombers made a third attempt on the convoy but the attack was quickly broken up.

TOLL OF "MEKNES" TRAGEDY

LONDON, July 25. The latest figures received in official circles in London show that nine officers and 374 men are missing following the sinking of the "Meknes," though some of them may have reached France in the ship's boats.—Reuter.

Not Guaranteed By Nazis

LONDON, July 25. It is stated authoritatively in London that the "Meknes" had not been guaranteed a safe passage by Germany.

Two Trawlers Lost

LONDON, July 25. An Admiralty "communique" announces that His Majesty's trawlers "Kingston Galena" and "Rodino" have been lost as a result of enemy air attack. Next of kin of casualties have been informed.

Rev. S. S. Massey Passes Away

BOMBAY, Friday. By the death of Rev. S. S. Massey, at the age of 67, which occurred yesterday at his residence, "The Parsonage," St. Paul's Church, Bellasis Road, a very prominent figure from the Ecclesiastical department of Bombay Diocese has been removed.

The late Rev. Massey worked with the Church Missionary Society for 40 years and was connected with the Hindustani Mission.

A Memorial service will be held on Sunday 9 a. m. in St. Paul's Church, Bellasis Road.

Alexandria Raided

One Killed And Seven Injured By Enemy Aircraft

CAIRO, July 25. A naval "communique" says that Alexandria was raided by a small number of aircraft in the early hours of to-day. A few bombs including incendiaries were dropped indiscriminately, causing only minor damage. One person was killed and seven injured.—Reuter.

Solving Problem Of European Colonies In America

Cuba's Proposal At Havana Conference

HAVANA, July 25. Against the United States plan for collective mandate, the Cuban delegation at the Pan-American Conference is urging that where action is necessary, the colonies of European belligerents in the new world should be temporarily entrusted to the care of a neighbouring nation to be agreed on by the Conference.

Under the proposal the colonies will be absolutely free to decide whether they wished to set themselves up as new republics or be annexed by another American nation. The various plans for checking attempts inspired from abroad to establish "unacceptable" systems of Government in the Americas do not include military measures but one proposal calls for curtailment of privileges enjoyed by diplomatic and consular representatives.

The formulation of economic measures to curb foreign influence in the new world will, it is believed, be postponed until the delegates meet in Washington.—Reuter.

AMERICAN TRUSTEESHIP PLAN

NEW YORK, July 25. Important reservations on the United States Collective Trusteeship plan for European possessions in the New World have been filed by the Argentine Delegation at the Pan-American Conference, according to the "New York Times" correspondent at Havana.

The Argentine delegate has offered his own proposals which insist that the 21 American republics should act only on a juridical basis and even then only after consulting the population to be affected and each other.

Mr. Cordell Hull declined to

EVACUATION OF CHILDREN

Roosevelt Explains Three Sides Of Problem: Use Of American Ships

WASHINGTON, July 25. The Foreign Affairs Committee of the House of Representatives unanimously approved a Bill permitting the use of American vessels to carry European children from war zones.

The Bill provides that any vessel so used must have safe conduct guaranteed by all belligerents.

Three Sides Of Problem

President Roosevelt declared at a Press Conference to-day that the United States has a deep desire to do everything possible to help to remove the children from England and he might eventually ask for reasonable assurances that refugee children could obtain a safe passage to America.

The first step involved was providing perhaps 10,000 children with passports. The next step would be to ascertain what the British Government would be able to do about sending the children to the United States or perhaps Canada in British vessels.

President Roosevelt added that a little later on, a stage might be reached when the United States would ask for reasonable assurances that if American vessels went over to evacuate them, there would be no torpedoings.

Asked to comment on legislation pending before the Congress to permit the use of American ships, President Roosevelt said that there were three sides to the problem.

Firstly, the attitude of the British Government; Secondly, America's own deep desire to do everything she can;

Thirdly, safety of children. President Roosevelt added: "The last named is the crux of the matter."

EXTENSION OF 'COMBAT ZONE' President Roosevelt explained that, without a reasonable assurance of safe passage it would be a big responsibility for ships flying the American flag to under-

HOW INCOME-TAX WORKS

Br. Financial Secretary On Burdens Of War Budget

LONDON, July 25.

In the House of Commons on resumption of the debate on the budget, Sir George Broadbridge said that the city of London would approve the Chancellor's proposals and give them every support.

Mr. Clement Davies (Independent) discussing the problem of filling the gap between revenue and expenditure said that the budget was not enough. It was no more than a few bricks when a whole wall was wanted to fill the gap. The main solution must come through the control of production. All labour and capital, equipment, stocks and materials not required for the maintenance of a standard of living necessary for health and morale, must be used for defence purposes. Production of non-essential goods should be prohibited and expenditure on essentials rationed and the tremendous surplus capacity thus created must be employed by the State in war production or exports.

Mr. A. P. Herbert in a characteristically humorous speech protested against the tax on books.

HOW TAX WORKS

Capt. Crookshank, Financial Secretary to the Treasury, replying said that comments from the United States and the Dominions showed that outsiders were impressed not only by the size of the burden the Chancellor was asking the House to approve but also by the way his speech was received as showing the determination of the British people to defend the country.

Capt. Crookshank pointed out that while a year ago half of a single man's income was taken from him if his taxable income was £17,000 now half would be taken at approximately £5,500 while in ranges of taxable income over £25,000 what was left to the taxpayer now was in practically every case half of what was left last July. For example in the case of an income of £25,000, what was left last July after deduction of all taxation was just under £2,000. Now the amount left was just under £6,000.—Reuter.

comment on this proposal but it is certain that the plan will meet with considerable opposition as it would tend to make the trusteeship procedure inoperative in an emergency such as Mr. Cordell Hull fears may arise at any time.—Reuter.

Britain Claims Big Price

Nazis Lose 286 Planes In Attempts To Attack Island Fortress

LONDON, July 26.

"Full reports of yesterday's operations have confirmed that five more enemy aircraft were accounted for by our fighters, making a total of 28 enemy aircraft shot down during the day", says an official "communique".

Bomber Brought Down

A German bomber was brought down in south-west England this morning. The pilot was captured by a farmer. Three other occupants were killed.

The German bomber skimmed a farm house roof before crashing in a field. Three occupants were killed and the pilot, the only survivor, parachuted to earth where he was captured by a farmer, a 47-year old ex-soldier, and a mem-

MOSCOW CALLS UP N.C.O.s AND JUNIOR OFFICERS OF RESERVE

MOSCOW, July 26.

Posters appear in streets calling all non-commissioned officers and junior officers of the reserve to re-register. Posters also order all men between the ages of 19 and 50 who have not already registered including Poles, Western Ukrainians, Karelians and Bessarabians to report for registration.—Reuter.

ber of the Home Guard, who sighted him and armed with a shot gun raced across the farm yard in his stockinged feet.

The farmer afterwards said that the pilot was "a bit contrary and if he had moved his hands I should have let him have it. My daughter told me not to do it." The pilot was taken to the farm house where the farmer's wife bathed and bandaged his cuts. He was afterwards given tea and cake. Then the farmer still armed with the gun marched him two miles to the Village Constable's house.

Houses Destroyed

"In an attack on a town on the south-east coast this morning, enemy aircraft destroyed some houses and damaged others", states an official Communique and adds, "The casualties were small, one person being killed."

Big Nazi Losses

Including to-day's victim, the total number of enemy aircraft destroyed since September 3 over or near the coast of Great Britain is 286. Of these 212 were destroyed since the first mass raid on June 18th.—Reuter.

King Takes Shelter From Air Raid

LONDON, July 25. The King spent ten minutes in an underground shelter to-day when an air raid started when he had just finished inspecting new entries to the Navy at big barracks on the south coast.

Men and boys whom His Majesty had been inspecting immediately marched in orderly fashion to the shelters the King with Admiral Commanding-in-Chief entered his car and drove slowly to the shelter cheered by the marching men as the car passed them.—Reuter.

G. I. P. RAILWAYMEN'S UNION The annual general meeting of the Union will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 4 p.m. in the office of the Union (2nd Floor, Napier Building, 16, Hornby Road, Fort). The Executive Committee Meeting of the Union will be held at 11 a.m. on the same day and at the same place.

GIBRALTAR RAIDED AGAIN

GIBRALTAR, July 25.

It is officially stated that enemy aircraft again attacked Gibraltar early this morning.

Bombs were dropped on various parts of the rock in a raid which lasted thirty minutes. There were no casualties and there was only slight damage.—Reuter.

Raids On Mersamatrauh

CAIRO, July 25.

A "communique" says that Italian aircraft bombed Mersamatrauh six times, but the only results were slight damage to workshop and fire in a small petrol dump and four casualties.

There was nothing new on other fronts.—Reuter.

A Quiet Day

NAIROBI, July 25.

A "Communique" says that it was a quiet day. Normal air reconnaissance was carried out and no movement was reported.—Reuter.

7 Italian Planes Shot Down In Libya

Bombs Thrown On Ground Where 50 Enemy Planes Were Concentrated Causing Considerable Damage

CAIRO, July 26.

R. A. F. Headquarters announce that a highly successful raid was carried out to-day by Blenheim bombers on Derna in Libya. Over 50 enemy fighters and bombers were found on the ground. All our bombs fell among them causing considerable damage.

Fighter patrols of five gladiators protecting the return of our bombers encountered seven enemy fighters and shot down five into the sea. All our aircraft returned safely.

The R. A. F. also announce, that a fighter reported to be missing in a Communique earlier to-day has been found and that the pilot is safe.

It is officially announced that R. A. F. fighters shot down five Italian fighters into the sea off Libya. There were no British casualties.

R. A. F. RAID ON MACACA AREA

CAIRO, July 26.

A communique states that R. A. F. bombers raided a storage depot at Massawa. Bombs fell in a cluster on the target. All British aircraft returned safely. Four separate raids were made by

Blenheim bombers on the Macaca area. A direct hit was scored on hangars and bombs fell in a naval compound. The South African air force made valuable reconnaissance in the Moyale district and a motor transport was attacked on the Moyale-Buna road. Direct hits were registered on lorries.—Reuter.

goods. Sixty-one ambulances have been scheduled to leave for Britain.—Reuter.

BR. RED CROSS REALISES £84,000

LONDON, July 26.

The fourteen days sale of jewellery, pictures, books, and objects d'art presented by thousands of donors for British Red Cross Purposes concluded at Christie's auction rooms and realised £84,000.—Reuter.

Literacy Drive In Baroda State

BARODA (By Mail)

(Through the State Information Officer.)

To advance literacy in the Baroda State which has maintained a policy of compulsory education for over 30 years, the Government, last year, launched a vigorous literacy campaign all over the State which has yielded results, says the Information Officer in a Press Note.

Reports from Navsari show that during the period ending August 1939, there were 194 classes in the Navsari district with about 4,000 students.

During the period ending September 1939 there were 218 classes with 4,865 students and 328 women students, 1423 students finished their training and left the classes, of which 63 were women.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

3% Defence Bonds 1946

The restriction regarding the maximum holding of the 3% Six Year Defence Bonds will be removed with effect from 1st August, 1940. 3% Defence Bonds 1946 will be obtainable on and from that date until further notice. The issue price will be Rs. 100 with subsequent weekly increases approximating to the net accrued weekly interest. The Bonds will be repaid on the 1st August, 1946 at a premium of one rupee per cent.

CONVERSION TERMS:

5% LOAN 1940-43

will be received in payment of the purchase price of the Bonds at its full maturity value. The interest on the 5% Loan up to 30th September, 1940, will be paid in cash at the time of issue of the new securities.

The Loan Notification and application forms will be available at the Offices of the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi, Madras, at branches of the Imperial Bank of India at other places, and at all Government Treasuries.

Truth Behind Pakistan Demand

No Exchange Of Populations: Scheme Only Seeks To Hold Balance Of Power

NEW DELHI, July 26. Strong criticism of the Minto-Morley scheme which had created permanent communal majorities and minorities in the Legislature was voiced by Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan, Honorary Secretary, All-India Muslim League, in the course of his presidential address at the Baluchistan Provincial Muslim League Conference held at Quetta to-day.

He reviewed at length the policy adopted by the British Government in India and the representative system of Government which was introduced by the Minto-Morley Scheme. He stated that this system which inevitably created permanent communal majorities and minorities in the Legislature was wholly against the aim and spirit of Democracy. He expressed surprise at the fact that both the Hindus and British wilyly used the word "nation" for the entire population of India and the Muslims never demurred. The Hindus asserted that they formed the majority and for over fifty years derived advantage from it. The Muslims accepted the position of a minority for themselves and as such went on demanding safeguards of their rights and interests.

The loss of Rule and Power had such a shattering and sadening effect on the minds of Muslims that they failed to grasp the subtle machinations which lay at the bottom of the system of Government which commenced with the Minto-Morley Scheme and culminated in the Government of India Act of 1935.

TWO NATIONS

"Judged from any definition or theory of nations Hindus and Muslims do not form a nation" said the Nawabzada. "They are two distinct nations who differ so radically in culture, civilisation, political ideals, religious aspirations, economic interests and social outlooks that whenever they would come together under a common system of Parliamentary Government in which representation reflects population, the essence of Democracy would vanish and the Hindu community would dominate over the Muslims. It is idle to seek an instance in the whole history of Democracy of two distinct nations yoked together under a common system of Government in which majorities and minorities are fixed according to the proportion of population. Different nations have always come together on an international basis and equality of status. This should also be possible in India too."

PARTITION EXPLAINED

"The Muslim League", he went on, "grasped the realities of the situation and demanded that the entire problem of the future constitution of India should be considered 'de novo' and the Government of India Act, 1935, with its Provincial Autonomy and Federal Structure and the very assumptions on which it is based should be cancelled for ever and at last at its Lahore session it formulated a scheme which finally settled the communal and constitutional problems of India."

"According to it India should be divided into Hindu and Muslim zones. They should be recognised as separate, independent and autonomous States and the constitution of each State should contain mandatory guarantees in regard to the political, religious, cultural, economic and administrative rights

and interests of minority communities. "The scheme is a glorious one and holds out hope of a splendid future for India, a future in which the different communities can rise to their full stature according to their own tradition and characteristics and can make progress without any hitch and hindrance."

BALANCE OF POWERS

"There is absolutely no ground for the apprehension that the conditions of the Muslims residing in the provinces in which the Hindus are in a majority would be helpless and pitiable. Each nation would be in majority and power in one part of the country and in minority in the other. A balance of power would thus be created which would prevent the majority from aggression. In case an All-India Federation is established according to the British and Hindu scheme, the Muslims would everywhere be subject to Hindu rule and in a hopeless position."

The criticism levelled at the scheme by the Hindus that the creation of independent and separate Hindu and Muslim States would make a Balkan of India, wherein the States would ever be at war with each other, betrays nothing but ill-will on the part of the Hindus. It seems that they cannot tolerate Muslim rule in any part of the country and are anxious to govern the whole of India.

Why should Muslims suffer for the ill-will and the greed of the Hindus? The Muslims are determined that they would live in India which is their homeland as an independent and autonomous nation and shall not leave their future at the mercy of anybody."

LEAGUE AND WAR

Regarding the war, Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan said: "In regard to the war the policy of the Muslim League is clear. It has not non-co-operated with the Government, nor has it refused to assist it in the prosecution of the war. It has openly condemned German aggression and expressed support of the aim for which the British Government claims to be carrying on the war."

What the Muslim League wants from the Government is nothing more than an assurance that the aims which the British and Muslims agree to fight for would be enjoyed by the Muslims in India. It is said that the Muslim League has offered conditional support and co-operation. This is entirely wrong. The Muslim League simply desires the enunciation of the aims in the spirit of an Ally so that the Muslims may realise that those aims are their own and they may thus feel the urge to fight for them."

The Muslim League has called upon the Muslims to refrain from joining the War Committees for so long as the negotiation between the President of the Muslim League and the Viceroy is proceeding. The League regards these Committees wholly inadequate for the defence of India and the prosecution of the war. They are not in a position to command and utilise to the full extent all the resources of the country. The Muslims keenly desire to fight for the preservation of liberty and humanity shoulder to shoulder with the British Government, but they want to spend their money and blood with authority and responsibility in a useful manner. They are not going to waste them."

In the end the Nawabzada drew the attention of the Muslims to the appeal of the Muslim League

"RESTORE POLITICAL MORALITY"

Orissa Ex-Premier's Appeal To Congressmen

BERHAMPORE (Ganjam), July 25. That public opinion in Orissa should assert itself in order to prevent desertion of members from the Congress party was the opinion expressed by Mr. Biswanath Das, ex-Premier of Orissa, in the course of a talk to a gathering of local Congressmen last evening.

He said that those who had been trying to form a coalition ministry had not succeeded to the extent they hoped. The party was now 37 strong and out of this 31 had pledged themselves again after this crisis to be loyal to Congress principles. If public opinion asserted itself strongly and unequivocally, such a crisis as this, which, he said, involved a lapse of political morality, would not have manifested itself. He therefore appealed to all Congressmen to carry on propaganda to create healthy, sound and strong public opinion in the province.

Mr. Das left last night for Poona in order to attend the meeting of the A. I. C. C. He may also meet the members of the Working Committee and explain to them the situation in Orissa 'vis-a-vis' the formation of a coalition ministry.—A. P.

Caveeshar For Poona

LAHORE, July 26. Sardar Sardul Singh Caveeshar, acting President of the All-India Forward Bloc, who has recently been elected a member of the A. I. C. C. in place of the late Sardar Autar Singh of Gujranwala is leaving for Poona to-night to attend the meeting of the A. I. C. C.—A. P.

BENGAL COUNCIL

Congress Member's Successful Move For Adjournment

CALCUTTA, July 26. After interpellations, the Bengal Council (Upper House) granted leave to Mr. Lalit Chandra Das (Congress) to move an adjournment motion on the Bengal Government's recent decision to appoint non-Bengali Muslim candidates from outside Bengal in the posts reserved for Bengali Muslims, in case the latter were not available.

The motion will be taken up by the House for discussion on Monday.—A. P.

Maintenance For Hindu Women Bill

SIMLA, July 26. It is learnt that Dr. G. V. Deshmukh has given notice of a Bill to be introduced in the next session of the Central Assembly for "residence (separate) and maintenance of Hindu married women"—A. P.

WASHINGTON.—The State Department announces that the United States army transport "American Legion" is leaving New York immediately for Petamano to remove standard Americans.

regarding the Muslim National Guard and asked them to enlist in large numbers. He said that the Muslim League has in view the formation of the National Guard from the time reorganisation of the League took place. The need for it had become more urgent and pressing owing to the difficult times which are fast approaching.

The Nawabzada affirmed that the Muslims did not harbour any ill-will towards their countrymen. They deemed it their duty to save their homeland from foreign attacks and internal disorder. "In a dangerous time like the present the Muslims are anxious to serve their country and countrymen. The Muslims should, therefore, organise themselves for the purpose"—A. P.

Sir T. Nariman Seriously Ill

Grand Old Man Of Medical Profession

Sir Temulji Nariman, the Grand Old Man of the medical profession is down with serious illness for the past three days.

Sir T. Nariman was hale and hearty despite his age of 93 years and was taking keen interest in the Parsi Lying-in-Hospital of which he is the founder. Though 93 years old, he was climbing the third floor of his residence as well as the second floor of the Parsi Lying-in-Hospital. He is under the treatment of Dr. P. C. Bharucha, Dr. N. K. Sahar and his grand son Dr. Nariman.

REORGANISATION OF SUPPLY DEPARTMENT

Press Note Clarifies Position

SIMLA, July 26. A press note states: Some confusion persists regarding the reorganisation of the Supply Department in so far as it affects the transfer of responsibility for certain important sections of Army Headquarters which as announced on June 27, was initiated by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, in order to secure unified direction and control of war production.

Under Sir Guthrie Russell, Director-General of Munitions Production, whose headquarters will be in Calcutta, Mr. G. S. Butler has been appointed Deputy Director-General of Munitions Production and Mr. F. G. S. Martin, Deputy-Director-General of Engineering.

Under each Deputy-Director-General, will be three Directors. The Deputy-Director-General of Munitions Production will be assisted by a Director of Ordnance Factories, a Director of Civil Production and a Director of Factory Expansion. The Deputy-Director-General of Engineering will be assisted by a Director of Metals, a Director of Engineering and possibly also by a Director of Shipbuilding.

It is further intended at a later date to appoint a Development Officer directly responsible to the Director-General of Munitions Production, to advise on technical problems.—A. P.

KHAKSAR SUSPENSION EXTENDED

CALCUTTA, July 26. The Khaksar activities in the Punjab are to remain suspended till August 10, according to a communication received by Mr. Ahmed Shah, chief officer of the Khaksar in Bengal from Dr. Mohamed Ismail Nami, present head of the Khaksar Movement.

Mr. Ahmed Shah, in a statement to the press says that he has received orders from Dr. Md. Ismail Nami, to the effect that the latter has not so far heard from Mr. Jinnah about the result of his peace efforts with the Punjab Government. He (Dr. Nami), therefore, orders extension of the suspension of the Khaksar activities in the Punjab till August 10.

The Salar-I-Khas-Hind has been advised to take immediate steps to see that Khaksar activities remain suspended.

Three Khaksars Sent To Jail

LAHORE, July 26. Three Khaksars, who were arrested on July 7 for marching in military formation were convicted and sentenced to-day by the City Magistrate to two years' rigorous imprisonment each under Section 58 of the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

The Half-Column "Dim"

As if Hitler has not done enough for the Jews, Italy now wants to take Palestine.

What an exceptionally pleasant atmosphere pervades at Green's. Somehow it is gradually becoming something like a Continental bolle. The influence of Faletti is to be seen in touches, here and there. And A. R. P. "subduedness" helps a lot!

It is with some regret that one sees the disappearance from pictures of the man who used to play Charlie Chan. Though the present actor is good, he is not like the genuine article.

Modern method in politics—first a lathi charge then apologize. Particularly characteristic of Fazlul Huq.

The new one rupee note is a very handy affair. Somehow the old ones were a more distinctive affair and a pile of them made you feel rich. These, however, are like lottery tickets.

Oil for Spain has been stopped. Now there is nothing to grease the machinery.

Headline reads—Search for Forward bloc office! What no policy, no office?

Rumanian Ministers were received by Hitler. The Daniels walked into the lion's den.

The Soviet loan for the five year plan has been oversubscribed. They say the Soviet have no troubles!

One hears with regret that Sir Tehmulji Nariman is seriously ill. It is hoped this sturdy veteran will soon recover with speed and certainty. It is our sincere wish.

Mr. Amery does not believe that the situation in India is serious enough. O. K., that is your responsibility, not ours!

Nazi broadcasts are banned for Germans! They don't even let them hear the truth in Germany or are German broadcasts so false?

THREE JAPANESE DISCHARGED

Each Pays Rs. 100 To War Gift Fund

BOMBAY, Friday. For failing to notify to the authorities their change of residence as required by the Registration of Foreigners Act, three Japanese residents of the city were charged to-day before Mr. Oscar Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court under section 5 of the Registration of Foreigners Act. The names of the accused are: Uno Fanni, Hattori Hajime and Doi Katsutaro.

"I wonder how a British subject would be treated in Japan in similar circumstances" remarked the Magistrate when the accused pleaded guilty to the charge.

Mr. Mavji, of Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, Solicitors, appearing for the accused stated that the accused were respectable and law-abiding citizens and that they had merely shifted from one building to another at Churchgate Reclamation. They did not know that it was necessary to notify the change of address but when they came to know the position of the law, they did so. The accused, Mr. Mavji said, were prepared to give money in charity or to the War fund.

The Magistrate warned and discharged the accused. The latter agreed to pay Rs. 100 each to the Ladies' Committee of the War Gift Fund.

MUTT AND JEFF—Strange Thing About This Is Neither Has the Dog Wagon Got a License

By BUD FISHER



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.. (Previous year)	Rs. 1,35,325 5 11
Dividend (year ended 30-6-40)	9 Per cent free of Income-Tax.
.. (Previous year)	8 Per cent
Current Deposits	Rs. 28 to 30 lacs.
Investments	Rs. 23 to 25 ..
Paid off	about Rs. 24 to 25 ..
Cash Balance	between Rs. 3 to 5 ..

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REFERENCE UNDER STAMP ACT
Sale Of Part Of Property Subject To Prior Mortgage

(Before the Hon. the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Wassoodew and Mr. Justice Sen.)

In the matter of the Indian Stamp Act II of 1932.

And in re. an Indenture made at Bombay between Shah Tejmul Nihalchandji and Anr. and Bhagwandas Ghanshyamdas and Anr.

This was a Reference to the High Court by the Superintendent of Stamps and the Chief Controlling Revenue-Authority, under Section 57 of the above Act.

By a Deed of Mortgage, dated 15th January 1936, one H. M. Goradia mortgaged his undivided 1/4 share in two properties at Nawroji Seth Lane and Clerk Lane, respectively, to S. Channaji and Another, subject to certain prior encumbrances. On 5th July, 1937, the said undivided share in those two properties was sold by the mortgagee under the above mortgage in the exercise of his power of sale and purchased by one Devidchandji and Another. The sale was for Rs. 3,000 and Rs. 10,200 respectively, subject to the subsisting prior encumbrances on the Nawroji Seth Lane property, and by a conveyance dated 21st January, 1938, the said mortgagees conveyed the said properties to the said purchasers. Thereafter, on 26th June, 1939, the said purchasers sold for Rs. 14,000 to Bhagwandas Ghanshyamdas and Another the one-fourth interest in the two properties which they had purchased by the Conveyance of 21st January, 1938, subject to the subsisting prior encumbrances. At that date a sum of Rs. 65,633 was due for principal and interest on the said prior encumbrances.

"INSUFFICIENTLY STAMPED"

The Conveyance of 26th June 1939 was stamped with a duty of Rs. 500. When, however, it was presented for registration it was returned with a remark to the effect that it was insufficiently stamped. Thereupon the Purchasers' Attorneys forwarded the Conveyance to the Superintendent of Stamps with a duty of Rs. 630, which they contended was payable as further stamp duty on the basis that duty was payable on Rs. 14,000 plus on 1/4 of Rs. 65,633. Relying on the decisions in 29 Bom. 203 and 50 Bom. 640, the Purchasers contended that Section 24 applied only when the whole property was transferred subject to the mortgage and did not apply to the present case in which what is sold by the Conveyance is merely a share or interest in the property subject to the mortgage, viz—the said undivided 1/4 share of the mortgagor in those properties.

The Superintendent of Stamps differed from this contention and was of the opinion that according to Section 24 of the Indian Stamp Act the Conveyance of 26th June, 1939 was chargeable with duty on Rs. 80,633 (i.e. on Rs. 14,000 plus on the whole amount of the mortgage-debt, subject to which the property was transferred). In these circumstances, he made the present Reference and submitted this question for the opinion of the High Court.

JUDGMENT

Delivering the judgment of the Bench, His Lordship the Chief Justice said that it was impossible for the purchaser to allocate part of the mortgage-debt to part of the mortgaged property, because the mortgage-debt was indivisible and was charged on every part of the mortgaged property. Reading Section 24 of the Act as amended, His Lordship thought that it was very clear that the consideration for sale would include the amount of the whole debt charged on the property as well as on every part thereof. His Lordship observed that the case of In re. V. K. Sathe (10 Bom. 58) was a case directly in point for this Reference. His Lordship then referred to the corresponding English law on the point, and further observed that in Equity it might be hard on a purchaser, and it might mean that the Government received duty on the mortgage amount many times over, but that in any event that was the effect of Section 24 of the Indian Stamp Act. His Lordship therefore answered the Bench by stating that duty was payable by the Purchaser on Rs. 80,633.

The Advocate-General, Mr. M. C. Setalvad instructed by Messrs. Little and Co. appeared for the Superintendent of Stamps and the Chief Controlling Revenue Authority.

CARPENTER DROWNED WHILE ON DUTY

BOMBAY, Friday.

The body of Shivram Gopal Kamble (30), an assistant carpenter in the Port Trust, who was missing while on duty on Thursday, was found floating in the sea at Mazgaon Jetty this morning.

The City Coroner recorded a verdict of death by asphyxiation due to accidental fall into the sea while on duty.

DON'T MOCK AT LOVE AND PEACE

Tagore's Message To Students Of Shantiniketan

SHANTINIKETAN, July 24.

"The modern spirit of mocking at the great truths of Love and Peace carries in itself the seeds of destruction," said Dr. Rabindranath Tagore in the course of a mandir service this morning.

The poet observed, "The hand of cruel times is lying heavy on the noblest endeavours of Soul. The evil of war is the consequence of the cynic contempt for the message of love and peace nobly uttered by the Upanishads. Remember, it is the dwarfish mind that hurls itself against the eminence it cannot reach, and by desecrating all that is great and good, man proves his pathetic littleness."

The poet exhorted the students not to yield to the modern fashion of ridiculing what was sacred. He added "the last attempt of my last days will be to entreat you to have 'Shraddha' (faith) for the ideals which I have placed before you in this 'ashrama'. For their sake, I have suffered much and put up with a great deal. Much of that will remain unwritten history. Before your tender, impressionable minds get hardened, I would like you to realise what I have been striving for, during the last forty years. I want you to partake of our 'sadhana' (efforts) free from the vulgarities of the age. Despite infirmity, I took the occasion to reiterate my faith in 'shantam', 'shivam' and 'advaitam' (Peace, goodness and Unity).—A. P.

PUNJAB GOVT. EXEMPTS HINDUSTAN SCOUTS

LAHORE, July 26.

The Hindustan Scout Association, Punjab, has been exempted from the operation of the Government Order banning drills of a military nature, says a Notification in the Punjab Government Gazette.—A. P.

University Of Islamic Culture For Calcutta

CALCUTTA, July 23.

Establishment of a University of Islamic Learning at Calcutta having jurisdiction and control over all the Madrassahs, both old and new, including the Islamic Intermediate College is, it is learnt, one of the main recommendations of the Madrassah Education Committee made in their preliminary report.—A. P.

Police Recover Jeweller's Ring From Suspect

The police have recovered the ring belonging to Murali Jolly, a jeweller from Lahore, who was found dead in a room at Matunga recently.

The ring it is stated, was found on the person of one of the suspects arrested in this connection.

DEFAMATION CASE TO BE TRANSFERRED

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate passed orders to-day in the application made by Mr. B. G. Horniman for a transfer of the case of defamation filed against him by Shanker V. Kharwandikar from the court of Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum to some other court.

The Magistrate, after hearing the arguments advanced by the respective parties held that it was not desirable that Mr. Khambatta, who had decided two notice matters, one of which formed one of the issues of the present case should try it and therefore directed the case to be transferred to the Third Additional Court of Girgaum.

Charas Recovered From Foreign-Bound Ship

BOMBAY, Friday.

Joseph Gurji Ezra Cohen was arrested yesterday by T. Kelly, Preventive Officer, following a raid on a ship bound for a port outside British India. Eight pounds of charas were, it is alleged, found concealed in a consignment of turmeric.

The Magistrate directed the accused to be released on bail.

ter in the Port Trust, who was missing while on duty on Thursday, was found floating in the sea at Mazgaon Jetty this morning.

The City Coroner recorded a verdict of death by asphyxiation due to accidental fall into the sea while on duty.

THE WET WEATHER doesn't worry FATHER KRUSCHEN

Aches and pains are not in his life. Monsoon dampness does not give him Rheumatism or Colds. And why? Because for weeks before the Rains he builds up his system—purifies his blood and gets his body working—ready for the damp days ahead. Father Kruschen knows that Kruschen protects you—keeps your stomach acting regularly, your liver and kidneys working properly. Kruschen keeps you young and active; healthy and wise are those people who take Kruschen Salts in their tea first thing every morning.



YOU TOO CAN HAVE THAT **Kruschen** FEELING

GROWTH OF THE I. A. F.

Squadron Leader Mukerji Tells The Story

Squadron Leader Mukerji, in a broadcast talk from Simla said:—

To many in India, the existence of No. 1 Squadron, Indian Air Force was unknown until a short time ago, but I am sure that when you have heard something of its history and record you will agree with the statement of the Defence Secretary when he said, "The India Air Force may be a small force, but it is an admirable little force".

We came into existence only seven years ago, and at the time consisted of one flight only; that is, of four aeroplanes and officers and airmen to fly and maintain them. Our job was to cooperate with the Army and we spent the rest of that year training for this extremely responsible task. The first came in January, 1934, when we flew to Hyderabad, Sind, to work with the Royal Artillery; and although, I suppose, I am not the one to say so, we have never looked back since that day.

TRAINING GROUND

In April, 1935, exactly three years after the birth of the Indian Air Force, a second flight was added to its strength, the first going over the Peshawar to gain experience in Frontier work in collaboration with a Royal Air Force Squadron. And the next year, you remember, there was an outbreak of trouble in Waziristan, and this gave the new Air Force its first chance of participation in active operations. For just over three months the flight remained "somewhere on the Frontier" carrying out full operational duties. Its operations during those hours were in fact higher than any similar flight of a Royal Air Force Squadron, reaching the record figure of 366 hours in September of that year. Since then every year one flight of the Squadron has been sent up to take its turn to guard the North-West Frontier.

ON THE FRONTIER

The Indian Air Force pilots and gunners saw considerable fighting and an officer and airmen were mentioned in despatches by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, so that it came as a surprise to no one that it was decided that the Indian Air Force was no longer an experiment but a valuable addition to India's defences. As a result, both the flights were transferred to Ambala, a third one was raised, and the force now consists of a complete Squadron with its own Headquarters.

This is a very brief outline of the progress of the Indian Air Force from a single flight with six officers in 1933 to its present strength of over two hundred officers and men and a full Squadron of aeroplanes. This does not include the Indian Air Force Volunteer Reserve which is now rapidly growing into a considerable force.

If I think I have now told you what a Squadron consists of, it has a Headquarters with a Squadron Leader as the Commanding Officer and three flights commanded by Flight Lieutenants with four aircraft in each flight.

ALL INDIANS

The Indian Air Force Squadron is officered and manned entirely by Indians. The air men are divided into different trades such as Fitters, who look after the aeroplanes, Wireless Operators, Armourers, Photographers, Equipment Assistants, Clerks, Carpenters, Fabric Workers, etc. A few senior British airmen have been lent by the Royal

ITALIAN PRESTIGE DECLINING AMONG ARABS

Squadron Leader Mukerji Tells The Story

(Special Cable from London)

Italian prestige—never high—has rapidly declining in Middle Eastern countries.

This is illustrated by the joy of the Arabs in Aden when they were allowed to view the Italian submarine which was captured by a one-gun British fishing vessel and also a captured Italian aeroplane.

Another indication of Arab disgust with Italian methods is contained in a book "The Arab World To-day" written by Emir Sheikh Arslan.

Dealing with Italian atrocities in Libya, he makes the following observations: "We have read with our own eyes and duly noted that military and diplomatic which boasted that the wives of the Senussi leaders have been handed over to the Italians. We awaited confirmation of this story and within a month news came from the refugees who had entered Egypt. They stated that these noble ladies who had been reared in an atmosphere of greatest purity and sanctity had been seized in a desert and handed over to those criminal beast, who do not know the meaning of the phrase 'preservation of honour and pay no respect to noble blood.' We also learned that certain elderly Sheikh who protested against the violation of the honour of those ladies were ordered by a General to be killed.

"Moreover Senussi Monasteries had been desecrated and turned into wine booths, copies of the sacred scriptures had been trampled under foot and heroic Senussis were hurled from aeroplanes before the eyes of their wives and children. When one of them re-

MUNICIPALITY SUSPENDED

U. P. Govt.'s Order On Hardwar Union Board

LUCKNOW, July 26.

H. E. the Governor has ordered the supersession of the Hardwar Union Municipal Board for three years with effect from July 29.

A communique announcing this decision recalls the party frictions in the Municipality and how majority party obstructed the business of the Board, thereby bringing its administration practically to a standstill.—A. P.

Funds For China War

CALCUTTA, July 26.

The organisers of the third anniversary of Chinese resistance against Japanese invasion have so far collected Rs. 10,000 including Rs. 500 from Indian friends, which will be sent for the relief of wounded and disabled soldiers in China.—United Press.

Courageous Act

CALCUTTA, July 26.

For their courageous act of performing the marriage ceremony without observing the custom of 'purdha', three young Marwari couples were given a public ovation by members of the Working Committee of the Anti-Purdha Conference.—United Press.

ched the ground and was dashed to pieces, the Italian bystanders clapped their hands with joy and shouted at the Arabs 'Let your Bedouin Arab Prophet Muhammad who commanded you to make Jihad (Holy War) come to deliver you from our hands!'

Air Force, but Indian airmen have been trained in all the trades, and they hold the same titles as the Royal Air Force.

In the Indian Air Force every community is represented and all not only share a common mess, but have a common cook. Sikhs, Madrassis, Mahatras, Rajputs, Mohammedans, Parsis, Christians, Hindus and others are all welcome to the Indian Air Force and all enjoy life equally well and do equally at their jobs, thus disposing of the contention sometimes heard that one group or community has an inherent superiority over others for specialised work. The fact of the matter is that the Air Force demands only three things of its personnel; perfect health, keenness, and intelligence. It has no

use for the brainless or for those who will not use their brains and their hands, because the Air Force is a modern and a highly technical service.

QUALIFICATIONS

In the first place the minimum qualification for all ranks is the Matriculation, while the second essential is a very high standard of physical fitness. Applicants must be from 18 to 28 years of age. The training of the young men is two-fold—educational and technical—and its organisation is notable for its efficiency.

A strong nucleus has been formed for the air defence of India. From this nucleus a larger and more modern Indian Air Force is now coming into existence.



MEENAKSHI AND WINAYAK—in a scene from Navyug Chitrapat Ltd.'s maiden production, "Lapandav" (in Marathi) released last night at the West End.

"Lapandav" Has Gala Premiere

Navyug Chitrapat's Maiden Production At West End Inaugurated By Shantaram

The Navyug Chitrapat Ltd. made an auspicious start with the gala premiere last night of their maiden Marathi film, "Lapandav". Prominent producers, distributors, stars and journalists were present.

The picture, at West End, was inaugurated by the Prabhat Director-Producer Shantaram who paid a handsome tribute to the enterprise of the Navyug executives.

"I hope," he concluded, "that this concern will prosper and flourish and give to the picture not only first rate entertainment

but also pictures with a progressive social purpose."

Speaking earlier, Professor V. G. Kale, on behalf of the Navyug Chitrapat Ltd., outlined the ambitions of the new concern and requested Shantaram to bless their enterprise by inaugurating the picture.

The executives of Navyug and of Prabhat Pictures who are their distributors as well as the stars of "Lapandav" were the recipients of congratulations on the excellence of their first picture.

A review of the picture by our critic will appear next Saturday.

As a motion picture director, Shantaram is a rare combination of the idealist and the realist.

In the selection of themes for his films he is an irreconcilable idealist and would not touch a story lacking in social significance with a barge pole. "Unexpected" and "Admi" both were designed by him to propagate certain human ideals and to underline certain social problems. "Padost" was recently referred to in a Prabhat bulletin as a "picture without a problem." That may be so but this scribe will pawn his pen if it does not turn out to be a story "all of social significance and inspired by progressive idealism."

ODD-JOB MAN!

Once he has chosen a story, however, Shantaram is no longer a visionary. He is suddenly transformed into a matter-of-fact craftsman and sets to work with the same meticulous precision as a watchmaker. Like a watchmaker, indeed, he sees to it that not only each little component part is perfect by itself but also that all of them are rhythmically coordinated into a perfect whole. Thus each succeeding item in the process of film production—scenario, dialogues, songs, costumes, sets, acting, photography, sound-recording, processing and editing—receives the personal attention of Shantaram. He started life in the studio as an odd-job man and to-day there is nothing from recording sound to applying make-up, that he cannot efficiently do himself.

But he is not one of those directors who presume to write the story, scenario, dialogues, songs and, sometimes, even the advertisements of their pictures. He knows that film production is not a one-man's job and that co-operative effort, rather than one individual usurping all the varied functions, is the key of success. He supervises every department, lays down the general policy and makes clear what standard of efficiency he expects. Then he lets his collaborators and assistants do their jobs themselves. And he is so satisfied with the results that there are hardly two occasions



VASANTEE in "Sant Tulsidas", standing devotional film at Cinema House.

SHANTARAM in WOMAN'S ROLE!

That "Panya Bharan Ko Jaon" technique!



In a year when he has to interfere with their work.

MUST PUSH THE STORY

About scenario-construction Shantaram is very particular. No picture is allowed to go on the 'sets' unless the proper sequence of events has been finally approved by him.

"Every little scene," he insists, "must push the story forward or help in the psychological development of an important character. If it does neither of these two things, the scene must be pushed out of the scenario." How I wish more of our film directors acted upon this principle.

FROM SIX STUDIOS TO ONE

Once the scenario is finally approved, Shantaram spends much thought on the problem of proper casting. Once a well-known critic remarked, "Half of Shantaram's ability as a director lies in getting the right person for the right role." This is true to a great extent. He will never start a picture until he is completely satisfied with the entire cast. It does not matter whether he has to import an established star for a small role or give the stellar role to a new "find," he must have for each role the person most fitted to play it. He does not believe in casting the same artists over and over again. Hardly anyone from "Admi" will appear in "Padost." For this new picture he scoured all the studios—got Jagirdar from Minerva, Mazhar Khan from Circo, Deteq from Ranjit (of course, he has already worked for Prabhat in "Unexpected"), Jaishree and Chandrakant from Saraswati, Balwant Singh from Bombay Talkies, Anis Khatoon from Lahore. Some of them,

BOMBAY FILM DIARY

CENTRAL—"Sant Dnyaneshwar" Prabhat's Mythological, starring Shahu Modak with Sumati Gupte, Yeshwant, etc., in Marathi and Hindustani versions. Excellent. Must be seen. (Eleventh week).

CHITRA—"Civil Marriage", Sagar film featuring Snehprabha Pradhan, Prabha, Arun and Harish. (Revival).

KRISHNA—New Theatres' "Andhi" starring Molina, Pankaj Mullick, K. C. Dey, Shreelekha, Muzamil, etc. (Fifth week).

IMPERIAL—"Pagal" Ranjit film, starring Madhuri and Prithviraj, directed by A. R. Kardar. Excellent. Must be seen. (Fourth week).

MINERVA—India Artists' "Bahurani", starring Rose, Anuradha and Kishore Sahu. Clean entertainment. Recommended. (Sixth week).

OPERA HOUSE—"Tulsidas" (in Hindustani), fine Ranjit film, starring Leela Chitnis, Pagnis, Deteq, etc. Ideal film for the devotional-minded. (Second week).

PATHE—National Studios' "Woman" starring Sardar Akhtar, Surendra with Yakub, Jyoti, etc. Excellent. Most Popular. Must be seen. (12th week).

ROXY—Hindustan Cinescope's "Saubhagya" starring Shobhana Samarth, Snehprabha Pradhan, Prem Adib, etc. (Sixth week).

WEST END—"Lapandav", Navyug Chitrapat Ltd.'s maiden production starring Meenakshi, Winayak, Baburao Pendharkar and Vannalata.

SUPER—"Aj ki Dunia", featuring Ashalata, Trilok Kapur, Jivan,

So They Say

Points From Readers' Letters

From: "Prabhat Fan" (Matunga). "...How long will Prabhat keep on digging up old Saints? Let's have more Admis and less Dnyaneshwars."

From: S. M. Asghar (Bombay). "...Is Kishore Sahu really the youngest producer in India? If he is, some of the veterans in our line can learn a lot from him. His 'Bahurani' is excellent."

From B. Pal (Poona). "Why do you keep on praising pictures which prove flops? I did not like 'Chingari' at all. And as for 'Woman' have you read Pearl Buck's 'Mother'?"

CIRCO'S "ANURADHA" COMING TO MAJESTIC

Circo Productions' third picture, "Anuradha" will be released next week at the Majestic.

Based on a story by the well-known Gujarati author, Shadya, and directed by Mohan Sinha, the picture features Maya Banerji, Ashalata, Trilok Kapur and Jeevan.

"Aj Ki Dunia" At Super.

Sindhoo Productions' maiden effort, "Aj Ki Dunia", is being shown at the Super Cinema.

Produced in association with Circo Productions, it features Ashalata, Trilok Kapur, Jivan and Vatsala Kumtekar.



These two pictures were taken, specially for "The Chronicle", during rehearsals for "Padost". Shantaram's new picture now under production at Prabhat Studios, Poona.

On the left you see the great Director showing two extra girls just how to carry a pitcher of water while above he is seen giving a mischievous expression to Jaishree.

Directors At Work (I)

Idealist Who Is Also A Craftsman!

By K. AHMAD ABBAS

It appears, were not free from previous contracts but Shantaram preferred to delay the picture rather than start it with the wrong artists. And, besides these, don't be surprised if you find several absolutely new faces being sky-rocketed to fame in this very picture.

In selecting his cast, Shantaram is not influenced by the status an artist enjoys in the other studios or the sort of role he has been playing. He knows how many leading stars are continuously miscast in the wrong type of roles and when he looks at an artist he ignores what roles he or she has been playing. He evaluates only his or her potential worth and capability. To take one example, he picked up Balwant Singh whose fire voice had been heard in a few Bombay Talkies pictures from behind the beard of a blind singer and, after six months' rigorous training, he has turned him into a handsome hero, to be seen in "Padost."

I remember once watching Shantaram while he was interviewing one of the more promising of our junior music directors.

"I want you to come to my studio," he said and added much to the surprise of the melody-maker, "No, not to direct music, but to play a certain role in a picture I have in mind." A similar offer he once made to a wild-eyed young author who was trying to sell a story. "I would like to cast you in my picture," he said and, waving aside the author's protests that he did not know how to act, he declared, "But I know you can act that particular role."

MAKING FILMS, NOT FILM STARS!

In this respect, Shantaram seems to follow the unorthodox casting methods of some of Russia's leading directors who do not believe in always recruiting their artists from the ranks of prominent professionals and who sometimes find their actors and actresses in the strangest places—in fields, factories, workshops and mines!

"We try to make motion pictures, not to make stars," he once said in an interview. The greatest and the most popular star in the world is of no use to Shantaram unless he or she fits the role as he has conceived it.

FIRST RATE ACTRESS!

Casting, however, is not the end of his work. It is just the beginning. Then start the rehearsals and it is in this stage that Shantaram reveals the startling fact that he is a first rate actor—and an equally first rate actress! There is no male or female role in his picture that he cannot play better than any of his artists. Each little gesture—from the raising of an eye-brow to the thumping of the table—he clearly does. (Continued in Col. 6).



MADHURI in a scene from "Pagal", fine Ranjit film at Imperial.

Studio Spy's 5th Column

Let me begin with a contradiction. Director Jayant Desai is not leaving Ranjit Studios. The news was published by some local papers and no one was more surprised to read it than Jayant Desai himself.

There is some talk about Documentary Film producer Paul Ratha coming to India to produce a film called "Dak" on the progress of the Indian postal system.

Prabhat To Produce "Omar Khayyam"

It is reliably learnt that after "Tadosi", Director Shantaram's next picture will be "Omar Khayyam", based on the life of the great Persian poet, scientist and humanitarian.

Preparations, I believe have already begun at the Prabhat Studios where the Scenario has been completed and the Art Department is said to be busy with research work for costumes and sets.

Director Mahboob and his unit are reported to have signed on the dotted line and Producer Daga (Junior) is looking about for a site to build an up-to-date sound-proof studio for which equipment has been ordered.

Vishu-pant (Tukaram) Pagnis received Rs. 20,000 from Prakash Pictures to appear in their "Narsi Bhagat". Must be a record for a male film star in India!

Leela Chitnis Goes Back To School!

To be a good artiste, is to have wide experience of the world. No scrap of knowledge that a screen star may possess, is ever entirely wasted.

Thus it was that, the other day, Leela Chitnis came to the aid of Director Acharya on the Bombay Talkies "Bandhan" set. It was a school room scene and Miss Chitnis, who had no part in it, was yet an interested spectator. It was really V. H. Desai's field day, and the comedian was in his element as a school master.

Cinematographer Parinja was about to "shoot", when some little doubt arose about the layout of the class room. The director was debating the matter with his colleagues, when Leela Chitnis saw their difficulty and stepped in.

She quickly made up her mind, slightly altered the disposition of some furniture, and gave the who's, thing an "O.K." And her decision was as quickly accepted as final; it had to be, for Miss Chitnis herself had been school teacher before she ever thought of stardom.

Producer Kikubhai Desai of Paramount Studio has started a new production unit, Great India Pictures. The first film will be "Sneh Bandhan" featuring Bibbo.

The well-known comedian, Noor Mohamed Charlie, has been given a picture to direct at the Ranjit Studios. It will be a comedy, of course.



ZAHoor RAJA plays the male lead in National's "Pooja", being directed by A. R. Kardar.

Step Forward For India's Independence

M. N. ROY'S PROPOSALS FOR CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY

Mr. M. N. Roy has submitted the following resolutions on Constituent Assembly to the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee, to be held at Poona, on the 27th instant.

Acting upon the direction contained in the resolution of the Ramgarh Congress, this meeting of the All-India Congress Committee resolves to take steps for an early convening of the Constituent Assembly.

This Committee further resolves to declare the following as the fundamental principles of the constitution of the democratic state of Free India on the establishment of which the Congress goal of complete independence will be attained:

The sovereignty belongs to the people and will be exercised through the direct control of the Executive as well as the legislative functions of the State by the elected representatives of the people.

FUNDAMENTALS

India is a Federal Republic State, composed of a number of autonomous republics, built on the basis of linguistic and cultural homogeneity, as far as possible.

All the component parts of the Federation shall have a uniform democratic Constitution.

Local People's Councils, created by the masses during the struggle for freedom from foreign imperialism and native reaction, are the basic units of the State. They will be elected, in future, by the universal franchise of the population, under their respective jurisdictions, proportional number of seats being reserved for minority communities, if so desired.

Provincial and National Legislative Assemblies will be elected by the local People's Councils which will thus function as the electoral units.

All land as well as the underground riches are the collective property of the nation. Cultivators are entitled to hold land, without any disability, subject to the payment of a land-tax, not exceeding 15 per cent. of the net produce.

Promotion of the productivity of labour through the introduction of modern mechanical means of production in the responsibility of the State.

Heavy industries and banks are subject to State control. The promotion of large-scale co-operative agriculture through cheap supply of modern machinery and credit is the responsibility of the State.

A minimum scale of wages, to provide an irreducible standard of living, is guaranteed, to all labourers, manual as well as mental.

The State guarantees employment or adequate relief to every

willing worker, as a right of citizenship.

Nobody shall labour more than seven hours a day for six days a week.

Free and compulsory secular education is guaranteed to all children up to the sixteen.

Promotion of public health and sanitation is a charge of the State.

CIVIL LIBERTIES

Freedom of press, speech and association is guaranteed to all but the enemies of the people.

The fullest freedom of religion and worship is guaranteed.

Complete cultural autonomy is guaranteed.

Women have the same rights and responsibilities of citizenship as men.

MINORITY RIGHTS

Rights of minorities will be protected through proportional reservation of seats on public bodies, if so desired.

The All-India Congress Committee further resolves that Congress members of the Central and the Provincial Legislatures, together with other elected members of those bodies shall meet, within two months, in a joint session to endorse the above as the fundamental principles of the constitution of the democratic state of Free India.

The All-India Congress Committee appeals to all other nationalist organisations, particularly the Muslim League, to direct their respective representatives on the Legislative Assemblies to participate in the proposed joint meeting.

The All-India Congress Committee further resolves that the joint meeting of the popular representatives in the Legislative Assemblies having endorsed the above as the fundamental principles of the constitution of the democratic state of Free India, will call upon the Indian people to elect their deputies to a Constituent Assembly, through local People's Councils to be set up for the purposes, for incorporating these principles in the fundamental law of that State.

SOCIALISTS DISCUSS RECENT POLITICAL SITUATION

POONA, July 26.

The Socialist Executive met again this morning for four hours and continued discussions on the present political situation. The committee also discussed the international development and its likely effect on India.

At present they are considering what programme they are to place before the Congress as an alternative to the proposals embodied in the Delhi resolution of the Working Committee. It is understood that the executive is considering the question of formation of a national militia and labour situation in the country.—A. P.

py and giving it added significance by a particular camera angle.

SPARE THE SCISSORS AND...

And so we arrive at the last but one stage of his work—editing. He does this, too, with characteristic efficiency, creating rhythm and tempo by piecing together shorter and longer strips of celluloid. That, indeed, is creative art and Shantaram's films are what they are because of his judicious sense that directs his scissors. Nothing, however, is perfect in this world, and I suspect that, having worked on them with loving care, Shantaram is reluctant to cut out or cut short certain scenes. In the interests of shorter and still better films one hopes he will not spare the scissors while editing his forthcoming productions.

IN THE DARK

Editing of the film, as I said, is the last but one stage of his work. As for the last stage, you cannot observe it. It is literally carried on in the dark.

If you happen to go to see a Shantaram picture in the four-anna or nine-anna class during the first week of its run, be careful about your remarks. The great Director may be sitting next to you.

THESE FILMS ARE COMING

"BANDHAN", from Bombay Talkies, starring Leela Chitnis and Ashok Kumar, to be released at Roxy on or about August 10.

"BHAROSA", from Minerva, starring Chandramohan, Sardar Akhtar, Mazhar Khan, etc., to be released at Minerva on or about August 10.

"DIAMOND QUEEN", from Wadga, featuring Nadia, Sardar Mansoor, Radha Rani, etc., due at Lamington on August 1.

BADMINTON

B. P. Amateur Open Championships

Mugve And Mugve Extended: Shah Good And Erratic

Considerable progress was made in the Bombay Presidency Amateur Open Badminton Championships on Friday before a crowd of Badminton enthusiasts.

Mugve and Mugve had to their utmost to better Kshelkar and Pathare and this match was the best of the evening's series.

Mrs. M. Gupta showed good form, when in partnership with another nice player, Miss L. Pandit, bettered Miss Bocarro and Miss Katkar.

K. G. Shah, a youngster, who plays a fluent game impressed when associated with M. L. Chaudhari. Shah should go far if he could shed his irresponsibility on the court.

The following were the results:—
MEN'S DOUBLES.

K. G. Shah and M. L. Chaudhari beat H. G. Gorakshakar and N. S. Sayaji Rao 15-2, 15-13; V. R. Amladi and S. R. Kalambe beat M. N. Deasa and S. G. Velkar 15-12, 15-6; C. Gomes and E. J. Carvalho w.o.; H. Frenchman and L. R. Agasker beat Harchand Singh and V. V. Deshpande 15-3, 15-7; V. B. Sonan and Partner beat D. E. Asar and Partner 15-7, 12-15, 15-3; D. G. Mugve and M. G. Mugve beat D. D. Kshelkar and V. V. Pathare 15-12, 15-13; V. N. Iyer and C. S. Gopal beat L. M. Khatu and partner 15-14, 15-1, 15-7; V. V. Dhanurandhar and C. K. Menon beat B. D. Shroff and Tenbrook 15-3, 15-10; A. S. Nagarkatti and S. M. Kather beat M. N. Karup and Partner, 15-1, 15-6; B. R. Agasker and J. Agnel beat T. S. Mohile and B. P. Kadam, 15-9, 15-3; D. Kapadia and P. S. Gorgeonker beat Atmaram and Shamdas 15-9, 15-11; A. V. Ullal and K. R. Lotwalla w.o.; S. N. Zedari and N. Amrit Rao beat D. M. Bhatia and R. B. Sagreya, 15-2, 15-2.

MEN'S SINGLES.

C. Gomes beat K. R. Lotwalla, 15-6, 15-8.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES.

Mrs. M. Gupta and Miss L. Pandit beat Miss Bocarro and Miss Katkar, 15-13, 15-10; Miss Veena Desai and Mrs. Diwan beat Miss S. Bhawe and Miss Paranjape.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES

P. J. HINDU GYMKHANA COURT—

4 p.m. J. Pinto Vs. C. S. Shete.

4-20 p.m. N. Amrit Rao Vs. H. Frenchman.

4-40 p.m. L. I. Pereira Vs. M. G. Mugve.

5 p.m. Miss Veena Desai Vs. Mrs. J. S. Nogueira.

5-20 p.m. Miss F. Vatchha Vs. Miss

WORLD OF SPORT: HOME AND ABROAD

W. I. F. A. Reverses Decision On Caltex-South Kanara Match

(BY LOOKER-ON.)

Soccer-fans in Bombay will be pleased to hear that the General Council of the W.I.F.A. have reversed the decision of its Emergency Committee in regard to the Caltex-South Kanara match in the First Division of the Harwood League. It will be recalled that their first engagement, South Kanara won by two goals to nil. By owing to a mistake on the part of the referee the match was ordered to be replayed. In the replay another referee blundered. It caused so much excitement among the public that it culminated in a miniature riot on the Cooperage.

ACT OF JUSTICE.

The Emergency Committee upholding the decision of the referee awarded the points to Caltex. At the South Kanara appeal to the General Council pointing out the various mistakes committed by the referee in charge of the game. The only point on which the Council found the referee at fault was that he did not clear the penalty area of the South Kanara players and spectators when the spot-kick was taken by Caltex. This was definitely against the rules. The other objections were set aside as the rules were in favour of the referee. The match will, therefore, be played again. The Council is to be congratulated on doing justice to South Kanara at the sacrifice of some prestige of the Emergency Committee.

PROGRAMME FOR SUNDAY.

9 a.m. S. N. Kalambe Vs. C. S. Gopal.

9-30 a.m. G. D. Shroff Vs. E. J. Carvalho.

10 a.m. V. N. Pathare Vs. J. Agnel or Melville D'Souza.

10-30 a.m. A. V. Ullal and K. R. Lotwalla or Buzigal C. Shah and J. P. Kapadia Vs. V. C. Raiker and Eddy D'Souza.

3-45 p.m. B. R. Agasker and Partner Vs. Miss F. Vatchha and J. R. Vimaladai.

4-10 p.m. C. Gomes and Partner Vs. Miss L. Daruwalla and L. I. Pereira.

4-30 p.m. Mrs. Jayaker and Miss Khandke Vs. Miss M. R. Vimaladai and Mrs. S. Manekshaw.

4-50 p.m. Miss Leela Phansalkar and Miss Indira Phansalkar Vs. Miss P. de Lima and Miss F. Vatchha.

5-10 Miss K. Dadyburjor and Mrs. P. Nariman Vs. Miss A. R. Vimaladai and Miss P. Giniwalla.

5-30 p.m. Miss Bocarro and L. R. Agasker Vs. Mrs. Sharda Diwan and K. R. Lotwalla.

5-50 p.m. Miss P. de Lima and K. M. Gangulka Vs. V. N. Pathare and Partner.

6-10 p.m. Mrs. J. S. Nogueira and H. Frenchman Vs. A. R. Delorme and Partner.

6-30 p.m. A. V. Ullal and Partner Vs. A. Pair.

7 p.m. Miss M. R. Vimaladai and R. N. Kanga Vs. V. Dhanurandhar and Partner.

7-20 p.m. P. G. Gorgeonker and Partner Vs. V. N. Iyer and Mrs. Ruthertford.

Traffic Near Cinemas

(Continued from Page 6.)

capacity. Not a single policeman was there or a W.I.A.A. sentry at the end of the show and to crown all this great achievement there was a heavy downpour of rain. There was such a congestion and blocking of traffic that it took me half an hour to take my car out of it and I was lucky as most of the people were still waiting for their cars. Why should not there be proper police arrangement and W.I.A.A. sentries to manage and direct the traffic and cars properly? I hope this will receive the attention of the authorities soon.—Yours, etc.

M. R. RUIA.

July 25.

No Communal Matches

To The Editor of "The Chronicle" Sir—I was much surprised to see in the papers that the proposals to hold an annual football pentagonal was endorsed by the W. I. F. A.

At a time when those who are interested in India's future are trying to bring about intercommunal unity and reduce meets on communal lines to the minimum, it is really beyond our thought of the idea as emanating from minds that are sympathetic towards India.

To-day, when all those who wish to see a united India are against the holding of the cricket pentagonal we are told that another game is going to be made use of as a weapon of separation instead of unity.

The cricket pentagonal has undoubtedly shown that if it does not harm relations between player and player, it undoubtedly embitters relations between the hasty minded and narrow minded sections of each community.

Such proposals and their endorsement make one doubt if the management of sport in India or at least in Bombay is in right hands or in the hands of people who wish to see a factional India. Will the public, the press and the players start a crusade against communal sports and have nothing to do with the proposed football pentagonal?

The public should refuse to see the games of the pentagonal. The press should refuse to publish anything concerning the games, and the players should refuse to play the games.

Let us hope that the 3 P's will rise to the occasion.—Yours etc.

GEORGE LOBO

Mr. Kher's Statement On Prohibition

To The Editor of "The Chronicle." Sir—I really thought I had written the last word on Prohibition for after the Full Bench judgment, I believed that Prohibition was a dead letter in Bombay and Ahmedabad. Unfortunately it is merely modified by the present Government. In spite of this, Mr. Kher states that had H. E. the Governor and his advisers been sympathetic towards Prohibition it would have been kept alive in spite of the legal difficulties. On the other hand a large section of the public are not at all satisfied with the small modifications introduced by the Government after months of ceaseless agitation. For instance only five leading clubs, are so far permitted to sell liquor to their members—the others have to do without. One or two leading hotels can only serve drinks in special rooms—no drink is allowed in the dining room or ball room where music and dancing go on. Yet in the clubs drinks are served during dancing to members and guests! At the Victoria Terminus and Bombay Central stations you cannot get a drink. Out of the refreshment car of a train about to leave V. T. station you cannot obtain a drink, but it will be served to you at the next stop, Dadar! Newspapers of Bombay are still forbidden to publish liquor advertisements, yet the papers outside Bombay and Ahmedabad are allowed to do so! Foreign liquor anyone, rich or poor, can buy anywhere, yet the unfortunate worker cannot yet have his cheap glass of toddy which nature supplies him abundantly in his country. Cinemas and theatres cannot yet serve drinks. By introducing such meaningless modifications, Government can only hope to recover a very small amount of the excise revenue of 14 crores lost through Prohibition. And so one can entertain little hope of relief from the Property and Sales Taxes.

Mr. Kher's statement is most regrettable. As a Solicitor he ought to be the last man to question the judgment of the Full Bench of the High Court. It is against all accepted traditions of the legal profession. When the same High Court Judges upheld Mr. Kher's Property Tax as proper and valid, the ex-Prime Minister had no grouse against these judges. To-day in his opinion and in the opinion of his so-called eminent lawyer friends the

Indianisation Of Army

To The Editor of "The Chronicle." Sir—We shall never get the full effort of India until India has Dominion Status when I believe she will be in a position to make her maximum effort. It is totally unfair to say that Great Britain is bearing the brunt of India's protection, as if to infer that India as a whole did not wish to do her share. There have in the past ten years been many Indians who have tried to start better schools for training officers for the Army. Dr. Moonje being one of them, also to encourage flying among Indians and starting gliding clubs. Others have wished to start engine factories and motor factories. I know they have had discouragement from Government. It is true that the Provincial and Central Legislature always discouraged any expenditure on defence forces or expansion, but these were generally Congress members, who know nothing of war or military matters or the Defence of India. But since Munich 1938, Government have had the opportunity of expanding and putting India on a war footing. Democratic Government depends on public opinion and it is this public opinion that is lacking in India. Dominion Status in India will one hopes provide democracy for the country and not only a Congress Dictatorship.

I believe that 90 per cent. of the people of India want Dominion Status very few want "Independence." The fear of Congress or other Dictatorship deters a few States from trusting Dominion Status.

Revolution seems to start India in the face after this War, unless India has Dominion Status and a truly Democratic Government. So long as India differentiates between combatant and non-combatant classes, the former must have their own representatives in a Democratic Government. The combatant classes were to some extent sacrificed after the last War, to non-combatant, political and Congress agitators. Education has made this impossible in the future without great risk of revolution in some form or other. There have been millions of loyal young Indians, for years past, of all classes wanting to undergo the necessary education and training and to join India's Defence Forces. I believe these will never get their full opportunity until India has Dominion Status. The Government of India are alone responsible that Great Britain is in anyway bearing the brunt of India's protection, in that they in the past discouraged Military Education and Training, and expansion of India's Defence Forces.—Yours, etc.,

MERVYN C. COOTE.
Andheri, July 13.

Mr. Meyer Nissim

To The Editor of "The Chronicle" Sir—The closure of Messrs. Meyer Nissim and Company on Monday, 15th July, must have profoundly grieved the Jewish community as it has grieved one and all intimately associated with it during its long standing. Mr. Meyer Nissim, the father of this firm, is an ex-Mayor and now is a member of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, the Bombay Port Trust and various charitable institutions. A man of unimpeachable character and possessing the kindest of dispositions, he had done yeoman's service to the public irrespective of caste and creed. He has helped many an unfortunate man driven out of Nazi Germany and other totalitarian States. The loss of this firm is, therefore, the indirect misfortune of all that have been benefited through Mr. Nissim's benevolence, who has always served the community without any personal considerations.—Yours etc.,

A. A. NURIE.

Commerce Secretary And Sugar Sales

SIMLA, July 25
Sir Alan Lloyd, Commerce Secretary, is leaving Simla to-day for Allahabad to take part in the discussions arranged by H. E. the Governor of the United Provinces on the change of policy of the Indian Sugar Syndicate in the matter of the sale of sugar in India.

It is expected that Sir Alan will return on July 30.



BEAUTY TREATMENT No. 1

- Thoroughly cleanses the deep skin
- Smooths, softens the outer skin
- Has stimulating Tonic Action

A special Tonic Action

Pears has a very special tonic action on the skin. After every wash you will feel your skin tingling with health. Pears stimulates the skin, helps it to close the pores against dust, braces it and wakens it to new beauty. And it leaves a perfume that is fragrant and refreshing, subtle and attractive.

Thorough cleansing essential

If you are to preserve the natural beauty of your skin, you must first cleanse the pores of every trace of dust and impurities. Pears has a special power of deep and cleansing penetration. Its lather sinks deep down into the pores of the skin and gently removes every trace of dirt.

Pears Transparent Glycerine Soap is the perfect softener of skin. Massage its lather gently into the skin and keep it soft, smooth and free from roughness, protected against dust and sun and so supple it will not crack.

Regularly every day

Every day give your skin this simple Pears Beauty Treatment No. 1. Wash thoroughly with Pears and clear water. Let Pears cleanse deep into the skin and remove all impurities. Let Pears soften the skin, then tone it up. Then will you stimulate your skin to beauty, help to protect its natural loveliness against the ravages of dust and heat.

Economy Note
The last thin wafer of your Pears tablet fits into the hollow face of a new tablet. You can use Pears to the very end.



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Kashmir welcomes you!

Swim, shoot, boat, hike, ride, ski, camp, golf, fish, laze—you can do them all.

You can also capture the pleasant moments of your care free holiday with your camera to take back with you and to remind you of the discovery of the most wonderful place in the land you live in.

It's a joy to be in Kashmir.

Travel particulars from Director, Visitors' Bureau, Srinagar, or from Tourist Agencies.

KASHMIR

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WANTED

For The HINDUSTHAN CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY, LTD., the following:—

- (1) Two Inspectors of Agencies for the City and Suburbs.
- (2) One Organiser of Agencies for Khandesh Division.
- (3) Special Agents for Nizam's Dominions as well as Ordinary Agents throughout Bombay Presidency.

Only persons with experience of field organisation and able to guarantee business needed. Apply to Branch Manager, Hornby Road, Bombay.

WHEN I am out of sorts,
I always take
CASTOPHENE

Constipation is the root of many ills. Bad headaches, dizziness, pains in the back, blemishes, bad breath and other ailments are usually due to constipation. But by taking Castophene your system is cleansed and purified—surely it is worth one rupee to enjoy a healthier life.

Start taking Castophene, today—a chocolate laxative which contains pure Castor oil. It is sweet and acts gently, but effectively. All good chemists stock it.

CASTOPHENE
CASTOR OIL CHOCOLATES

Available at all chemists and stores or from P. O. Box 88, KARACHI.

Safely Rely on

AMRUTANJAN BALM

For the Cure of Colds, Cough, Headaches, Rheumatism, Swellings and all other kinds of Aches and Pains

AMRUTANJAN DEPOTS

BOMBAY AND MADRAS



Satiranjana Memorial Shield Tournament

WEEK-END FIXTURES
The following matches in the Satiranjana Memorial Shield Tournament will be held during this week-end. The match between B. and C. and I. Railway and the Royal Indian Navy fixed for to-day had to be postponed owing to some of the Railway players being engaged in the Pentagonal match.

TO-DAY (SATURDAY).
5-40 p.m. N.I.A.A. Staff vs. Khar Young United.

TO-MORROW (SUNDAY).
4-40 p.m. Y.M.C.A. vs. Matunga Athletic (Bengal Club Cup League).

5-40 p.m. Bombay City Police vs. Bengal Club.

I. F. A. SHIELD

Mohamedan Sporting Win Again

The following are results of I.F.A. Shield matches played to-day.
Delhi Football Association 0: Khulna 0 (Replay).
Rangers 2: Calcutta 0.
Mohamedan Sporting 1: Habiganj Town Club 0.

FOUR RACE HORSES DEAD

(From Our Correspondent.)
THANA, July 25.

Mr. A. Gujadhur the trainer has lost three horses which were under him: Bangor, Grimage and Torkian. A message from Bangalore tells of the death of Show Girl owned and trained by Mr. S. K. Varma.

Convicted In Spite Of Assessors' Opinion

(From Our Correspondent.)
THANA, July 25.

Disagreeing with the majority opinion of "not guilty" declared by the Assessors, Mr. A. K. Phadkar, Additional Sessions Judge, Thana convicted to-day Buttaraya Tribhaskar, a clerk from the District Superintendent of Police's Office at Bandra of the offence of falsifying Government record by making a false receipt and sentenced him to rigorous imprisonment for 9 months. The accused concerned was serving as an assistant to the public conveyance tax collector and was alleged to have issued false receipts for money received.

RANGOON, July 25.

The "Associated Press" understands that the question of compulsory service for European British subjects in Burma for work of national importance is engaging the attention of the Government.—A. P.

THE ONLY MAN—
who does not like
this picture—
BECAUSE HE IS
the money lender
in the story



WATCH SUKHILALA—
and you will know why
NATIONAL STUDIOS'

WOMAN

Starring:
SURENDRA
SARDAR AKHTAR & YAKUB
DIRECTOR:
MEHBOOB
12TH WEEK
AT
PATHE
3-30 6-30 & 10 p. m.

REGAL

Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

A MAN-MADE
MONSTER IS
ON THE LOOSE!



BORIS
KARLOFF
BELA
LUGOSI
in
BLACK FRIDAY
with STANLEY RIDGES
Also Special Topical
"ROAD TO VICTORY"

Commencing To-day!

What is Marriage?
Oh! What a question!
You'll say a marriage is a mar-
riage—but no! It is something
more! See

Civil Marriage

Sagar Production Starring

PRABHA, HARISH,
Miss PRADHAN

Daily: 4, 6-45 & 9-45 p.m.
TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW
MATINEE AT 1-15 P.M.

CHITRA

Vincent Road—Dadar.



We Who Have No Tomorrows
Must Take Our Love Today!



The stars and heart-throbs of
"Wuthering Heights" join the stars
and thrills of "The Fighting 69th"
to make 1940's prize dramatic hit!



MERLE GEORGE
OBERON-BRENT
TIL
WE MEET
AGAIN

PAT O'BRIEN
GERALDINE FITZGERALD
BIBBIE BARNES - FRANK McHUGH
Directed by EDMUND GULDING - Screen Play
by EDWARD GULDING - Original Story by Robert Lord
A WARNER BROS. First National Picture

EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

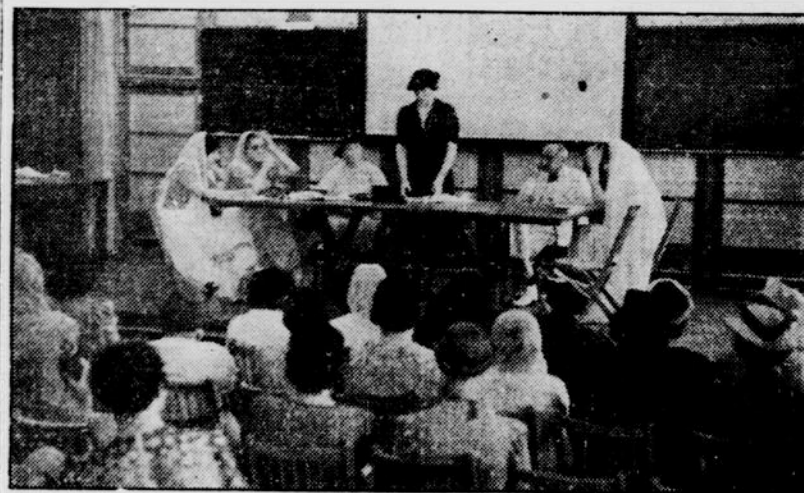
2ND WEEK!

EVEN GIRLS WHO
HAVEN'T ANY...
WILL AGREE THAT
TWO'S TOO MANY!



WESLEY RUGGLES
in
The Many Moods
of
HARRY ARNOLD
with
LILLY MARY-DOLGANS
Based on the play by M. Somerset Maugham
A COLUMBIA PICTURE

NEW
EMPIRE
4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.



Lady Lumley attended the meeting of the Ladies' Com-
mittee of War Gifts Fund on Wednesday at Electric
House. Photo shows Lady Lumley addressing the
gathering.

Madras Wires Money For Bomber And Two Fighters

Send-Off To Alwar Regiment: Plea For Pilot
Training To Undergraduates

MADRAS, July 26.
Out of donations received for the Madras Governor's war fund a sum of Rs. one lakh has to-day been cabled to the Air Ministry towards the purchase of a bomber or two fighters to be named "Madras".
The contributions to H. E. the Madras Governor's war fund up to the afternoon of Thursday July 25 total Rs. 7,57,148.

INDIAN TROOPS IN MALAYA

Film Depicts Their
Activities

SIMLA, July 26.
A film depicting the activities of Indian troops now stationed in Malaya will, it is learnt, be available shortly for showing at cinemas throughout India and in other parts of the world. The film, which is being made by a well-known Singapore cinematographer, will be of the regulation commercial size and parts of it will be accompanied by a sound track for talkie cinemas.

By this means, it will be possible for audiences throughout India and in other countries to see the men of the Indian Army now in Malaya actually at work in the course of their military duties and at play during their leisure hours.—A. P.

SCHEME FOR WAR RISK INSURANCE

"Why Compel Traders
In Mofussil?"

CALCUTTA, July 26.
The view that traders in the mofussil should not be compelled to insure against war risk, "when such risk is negligible, or at least much less there," is expressed by the Committee of the Indian Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta. In communicating to the Government of India their opinion on the proposed scheme for war risk insurance of commodities on land. They also object to the scheme being enforced as a compulsory measure.

As regards the rate of premium, the Committee, while realising the advisability of initially building up a fund, state that the risk involved in India is much less than that in the United Kingdom and is not so urgent. The Committee, therefore, believe that there could be no comparison with the United Kingdom in this respect.

The Committee suggest that the rate in India should not exceed in any case one anna per hundred rupees per month.—A. P.

VICEREGAL PARTY FOR MADRAS

NAGPUR, July 26.
His Excellency the Viceroy accompanied by Lady Linlithgow and party arrived here about midday by special train 'en route' to Madras. They were received at the station by His Excellency Mr. J. H. Twynnam, Governor of C. P. and personal staff. The arrival was private. The party then drove to the Government House where they stayed for about an hour after which they proceeded to Madras by special train.—A. P.

Pilot Training For Undergraduates

MADRAS, July 26.
The Recruitment Sub-Committee of the Madras Provincial War Committee at its meeting to-day considered a scheme submitted by Dr. R. J. Dyson for training University Undergraduates as

air pilots on the lines of the University Training Corps and decided to recommend the same for Government's approval and for implementing the scheme at an early date.
The Committee requested the Propaganda Sub-Committee to issue leaflets on the importance of service in the army.—A. P.

India Govt. Purchasing Planes From Britain

SIMLA, July 26.
It is understood that the Government of India are purchasing 28 Tiger moths and four Gipsy engines in England in connection with the latest civil aviation training scheme.—A. P.

Protected Area Under Defence Rules

KARACHI, July 25.
The Karachi airport and air-base have been declared as protected areas under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

War Risk Insurance

KARACHI, July 25.
The Government of India scheme regarding war risk insurance is generally welcomed by the mercantile community here, but modification with regard to premium is urged.—A. P.

Calcutta Turf Club Helps To Purchase 'Spitfire' Flight

CALCUTTA, July 26.
That a sum of Rs. 80,000 should be given to the East India Fund for British War Services was the decision arrived at by the Royal Calcutta Turf Club at an extraordinary general meeting of the members last night. This gift will enable the Fund to purchase another complete flight of "Spitfire" fighter planes which will complete its promise of a squadron of sixteen Spitfire planes.
It will be recalled that the Royal Calcutta Turf Club gave the East India War Funds their first subscription of Rs. 1 lakh.—United Press.

War Effort In Baroda

BARODA, July 26.
Ladies of Baroda are actively assisting in the State's war effort. A ladies' drama is being staged on August 1 at the Palace when His Highness the Maharaja and the Maharani are expected to be present. The proceeds of the performance will go to the State War Fund.—A. P.

N. I. A. WAR GIFT FUND

The National Indian Association War Gift Fund was opened by the President Lady Lumley at an 'At Home' at the P. V. M. Gymkhana on July 3rd, and is to be closed in August, when the money collected will be handed over to the Bombay War Gifts Fund. The amount previously acknowledged is Rs. 1,442. The present total is Rs. 3,022-8-0.
All the members of the Fund who have not yet sent in their contributions are asked to do so as soon as possible to the Hon. Secretaries of the Fund: Mrs. F. S. Talwar, Khan (Tel. No. 35691) Grosvenor House, 20 Mayo Road, or to Mrs. Francis Low (Tel. No. 40562) Malabar Court, Ridge Road. The Secretaries of the Fund appeal most strongly to all members to give their money now to help to keep the horrors of War from the shores of India. This sum of Rs. 3,022-8-0 has come from 146 members. They ask that the other 484 members should send in their contributions as soon as possible.

Tibet Thanks Viceroy

SIMLA, July 26.
H. E. the Viceroy has received messages from His Holiness the Dalai Lama and the Regent of Tibet thanking His Excellency for the message of sympathy sent by him on the occasion of the recent disastrous floods in the Chumbi Valley in Southern Tibet, says a press note.—A. P.

SEND-OFF TO ALWAR FORCES

ALWAR, July 25.
A send-off was given to the "Jey Paltan" when they left for active service yesterday. His Highness, who is at Mt. Abu, sent a personal message, which was read out by the Chief Minister.—A. P.

Send-Off To Jaipur "Guards"

JAIPUR, July 26.
"I feel proud that you have been afforded an opportunity of assisting the British Empire, with whom our destiny is interwoven, in their great mission to secure victory of good over evil," said His Highness the Maharaja of Jaipur addressing a banquet at Ram Bagh Palace last night the officers of the Sawal Man Guards who are leaving Jaipur on Saturday to serve with the British Indian Forces.—A. P.

Viceroy's War Fund Reaches 94 Lakhs

SIMLA, July 26.
Total contributions to His Excellency the Viceroy's War Purposes Fund, according to the fifteenth list of contributions amount to Rs. 94,44,873-4-6.—United Press.

For Indian Civil Aviation Training

SIMLA, July 26.
It is understood that the Government of India are purchasing 28 Tiger moth and four Gipsy engines in England in connection with the latest civil aviation training scheme.—United Press.

No Municipal Civic Guards

CUTTACK, July 26.
It is understood that the Government has taken objection to the Behrampur Municipal Council's proposal to raise a Civic Guard for the town on the ground that such guards should be raised only under the direction of the District Collector.
The Municipal Council had proposed to raise a guard under the direction of its Executive Officer.—A. P.

Emergency Guards.

Mr. N. K. Upadhyaya, Joint Hon. Secretary, Bombay National Guards writes:—

There cannot be two opinions in one matter, namely, that we should strive our best to organise for our internal safety and security, for this does not involve policy or even politics. This question was discussed at a meeting of the managing committee of the Bombay National Guards somewhere in the beginning of June. But at that time the majority of the members due to various considerations were not very optimistic, but later, in the annual training camp of the National Guards, some of the leaders who spoke to the guards, namely, the Hon. Mr. Mangaldas M. Pakvasa, Mr. S. A. Brelvi, and Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit, emphasized this point in their speeches, absolutely unaware of the fact that we had already a discussion in that matter. This came as an answer to those members who were pessimistic and it gave a general stimulus to the move. It was further encouraged by the resolution of the Congress Working Committee in the matter. A subsequent meeting of the National Guards unanimously decided to organise an Emergency Guards for the city of Bombay and a sub-committee was appointed and the necessary funds for the initial expenses were, also placed at the disposal.

In order to give a chance to the enthusiastic young men in the city to organise themselves on a non-political and non-communal platform, the Bombay National Guards has decided to take up this responsible task of organising an Emergency Guards.
The scheme is to organise a non-party and non-communal volunteer corps under an Advisory Board consisting of leading citizens and the work is to be carried out securing the fullest co-operation of all other existing volunteer corps in the city. A meeting of the representatives of the various volunteer corps was convened on the 12th and 17th instant and it was found that their fullest co-operation was at our disposal. We hope the youths of this city will enroll

COMMERCE MEMBER MEETS MILLOWNERS

Talks Centre Round Trade
Agreements, War Risk
Insurance

BOMBAY, Friday.
Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar, Commerce Member to the Government of India, met the Committee of the Millowners' Association, Bombay, this afternoon and heard their representation regarding various matters of commercial interest.

It is understood that discussion ranged over subjects such as war risk insurance, the position arising out of the cutting off of certain sources of supply of dyestuffs and chemicals, freight difficulties, trade mark legislation, the Indo-Burma trade agreement, the Indo-Japanese Trade negotiations, the increasing export of piecegoods from China, problems of trade with Egypt and Australia and workmen's compensation in relation to War casualties.

The Committee are also understood to have made certain suggestions regarding research work in textile.

To Wait On Commerce Member

A deputation of the Association of India Industries will wait upon the Hon. Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar, Commerce Member of the Government of India, to-day (Saturday) at 12-15 p.m. at the New Customs House.

National Service (Skilled Workers') Tribunal

The Bombay National Service Labour Tribunal, established under the new National Service (Technical Personnel) Ordinance, is already at work. Its office is in Vithal Building, near the Reserve Bank. Mint Road, Bombay.

The object of the Ordinance is to intensify India's war effort and it is the task of the Bombay and other Tribunals to ensure that there is an adequate inflow of skilled workers into munitions factories and other essential industries.

Under the Ordinance all technical workers between the ages of 18 and 50, who are Indian British subjects, are liable to be called up at any time.
NO LOSS TO WORKER
Every effort is being made to protect the interests of workers called up and the Tribunals will ensure that their economic position does not suffer. On a worker's release from national service, his former employer has to reinstate him under conditions not less favourable than those which would have been applicable to him had he not been called up.

KHAR VOLUNTEERS' CORPS

A Volunteer Corps, drawn from the citizens of Khar, with an efficient committee, has been formed at Khar, Bombay.
Such a Volunteer Corps has been organized on a non-communal and non-political basis, with the main object of protecting and safeguarding the person and property of the citizens of Khar and to render them services in case of emergency and distress.
Under the auspices of Khar Taluka Congress Committee, Residents' Association, C. K. P. Club and Laxmi Nagar Cooperative Society, a public meeting of the citizens of Khar was held in this connection on Saturday last at Laxmi Nagar Hall. Shri B. G. Kher, ex-Premier of Bombay, presided.

The idea of forming such a Volunteer Corps met with unanimous approval among the Khar Citizens, and to give immediately practical shape to such an organization, the following were elected as Committee members: 1. Shri B. G. Kher; 2. Shri Shantilal Shah; 3. Shri D. N. Wadkekar; 4. Shri Veerbal Mehta; 5. Shri B. R. Dharwadkar; 6. Shri P. J. Tiplar; 7. Shri C. B. Kora; 8. Shri C. C. Marfatia; 9. Prof. V. G. Rao; 10. Shri C. G. Aiyangar; 11. Shri R. M. Bathi; 12. Shri Madhaval Bhatt; 13. Shri S. H. Jadhava and 14. Shri Nanik G. Motwane. Mr. Nanik G. Motwane was elected as the Secretary of the Khar Volunteer Corps.

RURAL MEDICAL RELIEF IN SATARA
The Government of Bombay has sanctioned the opening of five more rural medical relief centres in the Satara district.
The villages Sathav and Ronwell have been selected for Allopathic centres, Borifalla and Dagan-Karaya for Ayurvedic and Kapsliha for Unani.

In large numbers, irrespective of their political creed as there is no political motive behind the move. We also hope the generous public of Bombay will help us in this urgent and noble effort by handsome donations and contributions.
Our Slogan is "Join In Thousands The Emergency Guards To Keep Internal Peace And Security In The City."

THE PLAY IS THE THING—

An absorbing human story
Enacted by accomplished artists
Directed Deftly by SOHRAB MODI
MINERVA'S Social Super

BHAROSA

Social Pukar of 1940
Produced by SOHRAB MODI

Starring:
CHANDRAMOHAN, SARDAR AKHTAR,
MAZHAR KHAN, SHEELA, MAYA DEVI,
ERUCH TARAPORE, NAVAL, GULAB,
MENAKA, ABU BAKER &
GULAM HUSSAIN
Coming soon to your favourite theatre

METRO

DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

2ND WEEK 2ND

At Last! ON THE SCREEN!



EXTRA!
LATEST WAR NEWS IN
INTERNATIONAL MOVIE TONE
NEWS.

TOMORROW MORNING
AT 10 A. M.

Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's
"THE WIZARD OF OZ"
WITH
JUDY GARLAND

6th FAMILY WEEK
now at

ROXY

Daily 4, 7 & 9-45 p.m.
Mat. at 1 on Sat. Sun. &
Holidays.
Special Matinee at 1 p.m.
for LADIES
on Thursday



HINDUSTAN'S SAUBHAGYA

Shobhana Samarth, Prem
Adib, Miss Pradhan &
K. N. Singh

CAPITOL

ON THE STAGE:

Saturday Sun. & Mon.
10 P. M. 6-30 P. M.

Fyzee Rahamin's Play

"DAUGHTER OF IND"

interspersed with music
and dance.

ON THE SCREEN:

Saturday Sun. & Mon.
3-30 & 6 p.m. 3-30 &
10 p.m.

Paramount's

"RULERS OF THE SEA"

WITH
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS, Jr.
Margaret Lockwood,
Will Fyfe.

SUNDAY: 10-30 A. M.
"BORN TO DANCE"
With ELEANOR POWELL.

TRADE AND FINANCE

Money Market

Remains Easy

Brisk Rally In Gilt-Edged Markets

SILVER FIRM BUT GOLD QUIET

Weekly Market Reviews

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, July 26.

GILT-EDGED.

The gilt-edged market ruled easy in the early part of the week with prices fractionally lower than the previous close, investors preferring to wait and see. Later, the market recovered sharply following the publication of the issue of new Defence Bonds. The 3 per cent. 1946 Defence Bonds, which were on offer, upto limited amounts of Rs. 15,000 only to any one individual have now been withdrawn and replaced by the new 3 per cent. 1946 Bonds, which could be bought in unlimited amounts. This announcement had a heartening effect on the market and prices recovered briskly, since it was evident that Government were not raising their borrowing rate over 3 per cent. The maturing 3 per cent. 1944-45 loan, repayment notice in connection with which was given by Government recently, are offered conversion right into new Bonds at par plus interest from the date of surrender to 30th September when they fall due for payment at 5 per cent. The new Bonds are to be kept open for subscription until further notice.

3 1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper, which had declined to Rs. 87-14 mid-week, moved up sharply to Rs. 88-4 at the finish, but 3 1/2 per cent. India Sterling Stock in the London market showed no change at 291-1/2. Other dated bonds also suffered setback earlier in the week, but subsequently recovered and closed steady. 2-3/4 per cent. 1948-52 loan declined to Rs. 94-12, 3 per cent. 1941 bonds to Rs. 100-8 and Rs. 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan to Rs. 95-8, but closed steady at Rs. 95, Rs. 100-14 and Rs. 95-12 respectively. 3 per cent. 1953-55 loan, however, kept gradually moving up, the quotation improving from Rs. 87-14 to Rs. 88-4 at the end. 3 1/2 per cent. 1947-50 loan, after being quoted at par mid-week, closed a fraction steady at Rs. 100-2, whilst 4 per cent. 1943 bonds showed little or no change around Rs. 103-12, 4 per cent. 1950-50 loan was quoted at Rs. 102-2, but sharply recovered and closed at Rs. 103, 5 per cent. 1945-52 (Tax free) loan, which had touched Rs. 107-14 on Tuesday, was in demand at Rs. 109 at the close, whilst 4-1/2 per cent. 1935-60 loan changed hands at Rs. 107-4.

MONEY.

Easy conditions continued to prevail in the short-term money market where day-to-day funds were available between 1/8 and 3/4 per cent. per annum, while 3 to 6 months' money

was placeable at 1-1/2 per cent. per annum.

A Reserve Bank of India statement, made upto 19th July 1940, reveals a decline of Rs. 308.31 lacs in the active note circulation with the further decrease of Rs. 98.10 lacs in the total of notes issued, while Rupee Coin held by the Bank shows a corresponding drop of Rs. 98.12 lacs during the course of the week. In the Banking Department, there is an around increase in Deposits, where Government Deposits are up by Rs. 55.76 lacs, Bankers' Deposits by Rs. 33.48 lacs, and Deposits by Rs. 6.81 lacs. There is a decline of Rs. 10 lacs in the item of 'Loans and Advances' to Government, but Balances held abroad show an increase of Rs. 83.40 lacs.

A statement of the Imperial Bank, compiled upto 19th July 1940, shows an increase of Rs. 161.01 lacs in Deposits and of Rs. 227.57 lacs in Investments, with the Cash holding of the Bank down by Rs. 53.11 lacs. Advances by the Bank during the week show an increase of Rs. 130.15 lacs.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange was dull and quiet throughout the week under review. Sellers of interbank spot T. T. quoted at Rs. 563/64, while there were buyers at Rs. 64. Merchant rates fixed by the Exchange Bank's Association were unchanged as under.

Sellers—T. T. for spot delivery and upto six months Rs. 531/32d.

Buyers—T. T. for spot delivery and upto six months Rs. 6-1/32d.

In the free foreign exchange market in New York, sterling was steady in terms of the dollar. At the opening, the sterling-dollar cross-rate touched 391 cents, with the quotations ranging over 381 cents to the pound sterling during the rest of the week. Three months' forward delivery was, however, not quoted. The Shanghai dollar continued to be stationary at 334d, whilst the yen/sterling rate fluctuated between 15-3/4 and 15-7/8.

The official exchange rates in London were unchanged as under: Sterling-dollar between 402-1/2 and 403-1/2; sterling/Swiss franc between 17-0 and 17-50.

GOLD.

The gold section of the local bullion market remained quiet steady during the period under review. Opening at Rs. 41-12-3, spot gold went up to Rs. 41-14, the highest of the week, on Tuesday, but thereafter it eased off and declined to Rs. 41-10-6 on Thursday, closing at Rs. 41-11-3. Some small

RAW COTTON SITUATION

Steady Flow Of Export

Bombay, July 25.

Messrs. P. Chrysal and Co. have issued the following report:—

No great change has been recorded in American prices during the week. This is hardly surprising as very little has happened which could have influenced the market either way. The position in America is one which we have seen several times before in the last few years. If the market should decline cotton will in all probability again go into a loan, and if it should advance there is an ample supply already in the loan to keep the advance within modest limits.

The outlook for American exports for the coming season is a poor one, but it is possible that the domestic consumption may counter-balance this to some extent. If, as we have hinted recently, all is not so well as usual with the growing crop, it may again be necessary to take the view that the chance of a decline is more remote than the chance of an eventual improvement.

The Bombay market has been a much more interesting one as prices for Broach have fluctuated in the week from Rs. 185 1/4 to Rs. 186 1/4 for July/August and Rs. 205 to Rs. 186 1/4 for April/May. The chief feature has been the constant demand for actual cotton. In spite of the unavoidable difficulties of freight, cotton is being steadily exported and although the stock in Bombay is slightly higher than it was a year ago, it is likely to diminish as the new crop starts to arrive. Out of the total stock it is estimated that 4 lacs are unsold, amongst which must be a considerable amount of inferior cotton. This figure is by no means excessive and we can only repeat that we consider the local position a healthy one. The new crop factor arises to influence the local sentiment on the bullish side once more, they will help to make a sound foundation for the advance. Up to date the momentary has been very satisfactory except for a little shortage in the Mangari districts, while in other parts of the cotton areas a break would now be welcome.

buying on account of the 'special' source was reported during the week. August settlement gold was quoted at level rates with spot, while gold to be delivered during September settlement was quoted at a discount of 3 pence after being on even rates with spot during most part of the week. There was a better demand in gold coin and the price of sovereign improved from Rs. 28-4 to Rs. 28-5-4 mid-week, but again receded to Rs. 28-4 at the close.

The London price of gold remained unchanged at 108 shillings per ounce. Stocks of gold in the market are estimated at about 2,000,000 tolas; arrivals from up-country are estimated to have averaged about 15,000 a day, while the average daily offtake is believed to be 4,000 tolas. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were: Rs. 41-14 and Rs. 41-10-6 for spot and August settlement and Rs. 41-14 and Rs. 41-10-3 for September settlement.

SILVER.

The silver section of the bullion market maintained its steadiness throughout the week under review. Although the price of spot silver went down to Rs. 61-14-8 on Saturday on account of some improvement in the price of silver returned and the price varied within the narrow range of 62-1 and Rs. 62-6 closing term at Rs. 62-3. Ready a premium of eleven-twelfth silver and one-twelfth alloy is to be reduced to one-half silver and one-half alloy.

A communique announcing the decision says:—Though the Government of India has large stocks of silver it is considered necessary in view of the recent rapid absorption of rupee coin for hoarding to conserve silver resources as far as possible.

In view of the increasing simultaneous demands of quarters and half rupees, it is felt that it would be extremely wasteful to turn out large quantities of half rupees of the present fineness of eleven-twelfth silver and one-twelfth alloy.

It has therefore been decided that the fineness of one-half silver and one-half alloy prescribed for four anna pieces in the act passed by the Central Legislature last April should be adopted for eight anna pieces as well.

An ordinance has accordingly been promulgated to amend the Indian Coinage Act for this purpose. New half rupees of the reduced fineness now prescribed will be issued from mints very shortly.

These coins bear the date 1940 and are exactly similar in weight and appearance to the old half rupees but the ring is somewhat sharper. Half rupees of the old fineness will no longer be minted but will continue to be legal tender.—A. P.

Bengal Money-Lenders' Bill Given Assent To

CALCUTTA, July 26.

In the Bengal Council this afternoon, the President, Mr. S. C. Mitra announced that the Governor-General had given his assent to the Bengal Money-lenders (Amendment) Bill, 1939.—A. P.

cent Loan 1945/55 109 2 small lots; 5 per cent Loan 1940/50 109/10

Banks: Reserve Bank 99/8. Coals: Amalgamated 26/10 cts; Bengal 323-8 ex-div; Bhagora 3/14; Central Kurked 120; Jute: Anglo-India 302 ex-div; Birla pref 120; Gouropore 610/8; Hooghly pref 16/12; Howrah 7 per cent pref 154; National 20 small lot ex-div.

Minings: Biera Stone Lime 87; Burma Copper 5/2; Consolidated Tin 2/15; Indian Copper 2/1; Rhodes Copper As. Is. Engineering Companies: Burn and Co ordy 314; Hukumated Steel Defd 1/8; Indian Galvanizing 26 cts; Indian Iron and Steel 26 3/8; Steel Corp ordy 15/7; Pref 102.

Miscellaneous: Alkali and Chemical pref 131; Rawalpindi Electric 21/4; B. I. Corp ordy 4/1; Dunlop Rubber Ord 25/12; Indian Wood Products 24/15; New India Investment 25 dic.; British Burma Petroleum 3/15; Bengal Paper 120; Indian Paper Pulp 130/8 small lots; Titagarh Paper ordy 14/15 ex-div; rights (1st pref); 169 ex-div; Assam Sawa 2/10.—A. P.

Share Market.—Market conditions continued better and fair number of transactions were reported in Jute Preferences, Coals and Miscellaneous Industrials. Government Securities were keeping fairly firm market. The following were the closing quotations:—Govt. Securities: 2 3/4 per cent Loan 1948 82 94/9 small lot; 3 1/2 per cent Govt. Paper 90/2; 4 per cent Loan 1950/70 104 small lot; 3 1/2 per cent Loan 1947/50 101/7; 5 per

SEEING THE WAR THROUGH

Prof. Davar On Interim War-Time Budget

In the course of a statement to the Press on the Interim War-Time Budget of the United Kingdom, Prof. Sohrab R. Davar, M.L.C. says:—

The Budget proposal, as published on Wednesday morning, clearly indicates not only the determination of the Britishers to see the War through at any cost, but also the remarkable tax-paying capacity of the people of the United Kingdom. I have always admired the British Tax-payers for the heavy burden which they bore in the past in various directions without a murmur and with the consolation that this was the price to be paid for Britain's vast Empire as the parent country.

The Income-Tax which at one time was six pence a pound in the early days and then raised to nine pence a pound appear to me in my days as a student in England as being very easy to pay four pence a rupee. The steady rise in this one form of taxation which was introduced originally as a temporary measure is remarkable and to-day we are told that the standard rate is to be increased to eight shillings six pence a pound, which means nearly half of one's income, if we are so fortunate to possess an income on which the maximum rate is to be applied.

There is a surtax in addition chargeable on a slight scale on all income of over two thousand pounds on which the original income-tax has already been paid. This surtax rises upto the peak rate of nine shillings six pence in the pound in respect of incomes of over twenty thousand pounds. The nation that pays all these taxes cheerfully deserves all our praise and admiration, because it knows that this sacrifice is to be made for the safety of its country and home.

Statistics, however, play only a minor part in the Bombay bazaar, but when some fresh factor arises to influence the local sentiment on the bullish side once more, they will help to make a sound foundation for the advance. Up to date the momentary has been very satisfactory except for a little shortage in the Mangari districts, while in other parts of the cotton areas a break would now be welcome.

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An ordinance has accordingly been promulgated to amend the Indian Coinage Act for this purpose. New half rupees of the reduced fineness now prescribed will be issued from mints very shortly.

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These coins bear the date 1940 and are exactly similar in weight and appearance to the old half rupees but the ring is somewhat sharper. Half rupees of the old fineness will no longer be minted but will continue to be legal tender.—A. P.

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KAZI KABIRUDDIN

Z. A. B. writes:

Kazi Kabiruddin whose death has taken place only recently, was a prominent member of the Muslim community of Bombay and it was because of this position that he was associated with the management of some well-known trusts, including the Fatimabai Roney Trust, which he served continuously for a number of years. It was during his trusteeship that a Kokni lady was given a foreign scholarship for the first time. The scheme of this trust contained the word "scholar" and it was felt doubtful whether this word covered ladies as well. The question was officially referred to the High Court, Bombay, and it was fortunate that the reference was decided by the late Mirza Ali Akbar Khan in favour of the Kokni lady. This little incident is a clear proof of the fact that the late Kazi held progressive views about women and worked for their amelioration.

Another proof of the Kazi's progressiveness was furnished when he gave away in marriage one of his daughters to a prominent member of the Sulamani community much against the will of his own kith and kin. There was a regular storm of opposition against him, but he surmounted it bravely like Muhammad Ali Roney who had similarly incurred the wrath of his orthodox community by marrying his daughter to a non-Kokni of Surat. In doing so the Kazi really acted on the principles of Islam which has

unified the whole humanity by rising above the petty considerations of caste, creed and colour.

Kazi Kabiruddin was an educationist and worked for a number of years for the educational advancement of the Mussalmans from the platform of the Muhammadan Educational Conference. His speeches which were always witty and instructive, were always heard with attention.

He was a good scholar of Urdu and from his mastery of the Urdu language one could hardly say that he was a Bombayite. He had studied the Urdu literature well and he also did his best to popularise it both at home and in his community. And it must be said to the credit of the Koknis that they speak better Urdu when compared with the other communities living in Bombay.

The late Kazi always attached a great value to manly sports. He was himself a member of the Islam Gymkhana for a number of years and there he was always a source of inspiration to the young players around him. He possessed a very amiable disposition and every one, high and low, could come and see him without any reserve. Even during his retirement he used to serve the Mussalmans by tendering advice whenever it was sought. He was a friend of the needy in the true sense of the term. He also used to help peoples and institutions with money and his charity knew no bounds.

His death has no doubt created a gap in the Muslim community which it will be hard to fill. May his soul rest in peace!

Dysentery And Malaria Raging In Thana

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, July 25.

The rains have given a timely relief to cultivators. We have had more over 65 inches upto now.

Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Malaria, etc. have been raging in the town. Children especially are the victims. During rainy season wells and tanks get new water from areas very dirty and contaminated. But the municipality will not care to disinfect the water in time!

All nooks and corners of back lanes (leave aside the W. C.s and privies) are foul with rotten stench. The quarters of the poor Harijan employees of the municipality are either in water or have water all around them.

In the municipal meeting the Chairman of the Standing Committee and his party members refused to appoint a Health Officer as being unnecessary! Even a part time appointment was disapproved.

Theft In Gandhi Ashram.

There was a theft in the Gandhi Ashram on Agra Road, Thana. From the rear quarters occupied by Mr. Nalk. Sundry articles and the Singer Sewing Machine of Mrs. Nalk were stolen in the night. The culprit has not yet been traced. Although the Ashram is within municipal limits, the municipality has not made lighting arrangements for the public road in front of the Ashram!

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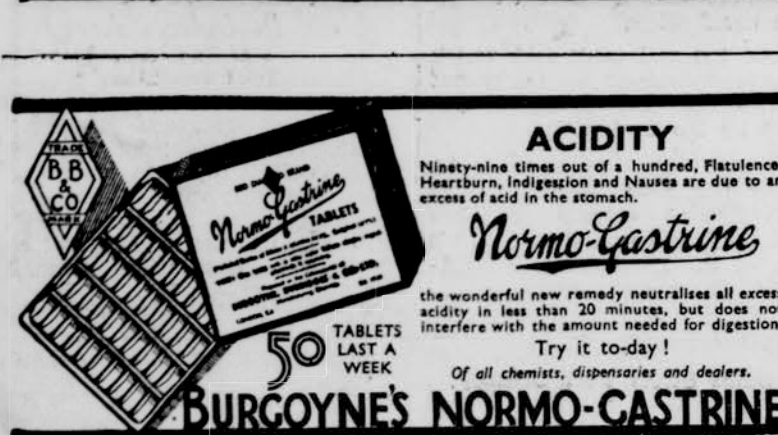
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Congress President Clarifies Position

No Political Differences, But Only Disagreement In Method Of Approach To Non-Violence

POONA, July 26. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, explained at a Press conference after this morning's meeting of the Congress Working Committee, the situation arising out of the Congress Working Committee's Wardha statement and Delhi resolution.

The Congress President was of the emphatic opinion that there was no departure whatever in the present position of the Congress from what it was before the Wardha meeting.

On the question of non-violence, the Maulana was clear that at no stage had the Congress declared that it would pursue the policy of non-violence in the matter of meeting external aggression and internal disorder, for the simple reason that the issue had never arisen before.

He emphasised that in regard to every other aspect of the Congress programme, the Congress still adhered to the policy of non-violence. Even to-day no external situation had actually arisen necessitating such clarification of the Congress attitude, but Mahatma Gandhi felt that the Congress owed it to the country to clarify its position in the matter and the Working Committee had accordingly defined its attitude.

The five members of the Committee, continued the Maulana, who remained neutral, when the Delhi resolution was passed, did so not on political grounds but purely on grounds of principle, as they were one with Mahatma Gandhi.

On the political aspect of the question these five members were in full agreement with the rest of the Committee both in regard to extending co-operation and the formation of a national Government.

Their difference with the rest of the committee on the question of non-violence was one of principle, which as things were to-day did not actually clash with the position taken up by the Working Committee, because external aggression was only a distant contingency.

Answering a further question the Maulana said that the Delhi resolution contained nothing new which had not been in the resolution of the committee passed in September last, except the question of formation of a national Government at the Centre, but this idea was at the root of the demand for independence made by the Congress in that resolution.—A. P.

REINSTATE MAHATMA

AS GENERALISSIMO

CHANDPUR (Bengal), July 24.

Mr. Hardayal Nag, the grand old Congressman of Bengal, has written the following letter to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President:

"My dear Maulana Sahab, Nothing is more painful to me at the present moment, than the breach that has taken place recently between Mahatmaj and the members of the Working Committee. Some attempts were made to deny it, nevertheless it is a settled fact of suicidal brand and anti-disciplinary variety, if it be not unsettled by the forthcoming session of the A. I. C. C. to be held at Poona. It is of suicidal brand, simply because it is sure to culminate into a self-destructive step and it is of anti-disciplinary variety because it undoubtedly adds enormously to the calamitous indiscipline just prevalent among the rank and file of the Indian National Army of Independence. Mahatmaj has been removed from the position of the Generalissimo of the Army without assigning any adequate reason. That is not all. He has been removed from that without appointing any one in his place, presumably none could be found, who could suitably occupy the place. May I ask, is there any one in India, who can suitably replace Ma-

hatma M. K. Gandhi as the Generalissimo of the Indian National Army of Independence?

EFFECT ON MASSES

The deprivation of Gandhi's lead is sure to alienate the mass mind from the Congress. I beg to repeat, without fear of any contradiction, that in India, as at present circumstances, there is none else who can lead her to the goal of complete independence except Mahatma Gandhi.

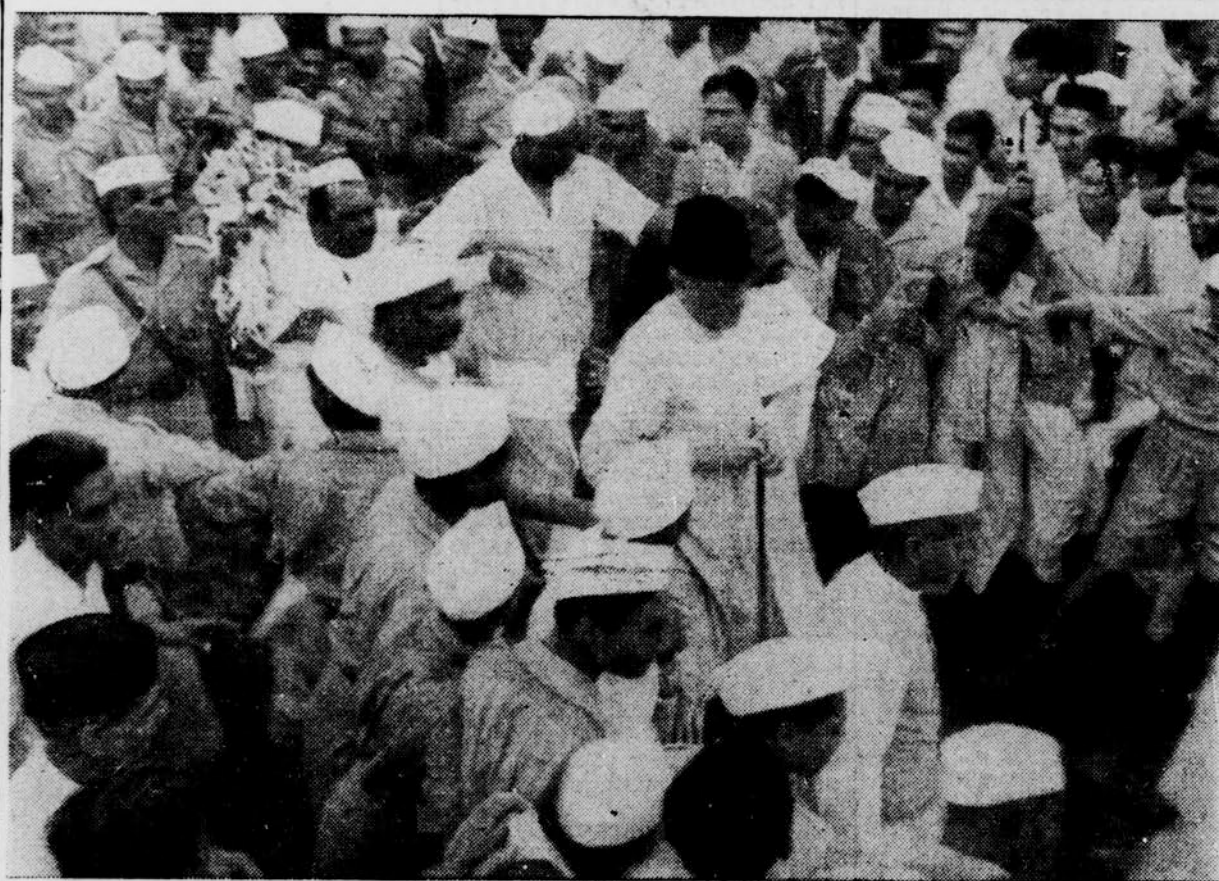
In conclusion, I fervently appeal to the members of the All-India Congress Committee to reconsider the resolution recently passed by the Working Committee at Delhi and to reinstate Mahatma Gandhi in his former position. Finally, Maulana Sahab, I hope and trust that you should be good enough to place this before the members of the All-India Congress Committee assembled at Poona".—United Press.

A. I. C. C. PROGRAMME

POONA, July 26. The "United Press" learns that the Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, will make an opening speech at the A. I. C. C. session to-morrow explaining the implications of the Delhi resolution of the Working Committee. He will also explain the Wardha statement arising from fundamental differences with Gandhi on the issue of non-violence, and the need for defence armies for a free India, as well as the attitude of four members of the Working Committee who remained neutral in Delhi.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, told Pressmen that the Delhi resolution and the Wardha statement would be placed before the A. I. C. C. Another point which will be made perfectly clear relates to volunteers organisation. This will be based purely on the creed of non-violence, and all misunderstandings arising out of the Wardha statement will be sought to be completely removed.

A resolution tabled by the Utkal Congress members asking the A. I. C. C. to endorse Gandhi's stand on non-violence even regarding external defence will also come before the A. I. C. C.—United Press.



Maulana Abul Kalam Azad (centre) President of Indian National Congress, had a hearty reception from the public of Poona on his arrival there on Thursday.

FRONTIER CONGRESSMAN EXPELLED

PESHAWAR, July 25.

The Frontier Provincial Congress Committee has expelled Khan Azad Khan, Chairman of the Marand District Board, from the Congress for a period of three years on charges of indiscipline.

It may be mentioned in this connection that Khan Azad Khan had been ordered by the Frontier Provincial Congress on the recommendation of Dr. Khan Sahib in his report on the working of the Congress Party in local bodies, to resign his office, which he (Khan Azad Khan) refused to do.—United Press.

AKBAR HYDARI FOR BOMBAY

HYDERABAD (Dn.), July 26.

Sir Akbar Hydari left for Bombay last evening. Doctor B. S. Moonje arrived here this morning to open the Hindu Praja Conference to be held here to-day.—A. P.

mental differences with Gandhi on the issue of non-violence, and the need for defence armies for a free India, as well as the attitude of four members of the Working Committee who remained neutral in Delhi.

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863,000 Belgian Refugees In France

BERLIN, July 26. The News Agency estimates that 863,000 Belgian refugees are still in France.—Reuter.

MEXICAN OIL INDUSTRY FACES CRISIS

MEXICO CITY, July 26.

President Cardenas ordered labour union leaders to carry out drastic reorganisation of the Mexican petroleum industry within a week.

A chaotic financial situation has developed in the industry since foreign oil companies were expropriated two years ago.

Experienced observers declare that in reorganising the industry the number of workers must be reduced, wages must be heavily cut and holidays shortened by half. The workers, while expressing willingness to co-operate to save the industry, claim that the present situation is entirely due to incompetent management.—Reuter.

Survivors Of 'Alfa' Arrive In Lisbon

LISBON, July 25.

Twenty-one survivors of the Portuguese steamer "Alfa" which was torpedoed near Brest by German planes have arrived in Lisbon.—Reuter.

TURKISH DEFENCE PREPARATION COST

ANKARA, July 26.

The National Assembly to-day voted new extraordinary credits totalling nearly 13,000,000 sterling for land, air and naval forces and other national defence needs.—Reuter.

Identity Of Ideals And Interests

England Must Use Opportunity To Get India's Co-operation

LONDON, July 26.

The "Manchester Guardian" in a leader says, currents of opinion in India are moving from widely separated points to the same conclusion that Hitlerism is the enemy that India must fight and that India, promised of freedom will join us in the struggle. At no time have we had such an opportunity as this recognition of a common ideal and common interest, now presents.

Mr. Amery's sympathy for Indian aspirations is well-known and one may take for granted his desire to win India as a sincerely both in peace and in this war.

The Government and he will have the support of the country if they make a larger and constructive effort at settlement for which after ten months of war we are still waiting. Government knows that after our many bitter failures in Europe the news that we had won India to our side would strengthen us, depress our enemies and encourages our friends.—Reuter.

League Secretary At Quetta

QUETTA, July 26.

Nawabzada Liaquat-Ali-Khan, General Secretary of the All-India Muslim League who is to preside this evening over the Baluchistan Muslim League Conference in the absence of Mr. Jinnah owing to indisposition, arrived here to-day with some other Muslim leaders.—A. P.

FORMER VICE-CHIEF OF BENGAL P.C.C. ARRESTED

DEFENCE ACT ARRESTS FROM ALL OVER INDIA

CALCUTTA, July 26.

Mr. Basanta Kumar Majumdar, a former Vice-President of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, was arrested to-day by the special branch of the Calcutta police under the Defence of India Rules.

Mr. Majumdar was later placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, who remanded him in custody, fixing the hearing of his case for July 29.—A. P.

Bihar "Forward Bloc" Member Arrested

PATNA, July 26.

Satyanarain Sinha, a member of the Bihar Forward Bloc was arrested here this morning under the Defence of India Act, it is understood, in connection with the distribution of Anti-War leaflets and shouting Anti-War slogans.—A. P.

BURMA EX-MINISTER ARRESTED

RANGOON, July 26.

Doctor Thein Maung, Commerce Minister in the late Ba Maw Ministry, has been arrested on a charge of making a seditious speech.—A. P.

Congress Worker Arrested

DALTONGANJ, July 25.

Mr. Bhagirathi Singh, a prominent aboriginal Congress worker and a member of the District Congress Satyagraha Committee, was arrested under the Defence of India Rules. It is stated that he was enrolling Congress members at a meeting in the interior. His trial will take place on August 2.—United Press.

MOONJE'S TRIBUTE TO NIZAM

HYDERABAD (Dn.), July 26.

Dr. B. S. Moonje who inaugurated the first Hindu Conference in the State to-day paid a tribute to H. E. H. the Nizam who, he said, had realised that people were longing for freedom and had, therefore, announced the introduction of constitutional reforms. Dr. Moonje thought that the reforms were a stepping stone to Responsible Government and had conceded most of their demands for Civil Liberties.

Referring to the term "Muslim State", Dr. Moonje said this could be interpreted in two ways. If it meant that it was a Muslim who founded the State it was correct, but he thought it was as ridiculous to call Hyderabad an Islamic State or Muslim Raj as it was to call British India Christian India.

MOVE TO EXPROPRIATE FRENCH INTERESTS IN RUMANIA?

BUCHAREST, July 26.

Nine French managers and technicians employed in the Rumanian oil industry were arrested by the Rumanian police to-day. All were mentioned in the recent Nazi White Book alleging Allied plot to sabotage Rumanian oil industry.

The Bucharest radio announced that 20 Frenchmen connected with the oil industry have been expelled.

The Ploesti reservoirs of the Austro-Rumanian Company, the biggest oil undertaking in Rumania and the subsidiary Royal Dutch-Shell, control of which was assumed by the Rumanian Oil Commission, is reported to-day to be overflowing.

About 120 rail tank cars which normally would go to Constanza for shipment are being immobilised by the authorities.

The French Ambassador M. Thierry has been re-called and the Rumanian Government has asked for the appointment, in his place, of the Foreign Office Official M. Charneriat.—Reuter.

National Govt. Not Yet!

Union Of Political Parties Must Be Condition Precedent, Says James

MADRAS, July 26.

"The doctrine of 'complete independence' for any country was becoming out of date. 'Complete independence' had not served Holland, or Belgium, or Denmark or Norway well. A greater conception surely is that of a free nation in association with other free nations either through union or through the pooling of resources for defence, currency, trade and foreign policy," observed Mr. F. E. James, M. L. A. (Central) addressing a meeting of Europeans under the auspices of the South Indian Branch of the European Association this evening.

Referring to the political situation, Mr. James, declared that the Congress demand of 'complete independence' and the substitution of the present Viceroy's Executive Council by what is called a 'National Government' was hardly reasonable under the present circumstances. A union of all political parties in the country which should be a condition precedent to the establishment of a National Government was still lacking. Further, the wholesale replacement of the present executive by a new one involved not merely a change in personnel, but a change in constitutional relationship. It would subject the administration to severe strain and shocks, and he did not think that it was advisable at the present moment.

Mr. James at the outset, referring to war efforts said that the machinery for India's war effort was now working at a greatly accelerated pace, though in some directions it was still not working quick enough.—A. P.

Mr. K. C. Neogy has been appointed Political Adviser to Mayurbhanj State with effect from July 6 on termination of his services as Dewan of the State.—United Press.

It was to call British India Christian India.

Dr. Moonje complimented Sir Akbar Hydari and said it was good fortune for Hyderabad that such a responsible and wise statesman was at the helm of the administration. In conclusion, Dr. Moonje advised the Hindus of Hyderabad to bring their grievances to the notice of their ruler in a peaceful manner and he felt sure that they would be redressed.—A. P.

POSITION OF NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT

LONDON, July 25.

Dutch circles in London state that the Netherlands Diplomatic Representatives in American states have been instructed to explain the attitude of the Government towards the proposal to establish a Joint Protectorate over their possessions in the Western Hemisphere.

They express the opinion that the proposal does not apply to the Netherlands since the Netherlands Government, far from being under German influence, are exercising full independent authority over the non-occupied parts of the Kingdom.—Reuter.

Bengal Wants A Permanent Unit In Indian Army

CALCUTTA, July 26.

A non-official resolution, urging the Government of Bengal to move the Government of India to recruit soldiers from among the Bengalis so as to raise a permanent unit with a view to its incorporation into the Indian Army was unanimously carried by the Bengal Legislative Council this afternoon.—A. P.

Exploits Of Charlie Chan

Hollywood Murder

By Alfred Andriola

